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ARMY



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Post-War Program

ARMY INFORMATION SCHOOL

THE Army Information School, a new unit in the Army's educational program, was recently established at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., and began instruction of its first classes on 27 Feb. Brig. Gen. Williston B. Palmer, artillery commander of the VII Corps from Utah Beach to Leipzig, is Commandant. The school is under the supervisory control of Lt. Gen. J. Lawton Collins, Director of Information, War Department.



Brig. Gen. Palmer

Public information about the Army became during the War a subject of primary importance to the Nation. With an Army of over 8,000,000 men, spending unimaginedly enormous sums of money, that public interest in military affairs which the War Department so wistfully longed for in the '20's and '30's became overnight an engrossing concern, passionate and insistent. At the present moment the public is tired of military matters; people would rather think more of personal things and get a few laughs out of life. But the state of the world, as shown daily in the newspapers, as told daily on the airwaves of every nation in the world, makes all matters of National security as important today as they were last year and year before last; the Army is still ten times its prewar size; and its cost is still enormous. The public information activities of the War Department are not among the wartime activities which can be summarily abandoned.

By 1945, the War Department found itself with three important agencies of public information. The first of these was the Bureau of Public Relations, which had grown from the simple press liaison section of prewar days into a comprehensive news, radio, photo, magazine, and news analysis service. The second, the Information and Education Division, had grown up in response to an obvious necessity of keeping the soldier informed of world events and his part in them. Service newspapers, radio services, moving pictures, specially written books on many subjects, were among the means employed to do this. The third important agency was the Legislative and Liaison Division, whose mission it was to assist the Congress, not merely with legislation affecting the War Department, but with the great number of Army problems large and small which each Congressman found flooding in upon him from his constituency.

As the war progressed, it became clear that these three information services, each of which had grown to large importance independently in response to a separate "public demand," were in fact

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Demote Army Officers, Promotions Curtailed

Discontinuance of temporary promotions to the rank of colonel and institution of a system of grade by grade demotions was announced this week by the War Department.

The new system, announced in a directive to all domestic and overseas commanders, marks the beginning of a gradual reduction of temporary ranks; one grade at a time, in an effort to smooth over the transition from the higher temporary grades to the lower permanent grades of officers of the Regular Army, National Guard and Reserves. Otherwise when the war-time authority for temporary ranks expires all officers would be summarily reduced at once.

It is possible to begin the transition at this time because the demobilization program has greatly reduced the requirements for officers, particularly those in the higher grades. The demobilization program has reduced the requirements for officers in the higher grades considerably more rapidly than it has reduced the number of such officers.

Officers of the Regular Army will not be demoted to grades below their permanent grade, neither will officers of the Reserve or National Guard be reduced below the grades they held on 7 Dec. 1941.

In the procedure, officers will be tendered commissions in the new lower grades. A Regular Army officer who declines the new appointment will revert to his permanent grade with the exception of those who have 25 years or more of service. These may request retirement. Those who have 15 to 25 years of Army service who request retirement are not exempted from demotion. Non-Regular Army officers declining the new appointment will be relieved from active duty as surplus without demotion.

Text of Policy

The full text of the War Department message to all commands is as follows:

"1. The purpose of this message is to announce the policy and procedures to be followed in effecting grade readjustment of commissioned officers exclusive of general officers and to announce the discontinuance of officer promotions from the grade of Lieutenant Colonel to Colonel. Since the commencement of demobilization officer requirements by grade, particularly in field grade, have diminished more rapidly than the officer availability by grade from sources consisting of Regular Army officers, civilian component volunteer officers, and civilian component non-volunteer officers with less than 2 years' service. The result is that a general downward officer grade readjustment is necessary. It is not contemplated that any First Lieutenants will be demoted to Second Lieutenants nor will Medical Corps, Dental Corps, Veterinary Corps, and Chaplain Corps Captains be demoted to First Lieutenants even though surpluses may develop in these grades. Officers being processed for separation or on terminal leave are not subject to demotion.

"2. Officers will be selected for a one grade demotion in the order of their current temporary rank commencing with those most junior. Officers demoted will take date of rank in the lower grade as of the date of rank of their original permanent appointment or temporary AUS appointment or temporary AUS, AC appointment in that grade, whichever is earliest provided service has been

(Please turn to Page 969)

CIVIL SERVICE
PAY
HAS INCREASED

33%

PAY OF
COMMISSIONED
PERSONNEL
SIX SERVICES
HAS INCREASED

9%

One of the charts shown to the House Military Committee by Colonel Akers illustrating the failure of Service pay to keep up with current trends.

Naval Air Reserve Program

As the only activity already functioning under post-war Naval Reserve plans, the Naval Air Reserve program is expected to be in full operation by 1 July under a 1947 Naval Reserve budget.

By that time, planners for the aviation program expect to have approximately 1600 planes at 22 Naval Air Reserve stations located throughout the country, from which personnel of the Naval Air Reserve can pursue a peace-time program designed to train them as a reserve force for war.

Plans call for a Naval Air Reserve comparable to that planned for the surface forces. Meanwhile, the air program has been underway since last September. In the period from January-through-March, some 1500 aviators have flown approximately 3600 hours. By July the average monthly flight time will be increased from six to eight hours.

As most of the time spent aloft has been on weekends, it has come to be known as "weekend flying." In addition to this year-round flying in shore-based aircraft, cruises will be taken in company with seagoing officers, and flights will be conducted from carrier decks. Plans for this stage of training, however, await Congressional decision on the size and disposition of the post-war active and reserve fleets. It is pointed out that the Naval Reserve authorization is a separate item on the Navy budget.

Plans for implementing the program are being formed under Rear Admiral Irving M. McQuiston, USNR, who was recently appointed Assistant DCNO for Air for the Reserve program, and will be executed under Rear Admiral Edward C. Ewen, USN, chief of the Naval Air Reserve Training Program.

The Navy's post-war air reserve program is said by Navy leaders to be more advanced at present than a similar project undertaken by the Army Air Forces. It is, in reality, an expansion on extra-large scale of a schedule that existed before World War II. Decision is still pending on the names for the stages of training, but it is generally agreed that the pattern known to the public as the "Ready" reserve will follow the lines of the pre-war "Organized" reserve, and the "Standby" reserve will be similar to the pre-war "Volunteer" reserve.

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Service Leaders Back 20% Increase in Pay

Facts and figures to support their recommendations for a twenty-percent increase in pay and allowances for all Service personnel were presented to a House subcommittee this week by the Secretary of War, the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and a representative of the Joint Pay Board which drafted the original report.

The evidence was heard by a subcommittee of the House Committee on Military Affairs, headed by Representative Robert Sikes, Florida Democrat.

Meanwhile, on the floor of the House Representative Andrew J. May, chairman of the Military Committee, revealed by his questions on the increases in civilian pay that there are probably some differences of opinion in his committee over whether the increases should be on a flat percentage basis all along the line or whether the higher grades should be increased on a diminishing percentage.

The reply Mr. May received, however, was clearly in support of the flat percentage basis for all.

In the debate which took place 3 April Mr. May asked:

"I would like to ask the gentleman this question because the same problem is before my committee now in its relation to the armed forces. There is a proposal pending there to raise their pay straight across the board 20 per cent. That would mean that an enlisted man who is on a \$50 salary would get a \$10 raise. A major general on an \$8000 salary would get a \$1,600 raise. Have you considered a graduation of these raises so as to make it 20 percent on the low grades and 5 percent on the upper grades?"

To this inquiry Representative Randolph replied, "In the earlier payraise bills we have accentuated the increases in the lower brackets. In this instance we felt it was only just to the middle and upper brackets to make the pay increase across the board. We know that the man who receives a larger salary is in most instances a man who has assumed family responsibilities, he is attempting to purchase a home, he has increased costs all along the line, which are not inherent in a single individual receiving perhaps a lower salary in the Government structure."

Mr. Randolph continued, "This bill provides that those in the top positions of the Federal service are to receive the same percentage increase as those in the middle and lower brackets. In my judgment, this is likewise a sound recommendation."

Appearing before the Sikes subcommittee of the House Military Affairs Committee on Monday were Secretary of War Patterson, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Kenney, and Col. Russell F. Akers, jr., of the Personnel Division, War Department General Staff. All gave strong endorsements of the pending proposal and supplied the committee with supporting evidence.

In addressing the committee, Secretary Patterson said:

Sec. Patterson's Address

"Although the cost of living has increased immensely through the years, the remuneration received by officers has not, to any ap-

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USSR and World Peace

New York *Post*—"Russia's actions in Iran cannot be justified. But the Anglo-American tendency to ride over serious international difficulties by simply voting a majority against Russia is constant and dangerous."

Philadelphia *Record*—"We are not concerned with who gets Iranian oil. Or whether Russia wins or not. We are concerned whether the UNO wins—that the world has succeeded in ending empire-building by force of arms."

New York *Herald Tribune*—"The Council's true role is to rebuild, if possible, those bridges between the Russian and Western viewpoints which will permit the settlement of the matter in the light of open discussion, explanation, consultation."

Philadelphia *Inquirer*—"Whatever its implications for the future, the Soviet Union's action in walking out of the United Nations Security Council had one possibly constructive result. It apparently cleared the Council's way to a discussion of the Iranian-Russian case on its merits, without the constant pulling and hauling which the matter had been subjected to by Soviet Ambassador Gromyko."

New York *Times*—"It still must be hoped that the repercussions of Russia's action will produce second thoughts in Moscow which will induce it to honor the Charter it has signed, and bow to majority rule on at least those matters which have been made subject to decision by the majority."

Hartford *Courant*—"We can easily see the shocking contrast between Russia's protestations of peace and its actions in throwing its military weight around."

But do not our talk and our action provide an even more glaring contrast?"

Louisville *Courier-Journal*—"Russia deserves more than ordinary consideration from nations which, for the quarter-century of her great reconstruction, accorded her little help and much coldness and suspicion. But she has had more than ordinary consideration in the past few months, and the time has come when her fellows in the international community must know when and how she intends to function as a member of the team."

Baltimore *Sun*—"Russia does not want war. Russia does want to cooperate with the United Nations. We must take Stalin's words on that. But Russia may have the impression that in the United Nation's Councils she is always likely to be overridden."

Cavalry-Armor Merged, May Unite Artilleries

The historic Cavalry and the comparatively new Armored Force will be merged into a single "Armored Cavalry" arm in recognition of new developments during World War II, Secretary of War Robert P. Patterson revealed at Fort Riley, Kans., 4 April.

Also during the week the Field Artillery Conference at Ft. Sill, Okla., decided to recommend the consolidation of Field, Coast, and Antiaircraft Artillery into one Arm.

Personnel for the new "Armored Cavalry," it was stressed, will not be drawn solely from the cavalry but also from other branches and in the same manner as it was drawn for the armored forces.

This move is in line with recommendations made both by the Patch Board in this country and the General Board in Europe. As reported in the 2 Feb. issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL the General Board recommended that Cavalry Divisions had no place in a small modern Army.

Abolition of the Cavalry as an Arm of the Army will require changes in the National Defense Act, just as will the setting up of a new Arm such as the Armored Force or Armored Cavalry. The latter could be set up temporarily as a war measure but to be permanent would have to be incorporated in basic law. It is assumed these changes in law will be made in the course of the general overhauling of the National Defense Act, preliminary studies for which are now underway in the House Military committee.

At a press conference held before ceremonies to dedicate Patton Hall at the cavalry post, the Secretary of War outlined plans for the consolidation, which he claimed would add to future efficiency of the Army.

At Secretary Patterson's request, General Jacob L. Devers, Commanding General of the Army Ground Forces, told the press conference that while it was planned virtually to eliminate the horse from the Army, it is contemplated that a small detachment of mounted troops will be maintained to give instruction and train small units for use in rough terrain, and that pack animals will be retained for specialized work.

In response to a question, General Devers said the greatest use to which he had put horses in World War II was as pack trains in the Vosges mountains of eastern France. He said that in Italy pack animals had been used and that quite extensive use of animal transport had been resorted to in Burma.

One of the oldest combat arms of the United States Army, the Cavalry was not organized into combat formations of the traditional horse-borne type in this war. The only large Cavalry unit to see service in this war was the 1st Cavalry Division, which fought in the Philippines and occupied Tokyo after the Japanese surrender. This division, however, fought as "dismounted Cavalry," which is similar in employment to Infantry.

Future plans for horse Cavalry, the War Department announced, while indefinite, take into consideration the fact that over certain types of terrain where motorized elements could not travel, and where mobility greater than that of foot troops is required, animals are the only suitable means of transportation.

Several units in World War II were designated as Cavalry, but actually were reconnaissance troops mounted in light tanks, scout cars and half-tracks, similar in their mission to the reconnaissance troops assigned to Infantry divisions. These units proved their value on every battlefield.

Consolidate Artilleries

Consolidation of the three Artilleries—Field, Coast, and Antiaircraft—into one arm in such a manner as to permit coordination of their common interests and overlapping missions and at the same time preserving the distinctive techniques necessary to the fulfillment of the prime missions of the three arms, was an outstanding recommendation of the Field Artillery Conference which closed 30 March at Fort Sill, Okla.

Another recommendation was that an Artillery division be created for each corps so that non-divisional artillery will be consolidated into more permanent organization for administration and parent headquarters. It was recommended that this organization be at the corps level and commanded by a major general.

Under this plan the number of battalions and types would be similar to the number and type that would normally be assigned to a corps. It was mentioned that no artillery fought overseas with parenthood except the units that were in the 13th Field Artillery Brigade in North Africa and Sicily. Maj. Gen. (then Brig. Gen.) John A. Crane, commanded the 13th Field Artillery Brigade which had the 36th, 17th and 178th Field Artillery Regiments before they were broken up into groups and separate battalions.

More Division Artillery

The conclusion was reached that there is a need for more medium battalions in both the Infantry and Armored divisions and recommendation was made that one medium howitzer battalion be added to the division artillery of the Infantry division and one 155mm gun battalion be added to the division artillery of the Armored division.

Six-gun batteries were recommended in most instances. In divisional artillery only the towed 155mm howitzer battery would have four guns. Among non-divisional artillery four-gun batteries were favored for the towed 155mm howitzer and all heavy artillery, both towed and self-propelled. Regardless of the number of guns finally decided upon, it was considered important that the number of batteries in any unit or the overall number of active batteries or battalions in the army, should not be reduced.

It was strongly urged that the present assault signal company not be continued

as a normal means of employing Naval gunfire in amphibious operations, and that the technique of adjusting ground and Naval gunfire by forward observers and air observers in all services be uniform. Prior to the establishment of battalion fire direction centers ashore forward observers would call for direct fire to the designated ships, monitored and supervised by Artillery and Naval liaison officers.

Other Recommendations

A mechanical data computer to improve present methods of fire direction was recommended. Present fire direction center equipment—firing charts, plotting boards, firing tables, etc., should be further improved.

Other recommendations were an additional letter battery to be added to the observation battalion in order to give better coverage of the corps front in combat; an increase in the number of liaison officers and forward observers in order that shortages in the last war will be overcome, and to permit liaison laterally in addition to that already provided for; an ammunition train to be reestablished for the heavy artillery battalions; and that corps artillery counterbattery technique be standardized and taught in our service schools.

Also discussed were questions concerning ammunition types, development of guided missiles, employment of high performance aircraft, the need for a security detachment, control of low-powered radar, passive defense against the posit type fuze, and allied topics.

Committee Membership

The conference was under the supervision of Maj. Gen. Louis E. Hibbs, commandant of the Field Artillery School. Committee chairmen included Brig. Gen. D. O. Hickey, Army Ground Forces, the Committee on New Developments; Brig. Gen. J. F. Brittingham, Artillery Officer of the American Third Army in Europe, the Committee on Technique; Brig. Gen. C. E. Hart, Artillery Officer of the Fourth Army, Committee on Organization; Brig. Gen. W. D. Brown, G-4 Section, Army Ground Forces, Committee on Equipment.

Committee members included: Coordinating Committee: Brig. Gen. E. S. Ott, Colonels D. E. Means, A. E. Kastner, C. deW. W. Lang. Organization Committee: Colonels A. S. Newman, R. Ramey, P. Weyrauch, W. P. Ennis, E. T. Williams, J. F. Ammerman, L. E. Hoska, K. L. Davis, R. R. Hallock, H. T. Brotherton, R. H. Adams and G. M. Jones; Lieutenant Colonels R. F. Cassidy, F. P. Henderson, W. W. Beverly, S. W. Gooch, J. N. Green, H. C. Fowler; and Majors W. R. Orr and J. B. Green.

New Developments Committee: Colonels W. S. Alexander, B. Evans, L. T. Heath, J. P. Eckert, T. B. Hedekin, P. S. Pecca, T. L. Sherburne, W. T. O'Reilly, B. L. Burdick, C. C. Brown, G. M. Taylor, and M. K. Kurtz; Lieutenant Colonels D. T. Slaughter, J. R. Brindley and R. H. Van Volkenburgh, Jr.; Majors R. H. Kabe and H. V. Mackey and Captain D. R. Lyon.

Technique Committee: Brig. Gen. W. N. Gillmore, H. N. Hartness; Colonels R. L. Mable, J. R. Pritchard, T. L. Futch, S. Bacon, W. C. Huggins, J. A. Bemis, W. E. Kraus, R. E. Chandler, H. Cort, H. Y. Grubbs, W. C. Bullock, and J. S. Thelmer and Capt. J. M. Taylor (USN); Lieutenant Colonels P. Clark, D. M. Weller, F. W. Hasselback, J. R. Reeves, L. D. Vieman, J. F. Eason and C. L. Shepard and Major C. A. Ott.

Equipment Committee: Colonels R. J. Meyer, L. V. Hightower, F. J. Brown, G. D. Wahl, W. R. Woodward, N. E. Poinier, and R. R. Mace; Lieutenant Colonels G. G. Gar-ton, A. J. Stuart, R. M. Burnett, E. Y. Burton, L. P. Van Court, J. C. Rosborough, G. M. Brown and Major H. M. Brown and Captains R. W. McCartney and H. F. Goetz.

Unassigned to committees but available as witnesses and voicing opinions in the open discussion of all questions were: Major Generals M. D. Taylor, G. P. Hays, S. LeR. Irwin, and L. E. Hibbs; Brigadier Generals C. G. Helmick and G. O. Kurtz and Colonel C. Brewer.

Military School Program

The War Department General Staff is studying a program for reorganization of the military educational system to provide for a chain of educational institutions from the basic branch schools for new officers up to schools for top level staff officers and commanders of Army units, Secretary of War Patterson has announced.

Officers would progress from one school to a higher one between tours of duty with troops in the field. They also would attend schools of other major commands so that air force, ground force and surface force officers would be thoroughly acquainted with the functions of the other commands, and could coordinate the planning and direction of major operations.

In its present planning stage, consideration is being given to exchange of student officers and instructors with Navy institutions in order to broaden the training in coordinated land, sea and air operations. The plan also calls for the advanced training of qualified National Guard and reserve officers in order to provide a reserve of well trained staff and command officers in event of an emergency.

Education For Navy Commissioning

Hearings were held this week by the House Naval Committee on the legislation calling for the establishing of a Naval and Marine Corps candidate training program supplementary to existing programs.

In the course of the testimony it was brought out that the total officer complement needed by the Navy will be 40,000, divided as follows: Flag officers—400; captains—1,680; commanders—4,400; lieutenants—8,240; ensigns—12,000.

The following facts were stated: The Navy does not expect to continue the rank of commodore; the Navy will adhere to its stand that any plan calling for expansion of the Academy requires the taking over of St. John's College property; the proposed plan would not do away with the method of congressional appointments, Admiral Denfeld stating that the Navy needs some officers who have had four full years at the Naval Academy; a plan to have all naval officers trained and graduated at Annapolis is impossible; there must not be segregation of NROTC students at colleges in peace time as there has been during the war period;—there must be no distinctions among the students at the colleges.

Mail Speeded to Korea

Seoul, Korea—Air mail now has number one priority on planes to and from the United States and from now on there should be a definite improvement in the receipt of letters from home by GI's stationed in Korea, Maj. L. M. Burgess, postal officer for XXIV Corps, has announced.

Advertisers in the Army and Navy Journal support the Armed Forces and are familiar with their requirements.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Composition and duties of Office of Naval Research?

Decision on higher pay for command above that relative to grade?

Several States ask revision of National Guard allotments?

Schooling and specialist duties open to Naval officers?

War Department's section-by-section analysis of forced retirement bill?

If not, you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this data from any other source.

Closer Liaison Between Industry and Armed Forces Urged

A plea for continuing into the post-war years the close liaison between the armed services and industry, voiced this week by Mr. Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., chairman of the Board of General Motors Corporation and chairman of its policy committee, met with prompt approval by leaders in Congress and in the Armed Forces.

"If the peace is to remain won," Mr. Sloan said in a report to GMC stockholders, "there must be continuing close liaison between the armed services and industry."

"The objective," Mr. Sloan said, "is to keep military people in touch with the latest industrial techniques and to keep industrial people informed of the technical needs of the armed services. This will become progressively more and more important as science assumes an increasingly greater role in military requirements."

Congressmen Approve

Commenting on this, Representative May, chairman of the House Military Committee, said, "I agree with his statement. There must be industrial mobilization as well as military mobilization."

Senator Thomas, whose Senate Military Committee is preparing a bill for post-war military organization, commented that "Mr. Sloan will be pleased when he learns what the proposed merger bill contains along that line. No institution of the Government can very well go along alone. Civilians are more in number than the Army or any other group; so in an emergency when we want something done we go to a big man in a civilian corporation."

Likewise, Representative Vinson, chairman of the House Naval Committee, agreed that "it is a good idea. Representative Brooks of the House Military Committee declared, 'I agree with his statement,' while Senator Revercomb, member of the Senate Military Committee asserted, 'His idea is a must.'"

Expressing an Army view, Maj. Gen. T. B. Larkin, The Quartermaster General, declared that "There is no question in my mind but that liaison with industry must be maintained. During the war we were able to take top people from industry, for example for our research and development, which we could not ordinarily get in time of peace. We plan to work as close as we can with industry and will be greatly dependent on them."

Naval View

In the Navy Rear Adm. Malcolm F. Schoeffel, USN, Deputy Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, in a statement to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL agreed "wholeheartedly with Mr. Sloan's plea for continued close cooperation between the Armed Services and industry as a means of assuring our hard-won victory and of maintaining peace."

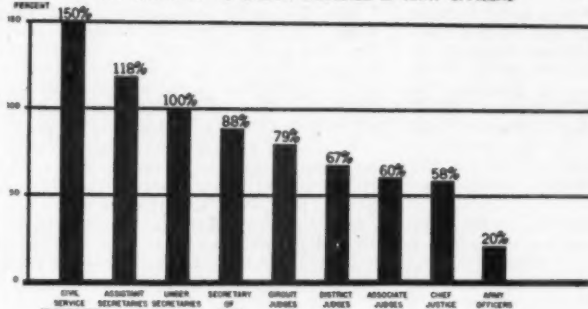
Maj. Gen. Alden H. Waitt, USA, Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, said, "I consider the matter of first and vital importance. The most important job I have is to accomplish a complete integration with industry and I heartily endorse Mr. Sloan's statement."

Rear Adm. W. J. Carter, (SC), USN, Chief of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, pointed out that it was to achieve a closer liaison that the Navy Industrial Association has been formed. Such a movement, he said, has the unqualified support of Secretary Forrester.

Maj. Gen. H. C. Ingles, USA, Chief Signal Officer of the Army, asserted, "I regard the continuance of the intimate liaison between industry and the Armed Forces that existed during the war as one of our greatest potentials for national preparedness."

"The liaison and cooperation that existed between the Army Signal Corps and the communication companies, both the operating companies and the communications equipment manufacturing industry, was excellent. During the war this splendid cooperation was very easy to maintain as the Army Signal Corps and the Navy were the major customers of the industry. As we enter a peacetime period, this condition will change and the Armed Forces will be procuring a relatively small amount of service and equipment from the industry. Consequently, unless an effort is made on both sides to maintain the splendid liaison and cooperation that existed during the war, it is certain to die. This would be most unfortunate

PERCENTAGE SALARY INCREASES OF SELECTED GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS DURING THE PERIOD 1908 - 1946 AS COMPARED TO SALARY INCREASE OF ARMY OFFICERS



Service Pay Raise (Continued from first page)

preciable degree, kept pace with these advancements. There is a genuine need for the recommended increase in officers' pay and allowances to compensate partially for the advancement in living costs. Furthermore, to maintain an Army capable of insuring the defense of this nation, it is imperative that its leaders be obtained from among able young men of broad vision. The best qualified men of our country must be induced to seek the Army as a career. It will be impossible for the military service to procure or retain the more outstanding men who are competent to assume positions of great responsibility unless they are compensated on a basis similar to that provided for responsible civilian positions.

"The recommended increase in pay and allowances for enlisted men and officers is not intended to correct any alleged inequities or discriminations which may exist under the Pay Readjustment Act. It is proposed solely to alleviate an undesirable situation which has been made more acute by the recent rise in living costs and civilian scales of pay. Until such time as our postwar military and naval requirements are more clearly determined, I believe that no attempt should be made to revise the basic pay structure of the armed forces as between the various grades and ranks.

"After carefully considering the basis for flying, parachute, glider, and submarine pay, I am of the firm opinion that no changes should be made in the increases which are presently allowed for such service. There are many reasons in support of extra payment for performance of hazardous duty. If this country is to maintain its present lead in these fields, the incentive of extra pay must continue to be offered for personnel to assume the inherent risks involved.

"In this modern age it is often necessary

as industry, both operating and manufacturing, is, in my opinion, the greatest potential strength in the country for national defense.

"It is well worthwhile for both the Armed Forces and industry to expend effort and money in maintaining this cooperation."

Text of Recommendation

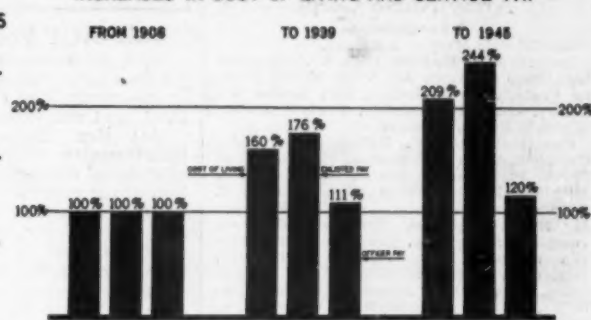
Mr. Sloan's recommendation came in that portion of his report headed "A Lesson of the War," which reads as follows:

"World War II demonstrated again that a democratic, peace-loving nation depends ultimately for its security on civilian sources—both for military personnel and for weapons to arm them. The latter fact reemphasizes the vital importance in peacetime of a continuing liaison between industrial and military technicians.

"Compared with the Axis powers, the United States prior to 1940 had but a small regular fighting force. It was a nucleus of strength, a cadre whose professional excellence has since been demonstrated, but of itself inadequate for total war. Within a brief period of three years this fighting force was built up to approximately 12,000,000 well trained men and women, supported by the greatest wartime industrial production the world has ever seen. Next to the courage and battle performance of our fighting men, the production achievement of American industry stands out as a significant contribution to the victory. The importance of this contribution has been proclaimed repeatedly by United Nations leaders. It was recognized by our enemies long before their surrender.

"Neither the military nor the industrial contribution was a miracle—the potential for both existed prewar. It was inherent in the social and economic way of life which had grown up in America over a long period of years—a way of life which encouraged individual initiative and developed skills and abilities readily adaptable to fighting and producing for victory.

INCREASES IN COST OF LIVING AND SERVICE PAY



Charts presented to the House Military Committee by Colonel Akers of G-1, War Department.

to require non-flying personnel to travel by military aircraft when on official business. These personnel are not eligible to receive any additional compensation for this hazard. It is believed to be just and equitable for the Government to provide a gratuity of \$10,000 for the dependents of non-flying personnel who die as a result of military aircraft accidents.

"I feel that the provisions of the joint recommendations are reasonable and justifiable, and the enactment of the measure under consideration would greatly assist the armed forces to retain and procure qualified personnel."

Flight Pay

Referring to the payment of \$10,000 to the next of kin of non-flight personnel who are killed while flying under orders, Representative Kilday asked, "Is flying hazardous in peacetime?", to which Secretary Patterson replied, "Yes, with the new types of planes."

Representative Kilday wanted to know, "Why increase the pay of a private by \$120 a year and that of a General \$1,000?"

In reply Mr. Patterson said that our "Generals are not paid well by comparison with foreign generals."

When the subject of flight pay was referred to by members of the committee, Secretary Patterson said that the final view of the Secretaries of War and Navy was that all officers assigned to flight duty should get the amount now provided by law and should not be limited to the amounts received by lieutenant commanders and majors. Limiting would discourage officers from remaining in the service; they could get higher pay in civilian life, he said.

Representative Martin asked, "Is the

purpose of the increase to compensate for hazard or an inducement to remain in the service?"

Mr. Patterson said, "It is compensation."

Representative Harness asked, "Are not infantrymen engaged in hazardous work in peacetime—in handling and using new types of ammunition and equipment?"

The Secretary replied, "That could be argued."

Representative Brooks wanted to know if it "would be better to lift the pay still higher and then adjust it in accord with economic conditions in civilian life."

Mr. Patterson replied, "No—make the 20 per cent permanent."

Representative May asked, "What is your opinion of Chairman Vinson's bill which would provide \$100 per month for overseas service? Would that solve the pay problem?"

Mr. Patterson said, "It would be impossible to administer the provisions of that bill. It provides for too much distinction; there should be no distinction between domestic and overseas service other than the present added pay for foreign service."

Kenney Testifies

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Kenney followed the arguments used by Secretary Patterson. He stated that the increase in pay is meant to be an incentive rather than a relief.

Concerning flight pay, Mr. Kenney said the President now has discretion in cutting off flight pay. (Section 10 of the National Defense Act).

(Please turn to Back Page)

"The ability of American industry to produce the highly technical weapons required for modern warfare was based on those organizational, managerial and technical skills which had been developed under the constant pressure of commercial competition. These skills were derived from the constant striving of business concerns—both large and small—to produce better products at lower cost. In peace they gave this country the highest standard of living in the world and in war they provided the production know-how necessary to meet a national emergency.

Coordination

"Over the years industry had developed a high degree of coordination within the economic life of the nation. It had learned to make efficient use of plants, machines and raw materials. It had learned the complicated technique of coordinating from many sources the flow of supplies essential to quantity production. Most important of all, it had learned how to translate technological developments into useful products.

"This peacetime experience was basic to industry's war contribution. But it might have been capitalized upon even more effectively in the early planning phases of the war production program, had public interest in military preparedness been more acute before the war. Also, there was relatively little organized liaison between industry and our armed forces in peacetime. The technical staffs of industry were little acquainted with military equipment. Many war products that were to be needed in great quantities and in record time had not been designed for manufacture on a mass production basis. All this because prewar our military leaders were not given the means to undertake a program of the necessary magnitude. The cost of the war, in human life and also in material values, might have been importantly reduced and the war shortened, if we had been better prepared.

"All through the war the ability of industry to meet the exacting requirements of the armed services was demonstrated again and again. Through the cooperation of military

and industrial technicians continuing progress was made in both quantity production and the technical improvement of complicated weapons. This involved progress in three fields: (1) continuous changes in design to facilitate production, reduce man-hours, save materials and lower costs; (2) continuous advance in technological standards to improve quantity and quality of combat equipment; and (3) development of new military implements. The final result of this progress—arising out of close military-industry liaison—is a matter of record.

Post-war Interest

"Following a war, public interest in war problems diminishes. Demand for civilian goods and services tends to absorb all the efforts of industry. The psychological drive present in wartime disappears. Public appreciation of military needs approaches the vanishing point. It is essential, of course, for industry to turn now to its important peacetime tasks. Yet, if the peace is to remain won, there must be continuing close liaison between the armed services and industry in the years ahead.

"The objective is to keep military people in touch with the latest industrial techniques and to keep industrial people informed of the technical needs of the armed services. This will become progressively more and more important as science assumes an increasingly greater role in military requirements. It calls for continuing application of the day-to-day developments of science and industry to the improvement of war material and of methods of manufacture, so that American industry shall be ever ready to set in motion quickly, if needed, its vast powers of mass production.

"The purpose of this discussion is simply to make what is hoped may be some contribution to a more constructive approach to an important postwar problem and also to place on record the fact that General Motors stands ready to do its part in support of any constructive and equitable plan of action that contemplates maintaining in peace as well as in war a high technical standard of defense equipment."

Army Nurse Corps

Promotions

Lt. Colonel: Mary C. Bateman.
Majors: Mary M. Allan, Olga Marie Edgington, Grace Elizabeth Alt, Velda Miller, Juanita Costa, Alice R. Dalton, Zita Louise McClosky, Grace E. McCulley, Frances Ewing Gertrude Evelyn Premeau.

Captains: Agnes C. Malone, Helen Bales Campbell, Helen F. Sebastian, Virginia Eileen Flynn, Josephine Rita Iorio, Irene Elizabeth Micklick, Phoebe Madge Paul, Kathryn C. Quinn, Grace Veronica Connolly, Florynce M. Houle, Elizabeth Frances McDonnell, Josephine B. Rosicky, Helen A. Stack, Kathryn Williams Davis, Marion L. Robbins, Marian N. Boggs, Elizabeth Anne Wright, Helen King, Gladys Adelaide Thayer, Elizabeth A. Murphy, Doris Marie Quinn, Mary Celestine Axmann, Ethel B. Colahan, Elsie R. McGinness, Virginia P. Hayenga, Mildred G. Parish, Gertrude E. Wuerdinger, Dorothy B. Fels.

Retirements for February

*E. L. Most
*Hilda E. Raffensperger
*Anna J. Crowley
*Ella Huey
*Josephine Motl
M. J. M. Brewer
Grace N. Boy
*D. A. Ward
Jessie Austine
Mary R. Barli
Mildred A. Bohrer
Vernie Braselton
Mildred A. Bretney
Irene M. Brown
*Mildred Bruder
Myra Burris
H. E. Chartrand
Cathryn F. Clark
Julia DeBarry
S. C. Dougherty
Martha M. Dressel
Alice H. Durant
Sylvia Dvojacky
Margaret F. Emery
Thelma H. English
Letha M. Fattie
Pauline Forbes
Merla M. Frank
Marcia L. Cates
*J. P. Goodwin
Phyllis P. Grover
Lillian W. Harrod
K. L. Higginbotham

* Regular Army.

UNITED STATES ARMY

ASF-AGF Food Conference

An Army Service Forces-Army Ground Forces-food conference opened this week at the Army War College, Washington, D. C., and will extend through 30 April. Maj. Gen. Thomas B. Larkin, The Quartermaster General, welcomed the 75 officers and former officers who are members of the conference. Arrangements for the meeting were made by the Military Planning Division, Office of the Quartermaster General.

Calling upon the conference to see that food not only reaches the troops but is properly prepared for them, General Jacob L. Devers, commanding general of the Army Ground Forces, stressed the need for management and organization in the kitchen.

What combat troops liked or disliked about rations served them at the front will be revealed to the conference when tabulation of a survey, in which five teams visited 24 Army camps, is completed. Questions on how much of the items in the "C" ration were eaten, whether the ration contains too little or too much, use of the mess kit, post exchange items available at the front, form of tobacco preferred and use of stoves under combat conditions are contained in the questionnaire.

Meanwhile preparations are going forward to have a combat team at Camp Carson, Colo., test a new combat "E" ration.

Speakers during the first week's session included: Lt. Col. W. H. McLean, wartime chief of the Research and Development Branch, OQMG, Col. Rohland A. Isker, QMC; Brig. Gen. George A. Horka, QMC; Col. J. B. Youmans, MC, and Col. J. B. Crawford, WDGS, Operations Division.

Colonel James C. Longino is general chairman of the conference. He is being assisted by Col. Arthur C. Bass, vice general chairman; James W. Boyer, Jr., of the Research and Development Branch, Office of the Quartermaster General, executive officer and chairman of the steering committee; and Capt. W. F. Harrington, vice chairman of the steering committee.

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Army Involuntary Retirement Bill

The Maybank sub-committee of the Senate Military Committee renewed hearings this week on S. 1974, the legislation that provides for the involuntary retirement of Regular Army officers and for retirement benefits for Regular National Guard, and Reserve officers.

Witnesses before the committee were Maj. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, of the National Guard Association of the United States, Brig. Gen. E. A. Evans, Secretary of the Reserve Officers Association of the United States, and Maj. Gen. Ellard A. Walsh, President of the National Guard Association.

All three witnesses expressed their organizations as opposed to section 203 of the bill—the section that contains the provisions for the retirement and pay of officers of the National Guard and of the Reserves. Under that section "each commissioned officer of the AUS, other than of the Regular Army," who has completed an aggregate of 15 or more years of active Federal service in the armed forces at least half of which has been active Federal commissioned service, and each warrant officer and flight officer of the AUS who has completed an aggregate of 15 or more years of active Federal service in the armed forces may upon application, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, be granted retirement pay at the same rates prescribed for commissioned officers and warrant officers of the Regular Army of like grade and length of service.

Claiming that the present bill would affect only six National Guard officers, General Reckord suggested that section 203 be amended to provide that when National Guard or Reserve officers reach the age of 60, if they have had at least 20 years' service, two of which have been active service, they shall be retired with 2 per cent per year, not over 30, of the pay of their grade. According to the witness, this change in the bill would affect only one officer at the present time.

The representatives of the National Guard and Reserve Officers urged that such a revision of the bill is imperative to provide an incentive for officers to retain commissions in "those organizations which are dedicated to national defense."

Hearings on the proposed legislation are to be continued after the witnesses at this week's hearing have submitted to the Secretary of War and the Chief of Staff a memorandum requested by them for consideration as to the amendatory proposal of the organizations.

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Requested Reduction of NCO's

Army officers who have requested examination by a board of officers of non-commissioned officers under their command on charges of misconduct or inefficiency with a view to termination of the NCO's appointment, may, if the board finds such reduction is not justified, be themselves transferred to another unit.

Either the noncommissioned officer in question or his immediate commanding officer, with whom the complaint originated, will be transferred according to a new authorization in Change 1, AR 615-5, issued 22 March.

Charge for U. S. Cars

Inasmuch as European nations are charging the U. S. forces freight rates for the transportation of military supplies, the U. S. has now begun to charge them \$2 a day for the use of each of the 43,000 railroad cars and 1,500 locomotives belonging to us but being used by the foreign countries.

Seventh Army Inactivated

Heidelberg, Germany—After a long and colorful career culminating in the distinction of being the oldest combat army in the European Theater, the Seventh United States Army was formally inactivated here 30 March on orders from United States Forces, European Theater.

Lt. Gen. Geoffrey Keyes, Seventh Army's last commanding general, presided at the inactivation ceremony. Maj. Gen. Harold R. Bull, C/S USFET, representing General Joseph T. McNarney, American Theater Commander, and Lt. Gen. Lucian K. Truscott, Third Army commander, spoke briefly at the ceremonies, which were broadcast in the United States over a coast-to-coast network of the National Broadcasting Company. Third Army, with headquarters in Heidelberg, will carry on occupation duties for the U. S. Zone.

WAC Director to New Job

Lt. Col. Mary A. Hallaren, WAC staff director in the European Theater, has been selected by the Theater Commander to be chief of Civilian Employee Relations Section, Civilian Personnel Branch, G-1, it was announced by Headquarters, U. S. Forces, European Theater. Maj. Frances S. Cornick, WAC deputy staff director succeeds Colonel Hallaren.

Congratulates Oldest Unit

The oldest Army unit still on active status, the 5th Field Artillery Battalion, marked the 170th anniversary of its founding 1 March. Maj. Gen. Clift Andrus, commanding general of the First Infantry Division, in a congratulatory message said:

"The accomplishments of your unit during its historical career, the oldest unit of our Army still on active status, speak for themselves and will constitute a lasting source of pride to the men who made them possible."

New PX Cigarette Prices

Army Exchange Service Officials at Hq., U. S. Forces, European Theater, have announced the following new selling price for all brands of cigarettes:

70 pennings a package in Germany or Austria
8½ Francs in France
3 Francs in Belgium
20 Dutch cents
4 pence sterling in England

"Tighten-the-Belt Gardens" will be springing up in Army camps all over the world where soil conditions are favorable as the result of a directive issued to all commanders by the Army.

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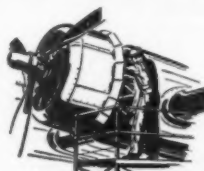
Here are the things you want in a GOOD JOB

If you sat down and made a list of all the advantages you'd like to find in a job, you'd wind up with something very close to what the Regular Army offers you right now. If you've never thought of an Army job that way, check over these points:



1. GOOD PAY

Most of your Army pay is clear savings. Food, shelter, clothes, medical and dental care are all provided. Insurance, amusements and other incidentals cost far less. You're way ahead of the average civilian.



2. TRAINING

It takes first-class technical training to handle the Army's modern equipment. That's why you get thorough instruction in one or more of 200 skills. The best trade schools in the world fit you for a future career.



3. TRAVEL

If you join for 3 years you can choose not only the overseas theater to which you wish to go, but also your arm or branch of service.



4. STEADY WORK

There's no uncertainty about your Army job. No lay-offs. You work eleven months a year and get twelve months' pay, with a 30-day paid vacation every year.



5. ADVANCEMENT

The new Army needs a high percentage of technical experts. If you have the ability, you can earn quick promotion to higher grades, with more pay. And there's always an opportunity for qualified men to become candidates for officers' training.



6. CARE OF DEPENDENTS

The Army pays liberal family allowances for dependents of men who enlist before July 1, 1946. Army service need not interfere with a happy married life.



7. THE FUTURE

Every young man who joins the Army before October 6, 1946, is entitled, under the GI Bill of Rights, to further education after discharge. After a 3-year enlistment, for example, you can have a full course in college, trade or business school, with tuition up to \$500 per ordinary school year paid by the Government, as well as \$65 a month for living expenses — \$90 a month if you have dependents.



8. SECURITY

If you choose to stay in the Army, you can retire at half pay for the rest of your life after 20 years' service, and so on up to three-quarters pay after 30 years' service. As a civilian you would have to pay \$84 a month for annuities to provide such a retirement fund.



9. START NOW

You can take this job immediately if you are 18 to 34 years of age (17 with parents' consent), and physically and mentally fit. Enlistments may be for 1½, 2 or 3 years. Find out more about one of the world's best jobs from your nearest U. S. Army Recruiting Station today!

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| or First Sergeant | \$138.00 | \$89.70 | \$155.25 |
| Technical Sergeant | 114.00 | 74.10 | 128.25 |
| Staff Sergeant . . . | 96.00 | 62.40 | 108.00 |
| Sergeant | 78.00 | 50.70 | 87.75 |
| Corporal | 66.00 | 42.90 | 74.25 |
| Private First Class . | 54.00 | 35.10 | 60.75 |
| Private | 50.00 | 32.50 | 56.25 |

(a)—Plus 20% Increase for Service Overseas.
(b)—Plus 50% if Member of Flying Crews.
(c)—Plus 5% Increase in Pay for Each 3 Years of Service.

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April 6, 1946

Gas Turbine Propulsion

The Navy announced this week a previously secret gas turbine development program designed to ultimately provide Naval ships with a new source of propulsion power that would greatly increase their cruising range.

Vice Adm. Earle W. Mills, USN, Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Ships, made the announcement following a press demonstration 29 March, of an experimental gas turbine model which has been under test at the Naval Engineering Experiment Station, Annapolis, Md., for the last two years.

Vice Admiral Mills, who represented Vice Admiral E. L. Cochrane, USN, Chief of the Bureau of Ships, at the demonstration, said:

"For the past five years the Navy has been in the midst of a development program which will ultimately provide the Navy with a new source of ship propulsion power. Since 1941 the Navy has been developing the gas turbine in cooperation with many commercial firms. We let our first contract to the Allis-Chalmers Company of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, for the experimental gas turbine model which has been under test for the past two years.

"This previously secret gas turbine unit has been operating at 1350 degrees Fahrenheit, the highest temperature yet sustained for long periods of time.

"The gas turbine, which operates much the same as a steam turbine, except that it uses hot air instead of steam to spin the turbine blades, has many advantages over the steam turbine," Lieutenant Commander Knottcamp declared. "The gas turbine does away with the necessity of installing boilers, condensers, and complicated steam lines in ships, and the gas turbine cycle can be operated at much higher temperatures than the practical limitation of 850 degree Fahrenheit now present in steam turbine construction for shipboard use.

"This means that gas turbines can be designed to weigh less, occupy less space, or maintain higher thermal efficiency than the steam turbine—thus greatly increasing the cruising range of Navy ships."

Post-War Navy Personnel

A Congressional deadlock on post-war Naval personnel strength was created this week with passage for the second time of a House-sponsored bill that has previously been shelved in the Senate on the advice of the President.

The House action sends to conference a bill that would authorize a permanent peace-time force of 500,000 in the Navy and 100,000 in the Marine Corps. At the same time, in substituting its own bill under the Senate title S. 1907, the House rejected an "Interim" measure that was passed by the Senate last month when it set aside the original House bill.

The Navy was thus placed in a controversy on post-war strength second only to current budget discussions. The Senate bill, passed under the title S. 1907, providing for 23,760 Navy line officers and 5,552 Marine Corps officers, was evolved by the Senate Naval Affairs committee following a White House conference with President Truman, whose views are expressed in the bill.

In disapproving the Senate's "Interim" bill, the House accepted the unanimous

U. S. NAVY & MARINE CORPS

opinion of Chairman Carl Vinson's Naval Affairs committee that it is inadequate. The author of the House bill, originally passed as H. R. 4421, Representative Ed. V. Izac of California, explained the provisions of his measure and the need for it.

Representative Izac pointed out that the pre-war Navy consisted of a 232,000-man maximum, with an allowance of officers of 5½ per cent of that figure. The House bill would effect the following changes:

1. Increase the permanent authorized enlisted strength of the Regular Navy to 500,000;
2. Increase the permanent authorized enlisted strength of the Regular Marine Corps to 100,000.
3. Increase the permanent authorized line officer strength of the Regular Navy from 5½ to 8 per cent (40,000) of the authorized enlisted strength.
4. Authorize the President to appoint reserve officers to commissions in the Regular Navy and Marine Corps at the highest rank held during the war.

New Marine Corps Uniform

A new service-green uniform will be adopted by the Marine Corps sometime in September with battle jackets, trousers with hip-pockets, and a new barracks cap.

The new uniform, which has been in production for several weeks, will replace present-day green blouse and hip-pocketless green trousers for enlisted men. Stocks of present style uniforms will be fully utilized, principally as issue to overseas units, and civilian production will not be lessened by Marine Corps contracts.

Insignia of rank will be the only mark on the new green uniform to distinguish officers from enlisted men, and the traditional red piping will continue to distinguish the blue uniforms worn by enlisted men. New regulation blues made their initial appearance with the Marine Guard which is currently guarding the UNO Security Council meetings at Hunter College in New York City.

The green battle jacket, which will replace the blouse, is cut full in the chest and will fit snugly around the waist. The trousers will be cut in such a way to allow more freedom in the knee and thigh, and will include hip pockets which are now lacking in the clothing of enlisted men, an official announcement said.

The Marine Corps barracks cap will be revised to include a wide flat grommet, a higher and straighter peak, and a bill made of shell cordovan leather.

On the dress blues, four pockets such as were formerly only on officers' coats will be added to the tunic along with hip pockets in the trousers. The addition of the pockets on the tunic is said to serve two purposes—adding to the general overall appearance and providing the possibility of better tailoring.

Waves Asked To Extend

Enlisted Waves may ask to be retained on active duty until 1 July 1947, under a new Navy Department directive that allows retention beyond the former time limit of 1 September 1946 for necessary personnel of the Women's Reserve.



This U. S. Marine Corps Sergeant wears the new service-green uniform with battle jacket and hip-pockets. It is to be put in use in September.

Navy Budget

Expectation of a 1947 budget containing cuts below the Navy's requested figure was evidenced this week in an announcement that 10 warships previously slated for the mothball fleet will be scrapped.

This announcement was made by the Navy Department even though no report has yet been made public by the House appropriations subcommittee, headed by Representative Harry R. Sheppard of California, which was expected to complete its list of witnesses this week and combine its opinions into a recommendation on the Navy's financial needs.

A revised figure of \$5,106,630,000 is talked about occasionally as the Navy's compromise proposal, but whatever the final compromise figure may be, it is generally agreed that the Navy will not be granted the \$6,325,000,000 originally requested, nor will it be restricted to the \$4,224,000,000 as proposed by the Budget Bureau.

The Navy, however, is prepared to reduce its post-war fleet plans proportionately to budget allowances, while continuing to maintain a fighting force as

up-to-date as possible. Slated for scrapping are two old battleships, the Idaho and New Mexico, and eight cruisers. The cruisers are four heavies—Nashville, Phoenix, Boise, and St. Louis—and four light—Chester, Augusta, Louisville, and Portland.

Most of the cruisers are sister-ships of those sunk during the war. The St. Louis is sister-ship of the Helena and the last of her class. The Portland is of the same class as the Indianapolis, and is likewise the last of her group. The Chester, Louisville and Augusta are the remaining three of a class of six that once included the Northampton, Chicago, and Houston.

The scrapping of these 10 ships would also mean transfer of others from the Ready Reserve fleets to Inactive fleets. Scheduled for transfer to the Inactive Atlantic Fleet are the Massachusetts and South Dakota, Montpelier, Cleveland, Columbia, Denver, and Manchester, and to the Inactive Pacific Fleet are the Indiana and Alabama, Baltimore, Boston, Canberra, and Quincy.

Adm. King's Flagship Leaves D. C.

The USS Dauntless, which flew the five-star flag of Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King during the war, will leave her berth at the Naval Gun Factory, Washington, D. C., on 11 April for Norfolk, where she will be de-commissioned and turned over to the War Shipping Administration for disposal.

The gunboat was Admiral King's home, from which he commuted daily to the Navy department, and occasionally took the Commander-in-Chief U. S. Fleet and his staff on weekend cruises. The Dauntless is 257 feet long and has a displacement of 1300 tons.

USS Denver Explosion

A Board of Investigation was convened in Newport, R. I. this week to determine the cause of an explosion on board the USS Denver (CL-58) that injured four enlisted men on 28 March.

Rear Admiral Ralph S. Riggs, USN, Commanding Cruiser division 14 from the USS Montpelier (CL-57), stated that there was little damage. The explosion reportedly occurred in the crane room on the after deck hanger, where men were operating a crane. The force of the explosion blew out into the hangar deck, where three men suffered a shock from the force. Another man was treated for burns.

Naval Air Reserves

(Continued from first page)

Final organization of the Naval Air Reserve program will mean continuation of Naval Air Technical Training Centers, and the creation of Naval Air Reserve stations. Facilities of the NATTC at Memphis, Tenn., have already been increased with the addition of equipment from Norman, Okla., and Chicago, but it is not yet decided how many of these activities will be maintained. The NATTC at Jacksonville is also to be continued. Both USN and USNR enlisted men will serve at these centers, which will train them in the maintenance of aircraft and its equipment.

Fifteen of the Naval Air Reserve stations will exist for reserve flight training exclusively, and the remaining seven will be subordinate commands at Naval Air Stations. Set aside as Naval Air Reserve stations are the following:

| | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Atlanta | Minneapolis |
| Columbus | New Orleans |
| Dallas | New York (Floyd Bennett) |
| Glenview, Ill. | Olathe, Kans. |
| Grosse Ile, Mich. | St. Louis |
| Livermore, Calif. | Squantum, Mass. |
| Los Alamitos, Calif. | Willow Grove, Pa. |
| Memphis | |

The following Naval Air Stations will have Naval Air Reserve stations as subordinate commands:

| | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Anacostia, D. C. | Norfolk |
| Hutchinson, Kans. | San Diego |
| Jacksonville | Seattle |
| Miami | |



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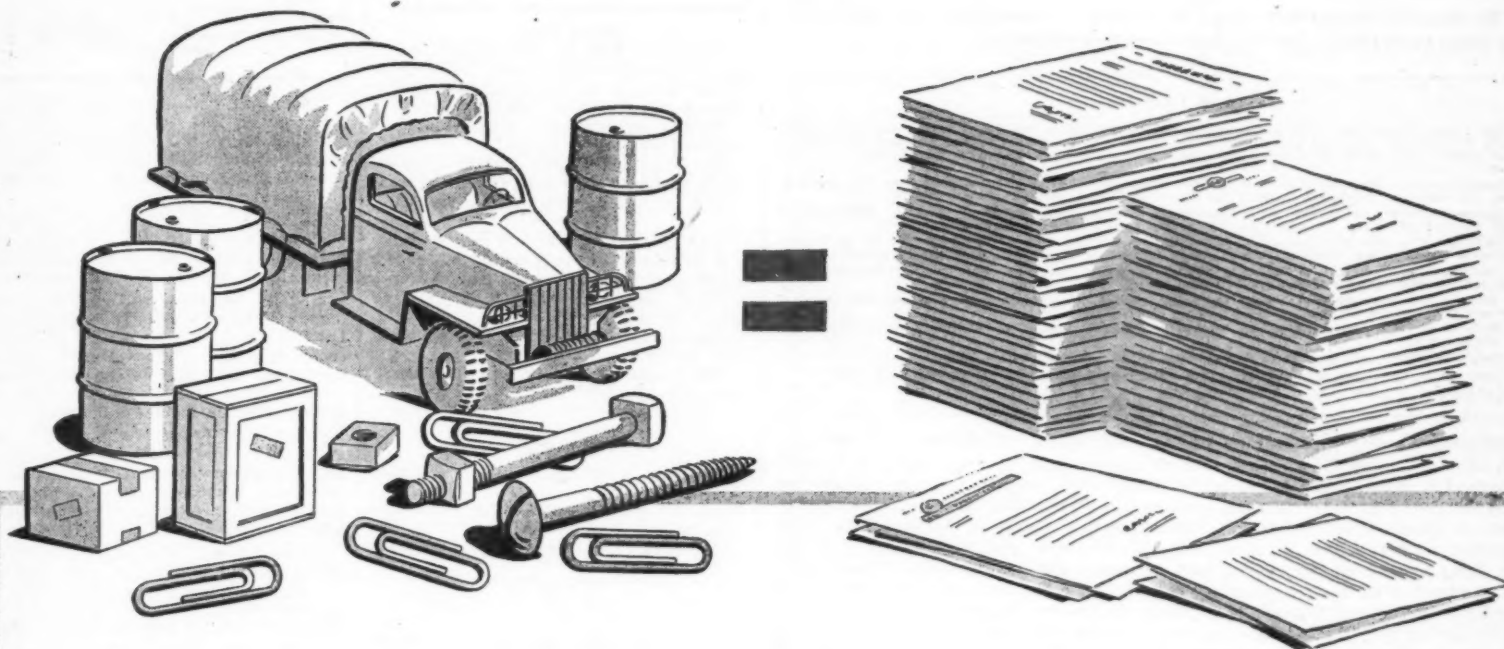
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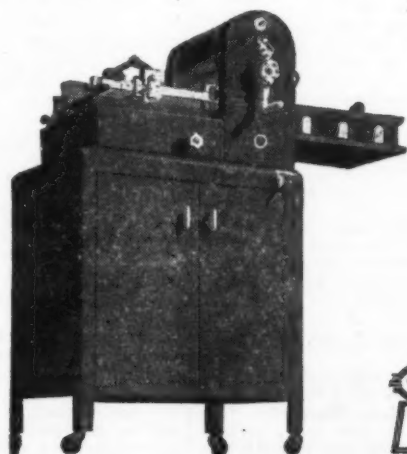
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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interest will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—From Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1893.

SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1946

"We have won the greatest war in our history. It remains to make sure that we do not throw away the victory."—SECRETARY OF WAR PATTERSON.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Maintenance in accordance with professional studies of our national needs and international commitments, of Regular Establishments organized and trained to utilize and employ materials of war developed by continuing scientific research, and backed by Industry and Labor kept intimately familiar with the manufacture of such materials.
2. Reconstruction of National Guard and Reserve components federally aided and encouraged to maximum efficiency, and effectively coordinated with the Regular Services, and universal military training.
3. Increase in active and retired pay and allowances to meet risen costs so as to enable maintenance of American standards of living, and protection of such pay from reduction through income taxes.
4. Institution of orderly promotion systems in the Regular Establishments with recognition of war service and war rank, to prevent future stagnation, and to insure the maintenance of high professional standards.
5. Continuance and expansion of service schools, including the Army and Navy Staff College, attendance of which shall be open to National Guard and Reserve officers.
6. Suitable rank and retirement benefits for former enlisted personnel and warrant officers who served as commissioned officers during the war.
7. Grant of the same rights and benefits to those who elect to remain in the Services as will be enjoyed by the discharged veterans.
8. Upward revision of pension scales to assure Service widows and dependents a living income.
9. Compensation for Service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.
10. Maintenance of stock piles of strategic materials.

THE blunt warning this week by Mr. Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., chairman of the Board of General Motors Corporation, that "if the peace is to remain won, there must be continuing close liaison between the Armed Services and Industry" should be heeded by giving Industry a definite place in our National Defense Organization. Leaders in Congress and the Armed Forces are fully aware of the need for a close integration with Industry, as shown by the interviews published in our news columns. They agree with Mr. Sloan that our war problems might have been more quickly solved with a consequent saving of living and material had there been better organized liaison between the Defense Forces and Industry prior to the war. They know that with the swiftness of modern warfare it is essential that Mr. Sloan's suggestion be adopted promptly. So great have been the accomplishments of American Industry in the war just concluded that there is a general disposition to credit it with miraculous capacity. However, Mr. Sloan points out that there were flaws in the industrial planning before World War II and, now with science assuming an increasingly greater role in military requirements, and the world entering upon the atomic age, it is more important than ever to keep military people in constant touch with the latest industrial techniques and to keep industrial people informed of the technical needs of the Armed Services. The important part played by Mr. Sloan and his company in the production of war materials makes it imperative, that action be taken to implement the suggestions he has made for the future protection of the Nation. To this end we urge that the Council of National Defense be reorganized so as to include in its membership representatives of Industry, representatives of Labor, and representatives of the production agencies of the Army and Navy, and reactivated to carry forward its original purpose of coordinating "industries and resources for the national security and welfare." To attempt to carry on such coordination without representation from Industry and Labor is to work in the realm of theory without relation to practice. The presence of such an industrial-statesman as Mr. Sloan on the Council would insure the soundness and practicality of its planning.

TWO reports of top importance to the Armed Forces came from the White House within the past week. One was the announcement by President Truman that he plans to utilize the services of the ten highest officers, whose war ranks were made permanent by special act of Congress, in a permanent organization of Elder Statesmen for National Defense. The other was the report from companions on his week-end cruise that the Chief Executive is determined to press his recommendations for a merger of the Armed Forces. In the newly created council of ranking Service officers the President has the solution both to his merger problem and that of military advice on atomic warfare. The new group gives the President the services of the four Generals of the Army, George C. Marshall, Douglas MacArthur, Dwight D. Eisenhower, and Henry H. Arnold; the four Fleet Admirals, William D. Leahy, Ernest J. King, Chester W. Nimitz, and William F. Halsey, and the war-time commandants of the Marine Corps and Coast Guard, General Alexander A. Vandegrift and Russell R. Waesche. We suggest that President Truman assign to this distinguished group the task of working out an overall National Defense Organization which will utilize the fullest power of each individual service plus the added force of proper coordination and be such that it will command the whole-hearted support of all components. The President's directive to these Elder Statesmen should be so framed as to permit no minority reports or dissenting views but require a workable solution subscribed to by all. As it is now, Congress and the people are unable to decide between the various recommendations of the President, those of the War Department, and those of the Navy Department. If the President's or the War Department's plan were adopted, it would be a "shot-gun wedding" as far as the Navy is concerned and even their impeccable sense of loyalty and spirit of cooperation could not overcome the deep seated resentment that would remain in the hearts of those forced into a union against their will. However, the "Elder Statesmen of National Defense" represent all services and all schools of thought. An agreement by them would earn and merit the support of the country. Let us have it.

Service Humor

Who's Next?

A GI had just finished dinner as a guest on a midwestern farm. He and the farmer were on the porch enjoying cigars when a rooster went strutting past.

"That's a mighty proud looking rooster," remarked the GI.
"He should be," the farmer replied.
"He's just sent two sons to the Army."
—Crowder Message.

Surplus Property?

A housewife on a shopping trip asked the clerk if he had any cast-iron skillets?
"Yes, we have cast-iron skillets at \$2.95," he replied.

"Sounds like a lot of money for a cast-iron skillet."

"Oh," said the salesman, "but these are made of aluminum."

—Fort Ord Alert.

Sick Call

Hey, Phil, is Pat back in the hospital again?
Yeah, he took a sudden turn for the nurse!

—Jungle Mudder.

Up and Up

Junkman: Any old clothes, any old rags?

Chief: Of course not; this is a chief's barracks.

Junkman: Any old bottles?

—Jungle Mudder.

Friendly Philosophy

Fellows who drive with one hand are usually headed for the church aisle. Some will walk down it, others will be carried.

—Jungle Mudder.

That's Certain

Gunnery Instructor: "Where are your shots going?"

Seaman: "I don't know, but they're leaving this end of the gun O. K."

—Skyscrapers.

For the Convenience of . . .

Then there was the Sad Sack who applied to the separation center to get a divorce from his wife.

—Jungle Mudder.

Wrong Title

No, No! A bulkhead is NOT a concerted sailor.

—Skyscrapers.

One-Way Logie

"Son, fetch the old horse."

"Why the old one, father?"

"My Motto is: 'Wear out the old first.'"

"Then you go fetch the horse."

—Skyscrapers.

Well-Mixed

College bred is made from the flour of youth and the dough of old age.

Free Treatment

Stranger: "Good morning, doctor. I just dropped in to tell you how much I've benefited from your treatment."

Doc: "But you're not one of my patients."

Stranger: "I know, but my uncle was, and I'm his heir."

—Belvoir Castle.

Heap Little Draw

An Indian puts it this way: "When they smoked the peace pipe in 1918, nobody inhaled."

—O'Reilly Shamrock.

Ask The Journal

(This Department is maintained as a service for ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL subscribers. Please send return postage for direct reply.)

F.L.H.—If you reenlisted for three years under WD Cir. 249, 1945 you cannot now change the length of your enlistment, because of the later provisions under WD 310, 1945 which authorizes shorter enlistments.

J.V.M.—World War I was officially over on 18 October 1921. A soldier who enlisted 22 July 1920 is not entitled to wear the World War I Victory Medal.

H.C.C.—According to the War Department only those who have been separated from the service are entitled to benefits under the G. I. Bill of Rights. So long as you are a member of the armed forces of the United States, on active duty, you are not eligible for these benefits.

C.A.B.—To locate your missing baggage, write to the Chief of Transportation, Attention—Water Division, War Department, Washington, D. C., giving all information pertaining to the matter which is available.

H.L.—Anyone who served honorably during World War II and has now been through the Separation Center, whether he has been retired or discharged, is entitled to wear the gold discharge emblem.

H.H.C.—To obtain a historical record of the 99th Division, write to The War Department, Bureau of Public Relations.

W.F.B.—We suggest that you write to the Officers' Reserve Section, Room 4441, Munitions Building, Washington, D. C., enclosing all the necessary information. If eligible, you will be given a promotion in the Officers' Reserve.

In The Journal

One Year Ago

Our forces are consolidating rear positions and closing in on the sides of the Ruhr pocket. Our armor cleared Paderborn, and infantry units advancing to the west reached Altenruehen, southwest of Paderborn.

10 Years Ago

Comdr. Benjamin V. McCandlish, USN, assumed office as Governor of Guam and Commandant of the Naval Station, Guam, on March 27, relieving Capt. George A. Alexander, USN, who has been ordered to the battleship USS Arizona.

25 Years Ago

Major Edward P. King, Jr., FA, USA, on duty in Washington, has been awarded the DSM for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service in the World War.

50 Years Ago

Ensign Joseph Strauss, who has just qualified for promotion to the grade of Lieutenant, junior grade, is on duty at the Washington Navy Yard. He is best known as the designer of the superposed turrets which the Navy Department adopted for the Kearsarge and Kentucky.

80 Years Ago

The muster-out of the great colored Army, once more than a hundred thousand strong, suggests some reflections upon the availability of that class of troops. It is obvious that we have all come to the conclusion that an addition of a round million of fighting men has been added to the effective military strength of this Nation over what we would have reckoned upon ten years ago.

ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War—Robert F. Patterson
Under Secretary of War—Kenneth Royall
Assistant Secretary of War—Howard C. Petersen

Assistant Secretary of War, Air—W. Stuart Symington
Chief of Staff—General of the Army Dwight D. Eisenhower

GENERAL OFFICERS

Maj. Gen. O. Ward, WD Dependency Bd Hq ASF and Off Chief of Finance, to Hq AGF, Wash., D. C.
Maj. Gen. W. E. Lauer, (Lt. Col.), ret'd as Maj. Gen. p.d.
Maj. Gen. A. W. Waldron, (Col., FA), ret'd as Maj. Gen. p.d.
Maj. Gen. T. Lawrence, (Col., Inf.), ret'd as Maj. Gen. p.d.
Brig. Gen. C. H. Armstrong, en route from overseas, asgd to Hq AGF, Wash., D. C.
Brig. Gen. K. S. Sweany, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Hq AGF, Wash., D. C.
Brig. Gen. R. E. Duff, Hq ASF, to Hq AGF, Wash., D. C.
Brig. Gen. P. G. Blackmore, Hq ASF, Wash., D. C., to Hq Sixth Army, San Francisco, Calif.
Maj. Gen. H. H. Fuller, home to await retmt.
Maj. Gen. G. R. Meyer, home to await retmt.
Maj. Gen. B. M. Sawbridge, (Lt. Col., FA), ret'd as Col. upon own app.
Maj. Gen. E. E. Adler, (Lt. Col., AC), ret'd as Maj. Gen. p.d.
Brig. Gen. L. J. Carr, home to await retmt.
Brig. Gen. G. C. McBride, Secty War's Personnel Bd., to Hq AGF, Wash., D. C.
Brig. Gen. T. L. Smith, det as member of Central Med Dept. Bd. succeeding Maj. Gen. R. H. Mills.
Brig. Gen. B. R. W. McCabe, (Col., FA), rev to ret'd status.
Brig. Gen. L. W. Maddox, home to await retmt.
Brig. Gen. R. C. Rogers, (Col., Cav.), ret'd as Brig. Gen. p.d.
Brig. Gen. W. A. Borden, (Col., OD), ret'd as Col. upon own app.
Brig. Gen. L. R. Hewitt, (Lt. Col., AC), ret'd as Brig. Gen. p.d.
Brig. Gen. M. S. Lough, home to await retmt.

Generals Reduced

Announcement made of term of temp apmt as Maj. Gen. AUS of the following officers eff 31 March and their reversion to perm gr and arm or service indicated and temp pro to Brig. Gen. AUS with rank as specified:
V. B. Pritchard, Col., FA, 16 Feb. 1942.
R. C. Smith, Lt. Col., Inf., 16 Apr. 1942.
Announcement made of term of temp apmt as Brig. Gen. AUS of the following named officers eff 31 March and their reversion to perm gr of Col. (arm or service indicated) eff 1 April with relative rank for duration and six months from date of original apmt to gr Col. AUS as specified:

R. M. Hardaway, MC, 25 May 1938.
J. M. Tully, Cav., 26 June 1941.
G. F. Rixey, Ch, 24 Dec. 1941.
G. W. Rice, MC, 30 Jan. 1942.
G. W. Shney, FA, 1 Feb. 1942.
C. McK. Beck, MC, 12 June 1942.
C. M. Busbee, FA, 26 June 1941.
H. E. Maguire, FA, 26 June 1941.
W. Spence, FA, 26 June 1941.
M. F. Scanlon, AC, eff 11 April, 1 Oct. 1940.
Announcement made of term of temp apmt as Brig. Gen. AUS of following officers eff 31 March and reversion to perm gr and arm or service indicated and temp pro 1 April to gr of Col. AUS with rank as specified:
J. P. Sullivan, Lt. Col., QMC, 8 Apr. 1941.
J. W. Younger, Lt. Col., QMC, 8 Apr. 1941.
N. C. Johnson, Lt. Col., Inf., 11 Dec. 1941.
H. C. Bowman, Lt. Col., FA, 11 Dec. 1941.
C. H. Armstrong, Lt. Col., CAC, 11 Dec. 1941.
E. F. Wallender, Lt. Col., QMC, 24 Dec. 1941.
J. F. Brittingham, Lt. Col., FA, 24 Dec. 1941.
M. Ross, Lt. Col., FA, 24 Dec. 1941.
O. B. Bucher, Lt. Col., CAC, 24 Dec. 1941.
A. S. Nevins, Lt. Col., Inf., 24 Dec. 1941.
H. Edward, Lt. Col., QMC, 24 Dec. 1941.
G. A. Miller, Lt. Col., Inf., 24 Dec. 1941.
T. J. Betts, Lt. Col., CAC, 24 Dec. 1941.
M. C. Handwerk, Lt. Col., CAC, 24 Dec. 1941.
W. L. Ritter, Lt. Col., Inf., 24 Dec. 1941.
W. H. McNaught, Lt. Col., FA, 1 Feb. 1942.
R. B. S. Williamson, Lt. Col., Cav., 1 Feb. 1942.

P. P. Rodes, Lt. Col., FA, 1 Feb. 1942.
J. R. Edmunds, Lt. Col., Cav., 1 Feb. 1942.
C. W. Clarke, Lt. Col., Sig. C., 1 Feb. 1942.
A. W. Pence, Lt. Col., CE, 1 Feb. 1942.
E. McGinley, Lt. Col., FA, 1 Feb. 1942.
J. DeL. Flory, Lt. Col., CAC, 1 Feb. 1942.
L. V. De Paul Dillon, Lt. Col., JAGD, 1 Feb. 1942.

K. S. Sweany, Maj., FA, 1 Feb. 1942.
W. P. Corderman, Maj., Sig. C., 1 Feb. 1942.
LeG. A. Diller, Lt. Col., Inf., 23 Mar. 1942.
W. W. Wanamaker, Lt. Col., CE, 2 June 1942.
C. F. Colson, Lt. Col., Inf., 10 June 1942.
B. F. Hayford, Lt. Col., FA, 15 June 1942.
E. W. Ridings, Maj., Inf., 24 June 1942.
G. S. Smith, Maj., FA, 25 June 1942.
E. B. Howard, Maj., Inf., 8 July 1942.
M. W. Gilland, Lt. Col., CE, 15 July 1942.
J. M. Willems, Maj., FA, 23 July 1942.
E. H. Lastayo, Lt. Col., FA, 1 Aug. 1942.
G. C. Stewart, Maj., Inf., 1 Aug. 1942.
L. K. Ladue, Maj., Cav., 20 Aug. 1942.
R. V. Brant, Maj., Inf., 10 Sept. 1942.
D. E. Carleton, Maj., Cav., 17 Sept. 1942.

OFFICIAL ORDERS

The Hon. Harry S. Truman, Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy
Chief of Staff—Fleet Admiral William D. Leahy, USN-Ret.
Military Aide—Brig. Gen. Harry Vaughn; Naval Aide—Commo. John K. Vardame

NAVY ORDERS

Secretary of the Navy—James Forrestal
Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Air—John L. Sullivan
Assistant Secretary of the Navy—W. John Kenney

Chief of Naval Operations—Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz
20 March 1946
Rear Admirals

Everett G. Morrell, (SC), to Proceed home; relieved active duty.
John P. Owen, (MC), to WestSeaFront—add duty.

Captains

Clarence E. Aldrich, to BuPers, Navy Dept., temp duty pending assignment.
Cornelius A. Brinkman, (SC), to Supply Officer, Naval Air Reserve Tra, NAS, Glenview, Ill.
Robert N. Clark, to CO, USS Kermit Roosevelt, ARG 16.
Edwin B. Coyle, (MC), to Senior Medical Officer, USS Benevolence, AH 13.
James F. Hooker, (MC), to MO-in-C, NavHosp, Memphis, Tenn.
Albin L. Lindall, (MC), to Post Surgeon, MarBaks, Quantico, Va.
Roy R. Marken, (CHC), to Fleet Marine Force, Pacific—temp duty pending assignment.

William P. McCarty, to Naval Gun Factory, Wash., D. C.
Richard O. Patterson, (DM), NR, to CO, USS Montauk, LSV 6.

Charles H. Perdue, (DE), NR, to CO, USS Grimes, APA 172.
Alvin O. Prell, (AS), NR, to Separation Center, Wash., D. C., for separation.

Walker P. Rodman, to Proceed home; relieved active duty.
James E. Sanner, (SC), to Proceed home; relieved active duty.

Walter A. Vogelsang, (MC), to Proceed home; relieved active duty.
John M. Whalen, (MC), NR, to Fleet Hospital #114.

Joseph H. Willingham, Jr., to XO, NAD, Hingham, Mass.

Commanders

Ethan W. Allen, to Air Officer, Com-12, and WestSeaFront, San Francisco, Calif.
Carl H. Amme, Jr., to CO and XO, USS Corregidor, CVE 58.

Donald F. Anderson, (MC), to NavHosp, Camp White, Ore.
Richard N. Antrim, to BuPers, Navy Dept., temp duty pending assignment.

Daniel A. Ball, to Staff—PhilbPac.
Walter H. Baumberger, to CO, USS Gairard, DD 706.

William G. Brown, to CO, USS Bashaw, SS 241.
Irven H. Cammar, (D), NR, to CO, Fleet TraCen, Charleston, S. C.—add. duty.

Wilton R. Cole, (D), NR, to CO, PD office, Philadelphia, with add. duty on staff, Nav Base, Philadelphia.
James A. Flenniken, to InsMat, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mason B. Freeman, to Staff—ServPac.
Peter J. Giotta, (MC), to Nav Hosp, Philadelphia, Pa.

Charles B. Gjedsted, (DM), NR, to XO, USS N Shoba, APA 216.
George H. Grant, (SC), NR, to Naval Air Base, Com-7, Miami, Fla.

Donald W. Gressly, (MC), to Flight Surgeon, Naval Air Mat Cen, Philadelphia, Pa.
Richard H. Hamilton, (DE), NR, to BuPers, Navy Dept., temp duty pending assignment.

Edward T. Haslam, (MC), to Fleet Hospital #114.
Clinton J. Heath, to CO, USS Furze, DD 882.

Chester C. Hosmer, (D), NR, to CO, USS Dickens, APA 161.
Bernard I. Kahn, (MC), NR, to Flight Surgeon, NAS, Key West, Fla.

George B. McManus, (SI), NR, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.
John W. Metcalfe, (MC), to Nav Hosp, Alen, T. H.

Vincent J. Moore, (Ret.), to Proceed home; relieved active duty.
James T. Moy, (MC), to Carrier Group 74.

Nils A. Nilsen, (DM), NR, to XO, USS (Please turn to page 957)

MARINE CORPS

Commandant—General A. A. Vandegrift
Asst. Commandant—Maj. Gen. A. H. Turnage

Generals

Lt. Gen. Holland M. Smith from duty at San Diego home to await retirement orders.
Maj. Gen. Henry L. Larsen from Dept. of Pacific to Wash., D. C.
Brig. Gen. Walter G. Farrell to First Marine Aircraft Wing.

Colonels

Chester L. Fordney from Chicago, Ill., to San Diego.
Albert D. Cooley to Fleet Marine Force, Pacific.
William B. Steiner to First Marine Aircraft Wing.
James P. Berkley from Sixth Marines to Wash., D. C.
William S. Fellers from Wash., D. C., to Fleet Marine Force, Pacific.
William C. Lemly home to await retirement orders.

Edward C. Dyer to Quantico, Va.
Francis H. Brink to Camp Lejeune, N. C.
Bernard Dubel from Headquarters Battalion Service Command, Fleet Marine Force, Pacific to Seventeenth Service Battalion, Service Command, Fleet Marine Force, Pacific.
David F. O'Neill from Second Marine Air Wing to Marine Air West.
Samuel A. Woods, Jr. from Portsmouth, N. H., home to await retirement orders.
Richard O. Sanderson from Wash., D. C., home to resume inactive status.
Gilder D. Jackson, Jr. from Bremerton, Wash., to San Diego.
Frederick E. Stack from San Diego to Pacific Fleet.

(Please turn to page 957)

COAST GUARD

Commandant—Admiral Joseph F. Farley
Assistant Commandant—Rear Adm. Merlin O'Neill

Commodore

Ellis Reed-Hill to the Engineer-in-Chief for duty as Deputy Asst. Engineer-in-Chief; temp add. duty to present duties as Chief, PubInfo Div.

Captains

Edwin C. Whitfield from CG Dist-8 to his home to await retirement.
Donald G. Jacobs from Receiving Unit, New York, to CG Dist-1 for assignment.

Harley E. Grogan from CG Dist-3 to CG Operating Base, St. George, N. Y.
Joseph S. Rosenthal from HQ to CG Training Station, Groton, Conn.

Commanders

Elmer B. Comstock from LST Group 85, Flotilla 29 as CO to Training Station, Alameda, Calif., for assignment.

Theodore J. Fabik from AP 116 as engineering officer to CG Dist-3 for engineering duty.
Arthur W. Johnson from AP 13 as engineering officer to CG Dist-13 for engineering duty.



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Seek Air NG Instructors

Applications are being accepted by Army Air Forces headquarters for Regular Army officers and enlisted men desiring assignments as instructors in the Air National Guard with a three year minimum tour of duty.

Officer applicants must be Regular Army first lieutenants or higher having overseas service since 7 Dec. 1941, of 18 months. They must be acceptable to the state concerned and be either an active pilot, radar officer, fighter interceptor controller or aircraft warning officer.

Enlisted applicants must be sergeants serving three-year enlistments and one of the following: airplane maintenance technician, administrative specialist, communication chief, camera technician, radar repairman, radar operator, interceptor technician or information center technician operator.

Officer applications are to be submitted through channels to the commanding general of the AAF, while enlisted may apply through channels to their commanding general.

Flight Nurses

Twelve officers of the Army Nurse Corps graduated from the Army Air Forces School of Aviation Medicine, Randolph Field, Texas, 28 March as "Flight Nurses." The congratulatory message was delivered by Col. F. L. Duff, MC, Assistant Commandant, AAF School of Aviation Medicine, who also presented diplomas to the following:

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1st Lt. Evelyn M. Boatman | 1st Lt. Cherry E. Parnell |
| 1st Lt. Sara E. Clifton | 2nd Lt. Kathryn Y. Paskovitch |
| 2nd Lt. Mary C. Douan | 1st Lt. Margaret E. Remington |
| 2nd Lt. Noeline J. Esponda | 1st Lt. Maude C. Ver-trees |
| 2nd Lt. Mary L. McEntire | 1st Lt. Gladys J. Woldt |
| 2nd Lt. Mary D. McGurk | 2nd Lt. Velma M. Woods |

ATC Rescue Units

The air-sea rescue units of the Air Transport Command, charged with patrolling the North and Central Atlantic air lanes to pick up survivors of downed aircraft, had their ranks bolstered this week by the addition of 16 aircraft together with qualified air crews to fill gaps caused

by demobilization.

The aircraft will patrol from Goose Bay, Labrador down to Bermuda and will be based at: Goose Bay, Labrador, Steph-anville, Newfoundland, Meeks Field, Iceland, Bermuda and Santa Maria in the Azores.

Establish All Weather Board

Headquarters, AAF, has established the All Weather Air Force Board to further efforts toward overcoming weather obstacles to flight and control such efforts.

The board is comprised of: Assistant Chief of Air Staff-3, designated as president of the board; Air Communications Officer, ACAS-3; Commanding Officer, AAF Weather Service; Assistant Chief of Air Staff-4—Commanding General, Air Materiel Command; Commanding General, AAF Proving Ground Command; Special Consultant to Commanding General, AAF; Commanding General, Air Transport Command; Commanding General, Tactical Air Command, and Commanding General, Strategic Air Command.

AAF Permanent Mess Attendants

Elimination of periodic K. P. duty is

contemplated in a program of revised mess management being developed by the Army Air Forces. The new program would consolidate messing, supervision, and organization of food service.

The new policy calls for establishment of a permanent mess attendant system, where the enlisted men will be afforded an opportunity to make an Army career of food service. Men who show marked aptitude in food handling will be offered opportunities to attend schools for the study of cooking, pastry and bread baking, and meat-cutting, with a further opportunity to become mess sergeants, and, in some cases, mess officers or commissioned "food service supervisors."

Glider Pick-up in Arctic

First glider landing and snatch pick-up ever made above the Arctic Circle was accomplished by a CG-4A Glider and a Douglas C-47 this week during the Royal Canadian Air Force and Canadian Army's "Exercise Muskox."

Taking off from Norman Wells, Northwest territory advance "Muskox" base, the aerial train made the five hour flight to the village of Coppermine, northernmost settlement of North America, where the supply laden glider was released from its tow plane and landed on the snow-covered ice of the Arctic Ocean. A 3,000 pound Cadillac V-1 engine and replacement supplies for one of the snowmobiles were quickly unloaded for the ground party, veterans of the 48 day, 3,130 mile experimental trek.

The "pick-up" station was erected by two glider pilots and the glider was snatched into the air by the C-47 tow plane which had circled overhead during the unloading. Climbing back to 5,000 feet the plane and glider made the return trip over ice sheets, snow-capped mountains and frozen forests.

The glider was flown by 1st Lt. Robert A. Hopkins, IX Troop Carrier Command, and Flight Lt. E. W. Smith, RCAF. The C-47 tow plane was piloted by 1st Lt. M. G. Brewer, IX Troop Carrier Command, and Flight Lt. L. J. Wilson, RCAF.

"Chennault" Field

The Yunnan Provincial Government will name the Kunming airfield after Maj. Gen. Claire L. Chennault, former commander of the United States Fourteenth Air Force, and erect a monument there in recognition of his services to China.

ATC 1945 Mileage

While piling up an estimated 498,903,695 transport miles in 1945, ATO aircraft carried an estimated number of 4,386,704 passengers and an estimated total of 1,602,750 tons of cargo, estimates released this week reveal.

RAAF to Japan

Fifth Air Force headquarters has announced that the initial flight of an Australian air task force arriving in Japan for occupation duties, consists of planes from the 76th Fighter Squadron of the RAAF 81st Wing, and is one of the components of the British Commonwealth Air Forces which will operate as a separate command under Maj. Gen. Kenneth B. Wolfe's Fifth Air Force.

Lt. Gen. Ennis C. Whitehead, commanding the Pacific Air Forces, has ordered each of the Pacific air force commanders to give the occupational air force from Australia the fullest cooperation and support.

Rename Troop Carrier Command

The Ninth Troop Carrier Command has been redesignated the Third Air Force (Troop Carrier), effective 31 March, Maj. Gen. Paul L. Williams, commanding general, has announced.

The change is in accordance with the organization of three major combat commands by the Army Air Forces. General Williams said that the functions, command structure, subordinate wings and groups are to remain the same in locations and missions.

Test Jet Photo Plane

The first jet photographic plane in America, the XFP-80A, is being tested in photographic flight experiments, the Air Materiel Command announced.

A modified P-80, the plane has produced excellent results with pictures taken from an altitude as high as 35,000 feet due to lack of vibration in the jet engine.

SCHOOL AND CAMP DIRECTORY

The Schools and Camps listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational and recreational needs of the children of members of the services and this Directory is recognized as an authentic and reliable aid to service parents in solving the problem of child education. For details as to the Schools listed in this Directory address them directly or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal Department of Education, 1711 Conn. Ave., Washington 9, D. C.

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(Continued from page 953)

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 Maj. H. J. Lawn, Murfreesboro, Tenn., to VARIO, Nashville, Tenn.
 Capt. I. G. Shaffer, Staunton, Va., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.
 1st Lt. W. S. Jenkins, Richmond, Va., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.
 Capt. E. M. Hammes, Richmond, Va., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.
 Capt. A. M. DeAngelis, Richmond, Va., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.
 1st Lt. A. T. Coffey, Richmond, Va., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.
 Maj. J. Blum, San Francisco, Calif., to Bruns GH, Santa Fe, N. M.
 Capt. L. F. Gaffney, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.
 1st Lt. F. G. Gatti, Richmond, Va., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.

Dental Corps

BRIG. GEN. T. L. SMITH, ASST. TO SG
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 1st Lt. H. M. Teader, Cp Beale, Calif., to 9 Sv C, Ft. Ord, Calif.
 1st Lt. J. R. Simkin, Ft. Dix, N. J., to 4 Sv C, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Medical Administrative Corps

1st Lt. D. E. Lorden, Augusta, Ga., to AAF Reg Sta and Conv Hosp, Miami Dist, Coral Gables, Fla.
 Capt. N. Burgess, Ft. Dix, N. J., to ASF RSH, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Sanitary Corps

1st Lt. H. E. Cheshire, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 5 Sv C, Cp Campbell, Ky.

Dietitians

2nd Lt. B. O. Bowman, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.
 2nd Lt. C. D. Davis, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.
 2nd Lt. J. M. Furman, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.

Army Nurse Corps

COL. F. A. BLANCHFIELD, SUPT.
 1st Lt. A. Busby, Tuscaloosa, Ala., to 42d AAF Base Unit, Maxwell Fld, Ala.
 2nd Lt. A. C. Ellert, Richmond, Va., to Walter Reed GH, AMC, Wash., D. C.
 2nd Lt. A. Moson, Richmond, Va., to Walter Reed GH, AMC, Wash., D. C.
 2nd Lt. M. M. Minton, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Brooke AMC, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.
 2nd Lt. V. Stohner, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Brooke AMC, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.
 1st Lt. D. B. White, Denver, Colo., to Lovell GH, Ft. Devens, Mass.

1st Lt. L. Leith, Ft. Dix, N. J., to AMC, Wash., D. C.
 Maj. R. M. Straub, Hines, Ill., to 3 Sv C, Cp Pickett, Va.
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 1st Lt. P. L. Risk, Ft. Hayes, O., to Halloran GH, St. George SI, N. Y.
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 2nd Lt. S. D. Grzymala, San Francisco, Calif., to Percy Jones GH, Battle Creek, Mich.
 Maj. F. C. Henchey, Butler, Pa., to Letterman GH, San Francisco, Calif.

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 1st Lt. W. C. Lowrey, Cp Cooke, Calif., to DP det in QMC QM Sch, Cp Lee, Va.
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 1st Lt. G. Z. Butler, Jr., Memphis, Tenn., to ASF Tng C, Ft. Belvoir, Va.
 Maj. R. W. Horner, Ft. Belvoir, Va., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.
 Maj. L. L. Yeakey, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo., to ASF Tng C, Ft. Belvoir, Va.
 Col. W. N. Leaf, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Rock Island Engr Dist, Rock Island, Ill.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. H. C. INGLES, C OF O
 Capt. F. A. LaPointe, Atlanta, Ga., to 29th Sig L Constr Bn, Cp Folk, La.
 Maj. T. E. Brown, Wash., D. C., to Office

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Dir of Procurement, Hq ASF, Wash., D. C.
 Lt. Col. G. H. Spies, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to NG Bureau, Wash., D. C.
 Col. P. W. Scheidecker, Greensboro, N. C., to Ord Broc Dist, Boston, Mass.
 1st Lt. G. D. Hall, Chambersburg, Pa., to Cav Repl Pool, Ft. Riley, Kans.

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 1st Lt. B. Bell, Newark AA Fld, N. J., to MI Sv Language Sch, Ft. Snelling, Minn.
 2nd Lt. F. P. Boyles, Houston, Tex., to Hq ASA, Wash., D. C.
 1st Lt. J. A. Wilson, Cp Howse, Tex., to Hq ASA, Wash., D. C.

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Capt. W. E. Slezak, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to ASF Tng Cen, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind.
2nd Lt. H. S. Symes, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to ASF Tng Cen, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind.
1st Lt. C. F. May, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to ASF Tng Cen, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind.

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Capt. H. C. Wooding, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Hq 9 Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.
Capt. T. W. Cariberg, New Orleans, La., to Hq 4 Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.
Maj. F. L. Titus, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Hq 3 Sv C, Baltimore, Md.
1st Lt. M. M. Cogan, Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Mason GH, Brentwood, LI, N. Y.

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Col. C. A. Miller, Ft. Lawton, Wash., to OC of S, Wash., D. C.
2nd Lt. D. E. George, Wilmington, Calif., to Manhattan Engr Dist, Oak Ridge, Tenn.

CORPS OF MILITARY POLICE

BRIG. GEN. B. M. BRYAN, PMG
Capt. P. F. Shapiro, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Holabird Sig Depot, Baltimore, Md.
1st Lt. J. F. Barlow, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., to 3 Sv C Hq Rectg Dist, Baltimore, Md.

CAVALRY

Lt. Col. L. C. Herkness, Cp Hood, Tex., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.
Capt. D. Barton, Springfield, Mo., to Cav Repl Pool Cav Sch, Ft. Riley, Kans.
1st Lt. R. W. Dornan, Cp Edwards, Mass., to Cav Repl Pool Cav Sch, Ft. Riley, Kans.
Capt. R. A. Munn, Jr., Ft. Knox, Ky., to U. of Ga., Athens, Ga.

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Col. P. H. Enslow, Wash., D. C., to Staunton MA, Staunton, Va.
Maj. P. H. Connas, Ft. Sill, Okla., to Cornell U., Ithaca, N. Y.
Capt. T. S. Henderson, Baltimore, Md., to Intelligence Div Hq ASF, Wash., D. C.

INFANTRY

Maj. P. C. Calhoun, Wash., D. C., to DP in AC Hq AAF, Wash., D. C.
Capt. H. C. Hinckley, Wash., D. C., to MI Sv, Wash., D. C.
Capt. H. W. Bushey, Lake Charles, La., to AGD 4th Sv C, TAG Sch, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.
Maj. J. A. McConnell, Ft. McClellan, Ala., to Ouachita Col, Arkadelphia, Ark.
Lt. Col. J. F. Ryneka, Ft. McClellan, Ala., to Castle Hgts MA, Lebanon, Tenn.
Lt. Col. W. C. Seales, Cp Blanding, Fla., to Inf RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.
Capt. L. Vivrette, Cp Roberts, Calif., to Oakland PHS, Oakland, Calif.
Maj. A. W. Spencer, Cp Lee, Va., to Off US Joint C of S, Wash., D. C.
Capt. R. A. Robbins, Ft. McClellan, Ala., to OC of S, Wash., D. C.
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Capt. S. H. Weinstein, Ft. McClellan, Ala., to OC of S, Wash., D. C.
Maj. W. F. Harrison, Ft. McClellan, Ala., to OC of S, Wash., D. C.

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Sv Language Sch, Ft. Snelling, Mich.
Capt. N. W. Futtertrup, McChord Fld., Wash., to QMC QM Repl Pool, Lathrop ASF Depot, Calif.

Col. F. C. Gray, Wash., D. C., to DP Vet Admin., Wash., D. C.
Capt. W. J. Quick, Memphis, Tenn., to Armrd Repl Pool Armrd RTC, Ft. Knox, Ky.
1st Lt. F. W. Lynch, San Antonio, Tex., to Br Office Info and Ed Div, New York, N. Y.
1st Lt. W. E. Dreihelbis, Smyrna AA Fld, Tenn., to MDW, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Capt. H. B. Hewitt, March Fld., Calif., to 2d Engr Sp Brig, Cp San Luis Obispo, Calif.
Maj. E. R. Bartholomew, Greenville AA Fld, Miss., to Br Off I&E Div, New York, N. Y.

Maj. C. A. Drury, Davis-Monthan Fld, Ariz., to Br Off I&E Div, New York, N. Y.
Capt. O. J. Humphrey, Geiger Fld, Wash., to TAG School, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.
Maj. H. O. Highley, Perrin Fld, Tex., to Hq 5 Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

Capt. R. A. Billipp, Greenville AA Fld, Miss., to Hq 8 Sv C, Dallas, Tex.
Maj. J. F. Rhodes, Bergstrom Fld, Tex., to US Strat Bomb Surv, Wash., D. C.

Capt. O. P. Stoner, Enid AA Fld, Okla., to 5 Sv C, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind.
Capt. E. L. Wix, Lowry Fld, Colo., to Hq 8 Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

Lt. Col. J. M. Virden, Tampa, Fla., to OC of S, Wash., D. C.
1st Lt. G. Marks, Chicago, Ill., to 6 Sv C, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

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Col. R. T. Pendleton, Wash., D. C., to U. of Del., Newark, Del.
Col. S. H. Morrow, Wash., D. C., to AAA Repl Pool, Ft. Bliss, Tex.

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Maj. G. W. Barry, Wash., D. C., to MPD Hq ASF, Wash., D. C.

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R. D. Peiffer, Brooklyn, N. Y., to MDW, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

F. H. Jelinek, Wash., D. C., to Office US Joint Chiefs of Staff, Wash., D. C.
R. A. Freeman, Cp Beale, Calif., to AG Pool SFPE, Ft. Mason, Calif.

M. J. Dessureault, Indiantown Gp Mll Res, Pa., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.
R. A. Freeman, Ft. Mason, Calif., to ASF Depot, Lathrop, Calif.

J. B. Collins, New Orleans, La., to Sig C Photo C, Long Island City, N. Y.
C. W. Audet, Ft. MacArthur, Calif., to USAMP Niles, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

J. P. Landry, New Orleans, La., to Percy Jones HC, Battle Creek, Mich.

WARRANT OFFICERS (JG)

R. M. Caudle, Texarkana, Tex., to AG Pool NOPE, New Orleans, La.
R. S. Whaley, Denver, Colo., to Percy Jones HC, Battle Creek, Mich.

BOARDS

A retiring board to consist of the following MC officers is apptd to meet at AMC, Wash., D. C. for the purpose of examining such nurses of the ANC as may be directed to report to the board:

Lt. Col. H. W. Jones
Lt. Col. M. G. Lynch
Capt. M. B. Jones
Capt. H. H. Zinsner
Capt. T. A. Haedicke

RETIRED

Lt. Col. W. L. Brown (Maj.) Inf., rev to redt status.

Capt. S. E. Chance, ANC.
1st Lt. E. D. LaMar, ANC.
1st Lt. E. A. Steffen, ANC.
1st Lt. F. L. Woodward, ANC.
1st Lt. B. A. Temeyer, ANC.
1st Lt. L. E. Dixon, ANC.
2nd Lt. E. M. Bellinger, ANC.
2nd Lt. A. V. Ray, ANC.
Col. L. J. Clatterbos (Lt. Col.) CE, as Col.

1st Lt. M. K. Camp, MDD, p.d.
1st Lt. R. L. Schemmel, MDD, p.d.
2nd Lt. E. L. Butt, ANC.
CWO F. F. Kilmitt, p.d.
Col. C. B. Hazeltine, Cav., p.d.
Col. L. E. Norris (Lt. Col. Inf.) AGD, as Col. upon own app.

1st Lt. A. D. Moore, ANC.
1st Lt. K. J. Rafferty, ANC, p.d.

1st Lt. O. M. H. Sturman, ANC.

1st Lt. E. C. Jaeger, ANC.
1st Lt. E. M. King, ANC.
1st Lt. G. C. Stinson, ANC.
1st Lt. M. J. Berg, ANC.
Capt. I. Ridley, ANC.
1st Lt. J. M. Cobb, ANC.
1st Lt. E. O'Leary, ANC.
Lt. Col. L. M. Kilgariff, FA.
Lt. Col. J. W. Newberry, Inf., as Col. upon own app.

Col. L. J. Bowler (Lt. Col.) CAC, as Col. p.d.
Col. L. H. Frasier (Lt. Col.) FA, as Col. p.d.
Col. E. S. Johnston, Inf., rev to redt status.
Lt. Col. N. E. McGovern, ANC.

Capt. G. A. Mealer, ANC.
1st Lt. M. E. Bigelow, ANC.
1st Lt. D. M. Dallas, ANC.
1st Lt. F. P. Lachey, ANC.
1st Lt. G. E. Lysne, ANC.
1st Lt. M. A. Phinney, ANC.
1st Lt. E. C. Schelner, ANC.
1st Lt. M. C. Turner, ANC.
1st Lt. B. M. Wayne, ANC.
1st Lt. M. K. Wicke, ANC.
2nd Lt. B. L. F. Ireland, ANC.

2nd Lt. L. Weissner, ANC.
Lt. Col. E. L. Mahar, ANC.
Lt. Col. M. E. Northrop, ANC.
Maj. N. M. Denison, ANC.
Maj. G. H. Fowler, ANC.
Maj. N. G. King, ANC.

Capt. D. E. Gerhard, ANC.
1st Lt. J. Allen, ANC.
1st Lt. E. L. Bailey, ANC.
1st Lt. T. M. Baker, ANC.

1st Lt. L. A. Bettoney, ANC.
1st Lt. R. E. Boss, ANC.
1st Lt. R. G. Boyd, ANC.
1st Lt. A. J. Brusati, ANC.
1st Lt. D. M. Connor, ANC.
1st Lt. D. Daigle, ANC.

1st Lt. M. E. DuBoise, ANC.
1st Lt. B. E. Farnham, ANC.
1st Lt. R. Fiddes, ANC.
Col. J. A. Weeks, (Lt. Col., QMC), as Col. p.d.

Col. G. S. Clarke, Inf., upon own app.
Col. D. B. Howard, (Lt. Col., AC), as Col. upon own app.

Col. M. R. Cox, FA.
Col. D. Ausmus, (Lt. Col., CAC), as Col. upon own app.

Col. W. C. Phillips, (Lt. Col., Inf.), as Col. upon own app.

Col. J. B. Bellinger, Ord.
1st Lt. M. A. Robertson, ANC.
2nd Lt. M. S. Bardwell, ANC.
2nd Lt. B. M. Wells, ANC.

WOJG N. R. Jensen, USA, p.d.
Lt. Col. K. M. Morgan, ANC, p.d.
1st Lt. E. E. Parker, ANC.

1st Lt. R. A. Love, ANC.
1st Lt. M. S. Thornburg, ANC.
1st Lt. R. E. Hooker, ANC.

Col. F. W. Wolf, (Capt., AC), rev to redt status.
Lt. Col. R. O. Booth, Inf.

Maj. W. H. Killian, (Capt., Cav.), rev to redt status.
Maj. L. Barbato, (Capt., MC), rev to redt status.

Lt. Col. W. B. Weston, FA.
Capt. K. C. Bublitz, ANC.

1st Lt. E. M. Hand, ANC.
1st Lt. J. T. Henderson, ANC.
1st Lt. E. B. Hillard, ANC.

1st Lt. K. H. Hunt, ANC.
1st Lt. F. L. Johnson, ANC.
1st Lt. D. E. Kirkwood, ANC.

1st Lt. E. R. Lawson, ANC.
1st Lt. M. J. Lorrey, ANC.
1st Lt. M. L. MacNab, ANC.

1st Lt. S. C. Nelson, ANC.
1st Lt. M. A. Pillsbury, ANC.
1st Lt. G. D. Rogers, ANC.

1st Lt. D. F. Sefcik, ANC.
1st Lt. B. Silverman, ANC.
1st Lt. C. G. Veltenheimer, ANC.

1st Lt. E. B. Warg, ANC.
1st Lt. H. R. Whitefoot, ANC.
1st Lt. E. R. U. Wright, ANC.

1st Lt. F. Zinz, ANC.
2nd Lt. R. Baskin, ANC.
2nd Lt. H. C. Jagers, ANC.

2nd Lt. V. E. Thomas, ANC.

RESIGNED

Maj. J. B. Brady, (Capt.), MC.
Lt. Col. K. F. Ockershauser, Jr., (1st Lt.), Inf.

Maj. M. D. Oliver, Jr., (1st Lt.), FA.
Capt. R. J. Aull, (1st Lt.), FA.
Capt. C. C. Cotton, (1st Lt.), Inf.
Lt. Col. R. H. Carnahan, (Capt.), DC.

CHANGE OF NAME

Maj. Samuel S. Abramson, QMC, to Samuel S. Arlen.
Capt. Edward P. Grasso, Ord, to Edward Peter Grasso.

Capt. Vance Ross Smith, AC, to Vance Lee Ross.
Capt. Paul Sonken, MC, to Paul Sutton.

Capt. Charles Thomas, Inf., to Theodore Charles Thomas.
Capt. Grace E. Waldmeyer, ANC, to Grace W. Cherry.

1st Lt. Richard C. Russell, AC, to Richard C. Busse.
1st Lt. John Matishowski, AC, to John Matt.

1st Lt. Helen Marion White, ANC, to Helen White Blodgett.
2nd Lt. Helen Ruth Hatcher, ANC, to Helen Ruth Hatcher Martin.

(Please turn to Next Page)

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Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

2nd Lt. Minnie Mae Kuntz, PT, to M. Denne Kuntz.
2nd Lt. Gertrude T. Lewison, ANC, to Gertrude Lewison Allison.

ENLISTED MEN RETIRED

M. Sgt. L. C. Pike, DEML.
M. Sgt. C. Reed.
M. Sgt. C. McDonald, AAF.

Marine Corps Orders

(Continued from page 953)

Nels H. Nelson from duty at Marine Barracks, Portsmouth, N. H., to duty Naval Prison, Portsmouth, N. H.
William J. Whaling to Wash., D. C.
John C. McQueen to Atlantic Fleet.
Calvin R. Freeman from Wash., D. C., home to await retirement orders.
Walter W. Wensinger from Wash., D. C., to Bremerton, Wash.
Donald Curtis from Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., to other duty in Marine Corps School there.

Lt. Colonels

John W. Allen from Parris Island, S. C., and relieved from active duty.
Wayne M. Cargill from Second Marine Aircraft Wing to Glenview, Ill.
Thomas G. Roe from Dept. of Pacific and admitted to Naval Hospital, New York, N. Y.
Thomas E. Williams to Atlantic Fleet.
Adolph Zuber from Fleet Marine Force, Pacific to First Base Headquarters Battalion.
James T. Wilbur from Fleet Marine Force, Pacific to San Diego, Calif.
Alan T. Hunt from Eighth Marines to Second Motor Transport Bn.
John D. Howard to First Marine Aircraft Wing.
Morris E. Flater to Dallas, Tex.
Earl W. Gardner from Camp Lejeune, N. C., to Coronado, Calif.
David C. Wolfe to Bureau of Aeronautics, Wash., D. C.
Melville M. Menefee to First Marine Aircraft Wing.
Chester R. Milham from Treasure Island, Calif., home to be relieved from active duty.
Charles Adams from Wash., D. C., to be relieved from active duty.
Desmond E. Canavan to Glenview, Ill.
Joe C. McHaney from Fleet Marine Force, Pacific to Pacific Fleet.
Clarence L. Jordan to Great Lakes, Ill.
Roy L. Kline from Quantico, Va., to Glenview, Ill.
Clyde T. Mattison from Second Marine Aircraft Wing to Pensacola, Fla.

David W. Silvey from Fifth Amphibious Corps to Ninth Anti-Aircraft Battalion.
Robert E. Eklund from California home to be relieved from active duty.
Elmer W. Myers from San Diego home to be relieved from active duty.
William T. Evans from Jacksonville, Fla., home to await retirement orders.
Harry A. Mullarky from Bremerton, Wash., home to be relieved from active duty.
Edwin C. Ferguson from Memphis, Tenn., to Parris Island, S. C.
Charles C. Bradley to treatment at Naval Hospital, Long Beach, Calif.
John E. Lynch to Philadelphia, Pa.
Douglas E. Reeve from Dept. of Pacific to San Diego.
Horace A. Pehl resigned at Bremerton, Wash.; effective date 6 May 1946.
George B. Bell from Fourth Marines to San Diego.

Navy Orders

(Continued from page 953)

Sandoval, APA 194.
John W. Rice, (DC), to Roosevelt Base, Terminal Island, Calif.
Baxter L. Russell, to CO, USS Charles R. Ware, DD 865.
Donald N. Schaffer, (SA), NR, to Office of AsstSecNav for Air.
Robert D. Schindler, (DC), to Separation Center, Great Lakes, Ill., for duty.
Fred B. Stewart, (SC), NR, to Supply and Accounting Officer, SubBase, New London, Conn.
Ralph G. Streeter, (MC), NR, to Nav Hosp, Naval Center, Sampson, N. Y.
James B. Vail, (MC), NR, to nearest separation activity for separation.
Berohle C. Wilson, (EM), NR, to nearest Nav Dist temp duty for separation.
Stanley L. Wilson, (Ret.), to Proceed home; relieved active duty.
Sidney D. Witherow, (A), NR, to Prison Admin. Office, Com-12, San Francisco.
Ralph F. Yambert, (A5), NR to PubInfo Officer, Naval Reserve Training, NAS, Glenview, Ill.

1 April 1946

REAR ADMIRALS

Glenn B. Davis to Commandant, PRNC, Wash., D. C., with add duty as Supt., Naval Gun Factory.
Austin K. Doyle, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.
Emmet P. Forrestel, to Commander, San Francisco Group, 19th Fleet.
Howard H. Good, to Comdr, PhilSeaFron.
Paul Hendren, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.
(Please turn to page 960)

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

► **FOREIGN AFFAIRS.** The United Nations Security Council, which encountered extremely dangerous seas a week ago and took a long week-end recess to permit a better understanding on Iran, now seems to have passed the danger area, for the time being at least. For this encouraging situation Secretary of State Byrnes was largely responsible. It was he who whittled away the unnecessary points and brought the whole Russia-Iran problem down to the really important issue—are the Russian troops actually moving out, and is their continued withdrawal to be contingent upon Iran's acceptance of Russian demands? The Russian prediction had been of full withdrawal in six weeks—provided nothing unforeseen took place. The six weeks' delay Secretary Byrnes rightly dismissed as unimportant; but did that condition about "unforeseen" developments refer to a possible Iranian refusal of Russian demands? And is the withdrawal contingent upon Iranian meekness? The questions were put with such skill as to meet the proper concern over Iranian sovereignty, and also to avoid offense to Soviet dignity. The answer from Soviet Ambassador Gromyko did in fact give what the Council conceived to be assurance (1) that the troops are being withdrawn and without conditions (2) that the continuing Russo-Iranian negotiations (on oil rights and on Azerbaijan autonomy) are not related to the troop withdrawals. There was, to be sure, a context which did not make this crystal clear, and the first response of the Iranian ambassador suggested a skepticism about the completeness of the Soviet reply. On the other hand, the council majority, with acute realism, was aware that any Russian reply would have to preserve national dignity and, instead of repudiating any past conduct, would rather suggest that Russia's intent had been sound from the beginning. The council could have no objection to the maintenance of this position, and actually would welcome Russia's acceptance of the council's views on about any basis. The important purposes were two, (1) to justify the small nations' faith in United Nations' sincerity and devotion to the principle of national integrity, and (2) to keep Russia actively participating in the United Nations and all its organs. The adjustment seems to have achieved both purposes, and if that proves to be the case, this recent difficulty will be found to have been not a bad thing but a good one. There has been no "victory" over anyone; it would be a most unhappy thing to have a "victory," which means, for someone, a defeat. The aim of United Nations is to win world cooperation not by hammering out a resentment-breeding "victory," but by reason and suasion, which is to say that the settlement must be agreeable to both sides of a dispute, not merely one. Certainly any settlement which shook the world's small nations' trust in the Security Council would have been no settlement at all. But neither would any which alienated Soviet Russia, without whose full participation no world security enterprise is possible.

If now one dares look further, it would be toward the peace discussions which still are expected to be held in Paris in May. There are many things which can come up—the future of Trieste and the Dodecanese, of Austria, of Teschen and Transylvania, of the Ruhr, of Korea, with the larger problems of Germany and Japan still in the distant future. One swallow is a small start toward summer, and one small uneasy agreement in UN is hardly a large encouragement toward harmony on all those immense disagreements which lie ahead at Paris. Yet this one suggestion of a new-found unity among the Big Three, which UN has produced, is most welcome as a start.

It is not a newly studied "example" for other nations' emulation which determined our own troop-withdrawal announcements of the week. These are in performance of promises made long ago, in line with policies of long standing in American affairs. Reference is to the forthcoming abandonment of our war-acquired bases in Cuba, and the disbanding of our army in China on 1 May. What we are giving up in Cuba is the installations developed for war's purposes at considerable expense, the largest being the airfield at San Antonio, just south of Havana. This with the lesser installations will be turned back to Cuba on 20 May—considerably ahead of schedule, but in graceful recognition of Cuba's independence anniversary, and in the certainty that we now will have no use for them so far as their original purpose is concerned. Guantanamo Bay of course is not affected; that important naval base was ceded to us in 1902, and remains as much a protection for Cuba as for anyone else. We are also pulling out of Brazilian bases as rapidly as property disposal permits.

The disbanding of the army in China, again, fulfills an old promise, and also an American desire to have our future relations with China on a purely civilian basis as soon as possible. Some 10,000 troops will remain in China after the army set-up is terminated on 1 May. They will be composed largely of supplies and transport and training and communication forces, and will include the "teams" now engaged in coordinating the efforts of Nationalist and Communist Chinese to carry out their pledges for unification. This important work, devised by General Marshall, continues in progress, and this past week several teams went up into Manchuria for what must be recognized as a most difficult phase of that useful work. Lt. Gen. A. C. Wedemeyer, who for nearly two years has been doing a highly efficient job for this country, and in doing it has won praise from both Nationalists and Communists alike, is reported on his way home. Lt. Gen. Alvan Gillem continues, as General Marshall's deputy, to nurse the delicate situation which the American military has done much, first, to keep from collapse and, later, to bring to better health.

Across the Japan Sea, General of the Army Douglas MacArthur has listened to the suggestions of the Far Eastern Commission but declined to postpone the Japanese elections beyond 10 April. His view is that Japan needs a new Diet now; he is not so sure as is the Far Eastern Commission that present elections would bring an unsatisfactorily "reactionary" Diet into power, but he is quite sure that if the new Diet proves unsatisfactory he will thereafter call another election to meet the situation. In the meantime there will be an opportunity to see if the first fear is justified: if it is not, the job which needs to be done quickly will actually be done instead of postponed.

The elections in Greece (where again time was an issue, Russia and several Balkan neighbors protesting an election at this time, with Britain supporting the Greek government's desire for one) took place this week. There was disorder at the polls which was expected. But the Leftist orders to their people to abstain from voting, in protest, were not fully carried out and there was a larger vote than had been expected. Even so, the Government-supported candidates (led by Constantin Tsalofaris) won a majority for the Populist (Royalist) party.

The German reaction's first effort against the Allies' plans for democratization

in Austria and western Germany has been blocked by the vigilance and swift operation of American and British army authorities. Over the weekend our officers seized several hundred of the lesser figures in a plot being organized by former Hitler Youth personnel, not for immediate insurrection but for long-range retention and redevelopment of Nazi doctrines which eventually would undermine all the political reform work which Britain and America now are doing in their sectors. The first of the Nazi leaders were seized in December, the real principals, Axmann and Heidemann, having been trapped soon after the surrender but left at large in order to permit the scooping up of their whole organizations. Thus, by army ingenuity, an overt rebellion is scotched, temporarily anyway. If Military Government can function fully, and reduce the causes and encouragement of rebellion, permanent rather than temporary good will be done.

The State Department announces its intent to restore our ambassador in the Argentine, thereby putting an end to the pre-election tactics which Peron's easy victory proved to be fruitless as well as embarrassing to ourselves. Britain, which gets from the Argentine a good third of its meat and half its leather, was reasonably sure to maintain friendly relations, and Pan-American states had shown their desire to do so. Apparently we can go back in with the crowd, and say no more about that little unpleasantness which had us badly off base.

► **MARINE CORPS.** Points for demobilization of the Women's Reserve are scheduled to drop to zero in July, leaving speculation open on continuance of feminine Marines in the Corps. Eventual future of all servicewomen in post-war plans depends, of course, on Congress, to whom the Navy Department has already indicated a desire to retain women in uniform. Even when July comes around and the women Marines may choose to leave the Corps, it is estimated that enough will wish to remain to fill the needs of the service.

The LST 61 performed a day's duty at the Marine Base at Quantico on 22 March in showing students at the Basic School how to perfect landing operations. The same ship participated in Army experiments at Pensacola, Fla. recently, after a war-time career that included landings in North Africa, Sicily, and the channel coast.

Marine Corps headquarters has announced that nearly 90 per cent of the total strength of the Marine Corps served overseas in World War II. Of the 41,490 officers, 41,240 or 98.3 per cent served abroad. Of the 547,912 enlisted men, 487,229 or 88.9 per cent were overseas.

► **ARMY GROUND FORCES.** The following officers have reported for duty: Cols. Lawrence F. Heyduck, FA, G-1 Sec., Wayne S. Moore, CE, Dev. Sec., Numa A. Watson, Inf., G-3 Sec.; Lt. Col. Bernard G. Teeters, Inf., G-1 Sec.; Maj. Leland H. Anderson, CAC, G-2 Sec., Eugene M. Lill, CAC, G-2 Sec.; Capt. Richard M. Levy, jr., Inf., G-3 Sec., and CWO William R. McKewen, AUS, G-4 Sec.

Officers relieved: Lt. Cols. William Lorimer, III, Inf., Gordon B. Page, CE, Maj. Robert S. Ferguson, Inf., Elmer F. Meyers, FA, Waldemar A. Solf, FA, CWOs John B. Cormany, NMB, Walter A. Cullen, NMB, WOJG Ralph G. Akers, AUS.

First Army—Recent assignments: Maj. Anthony L. Meehl; 1st Lts. Peter B. Bramley, Albert P. Daigle, CWOs Arthur N. Rineheimer, Ernest L. Stephens, Mortimer J. Mack, jr., AG Sec.; Capt. William L. Goddard, G-3 Sec.

Officers reporting: Lt. Col. C. A. Wagoner, Ord., Maj. F. H. Dowler, III, CMP, Capt. Rodman M. Cookson, Ch., William L. Goddard, FA, Vincent T. Van Sickle, Inf., 1st Lt. Robert E. L. Johnson, jr., Ord.

Transfers to other assignments: Lt. Col. Garrett L. Hill, Maj. Leonard F. Oliver, Richard L. Taggart, 39th Hq. and Hq. Det. Special Troops, First Army, Ft. Jay, N. Y.; Capt. K. H. Copeland, Cav., Sixth Army, Presidio, San Francisco; Capt. Harry M. Sonnet, QM School, Chicago; Capt. Richard T. Mathews, QM School, Camp Lee, Va.; and Capt. Robert G. Johnson, Cooks & Bakers School, Ft. Benning, Ga.

Separated from service: Lt. Col. Nathaniel B. Rieger, Capt. Roger S. Case, Charles B. Wallace, jr., 1st Lts. John E. Gambill, Richard J. Rudnicki, and CWO Robert L. Groover.

Second Army—Officers reporting: Maj. Jack Y. Cannon, MI, from Camp Robinson, Ark., 1st Lts. George F. Buckler, QMC, from Camp Campbell, Ky., Russell P. Rothweiler, Ord., from Ft. Logan, Colo., Lee B. Gatlin, Ord., from Aberdeen Proving Grounds, Md., and 2d Lt. Fenton W. Brashear, Ord., from Camp Atterbury, Ind.

Officers departing: Lt. Col. Harry E. Trail, AGD, Capt. Frank M. Wozencraft, AGD, 1st Lts. Lawrence W. Carter, CWS, Lee B. Gatlin, Ord., Russell Rothweiler, Ord., and WOJG David B. Sykes, AUS.

Fourth Army—Maj. Gen. John P. Lucas, Deputy Commander, recently awarded an Oak Leaf Cluster to the Legion of Merit to Brig. Gen. William Spence who is now G-4 of Fourth Army for services as commanding general of the 38th Division artillery in the Southwest Pacific area from November 1944 to August 1945, and the Legion of Merit to Col. Alfred L. Price, Adjutant General, for his "foresight, aggressiveness and skill in raising and maintaining the standards of administration within the entire Army command at an exceedingly high level."

Brig. Gen. Edwin A. Zundel has been attached unassigned to this headquarters from Hqs. AGF.

V Corps—Col. W. P. Johnson, Deputy Chief of Staff, recently inspected V Corps troops at Fort Bragg, N. C.

Lt. Col. George H. Davis from 415th FA Group has been appointed Acting Artillery S-2, replacing Lt. Col. Donald V. Bennett who has been transferred to Fort Benning, Ga.

Capt. Robert B. Beadles of the 415th FA Group has been temporarily assigned Corps Artillery adjutant.

Antiaircraft Artillery School—Recent assignments: Lt. Col. Stewart Laurenson, S-1, Lt. Col. Max S. George, Dept. of Miscellaneous Subjects, and Maj. William N. Cowan, Personnel Officer for the School.

Officers detailed as antiaircraft ROTC instructors: Maj. Edward S. Mathes, Georgia School of Technology, Capt. Harold D. Higgins, Utah State Agricultural College, and Capt. Richard F. Cox, Mississippi State College.

Armored School—As a lasting tribute to its first Director, the Wheeled Vehicle Dept. has named a building in memory of Col. Newton W. Jones, who was killed in action while commanding Combat Command "B" of the 20th Armored Div. in Germany 29 April 1945. Col. Jones commanded the Wheeled Vehicle Dept. from June 1940 until April 1941.

Maj. Gen. Hugh J. Gaffey, Commandant, recently presented the Bronze Star Medal to Capt. Kenneth O. Felton who, while serving with the 747th Tank Bn. in France, Belgium, and Germany, invented several field expedients to produce closer communications between tank and infantry units while in combat.

Officers assigned: Capt. Frederick F. Chirigotis, 1st Lt. Raymond J. Batnagel, School Troops; 1st Lt. James M. Lanigan, Full Track Dept.; 1st Lts. Charles R.

Wiettenhiller, James H. Martin, and Harrell H. Smith, General Instruction Dept. Officers released from duty: Lt. Col. Stanley Malless, Maj. Edgar L. Ready, Jr., Capt. Edwin L. Thompson, Edmond K. Thompson, 1st Lt. Emery E. Ebbert, Gene W. Rottler, and John F. Lynch.

Field Artillery School—Maj. Gen. Rene E. DeR. Holye, secretary of the School from November 1917 to May 1918 and assistant commandant from October 1918 to May 1919, has been awarded the Legion of Merit for his services as commanding general of FARTC, Camp Roberts, Calif., from July 1942 to December 1944.

Brig. Gen. John Magruder, who attended the Officers Advance Course at the School in 1924-25, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Medal for his services as Deputy Director, Office of Strategic Services, from January 1943 to September 1945.

Infantry School—Maj. Gen. John W. O'Daniel, Commandant, inaugurated Army Week in Atlanta by an address on "Universal Military Training" over Station WATL on 1 April as the guest of the Variety Club of Atlanta.

Lt. Col. H. D. McCown, instructor in the Tactical Sec., was presented the British Distinguished Service Order by Lord Halifax, British ambassador to the United States, at the embassy in Washington on 26 March.

General O'Daniel was principal speaker at the graduation of 117 members of Officer Candidate Class No. 536 on 28 March. Lt. Frank D. Proctor of Caldwell, Tex., was honor graduate.

Col. Brookner W. Brady, Communications Sec. Chief, presented certificates to 101 graduating members of Class No. 76, Enlisted Radio Operators Course.

Officer assignments for 24-30 March: Col. Daniel P. Buckland, Ernest F. Easterbrook, Maj. Edward C. Rose, Jr., Capt. Edward B. Kitchens, 1st Lt. Herbert S. Ham, Ted S. Timberlake, Academic Regt.; Capt. Harwell L. Adams, 1st Lt. Raymond E. Pinsonneault, 3d Student Training Regt.

Antiaircraft Replacement Training Center—Lt. Col. Arthur G. Kiel has been appointed commanding officer of the 51st Bn., replacing Maj. William G. McNeil who died recently.

Officers transferred: Col. Robert L. Miller, The Hague, Netherlands, as military attaché; Lt. Col. John W. Romlein, Republic of Haiti as military attaché; Lt. Col. Victor L. Glines, Shanghai Port Command; Lt. Col. Lloyd A. Corkan and Leslie J. Staub, Camp Polk, La., as observers at aerial rocket firing by the Field Artillery; Lt. Col. Andrew S. Gamble, Regular Army interview board, Camp Beale, Calif.; Maj. Herbert L. Lossen, public relations duties at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; Maj. Vernon M. Norrish, Capt. William R. Bullard, Jr., and William C. Rounds, Antiaircraft Service Test Section of AGF Board No. 1.

► **NAVY.** The USS Leyte, 27,000-ton Essex-class carrier, is slated for commissioning at the Norfolk Naval Shipyard in Portsmouth 11 April. She will be commanded by Capt. H. E. MacComsey, USN. The Coral Sea, sister-ship of the Midway and the Franklin D. Roosevelt, was christened in ceremonies at Newport News last week by Mrs. Thomas Kinkaid, wife of the Commandant, Eastern Sea Frontier. The USS Robert L. Wilson (DD-847) was commissioned in Boston on 28 March and placed under command of Comdr. John T. Probascho, USN. The Wilson bears the name of a Congressional Medal of Honor winner, who jumped on a Japanese grenade on Tinian in July 1944, and saved the life of a comrade.

Naval Academy instructors were recently given lectures on atomic energy and nuclear physics, in five talks. At Bancroft Hall, a series of murals drawn by Lt. Comdr. William F. Draper, USNR, is nearing completion. Two of the scenes, depicting naval action at Guam in July 1944, have been installed in the mess hall at Bancroft. Lt. Comdr. Draper is one of six official combat artists for the Navy, and has produced some 120 paintings of sea battles. New athletic director at the Academy will be Capt. Edmund Battelle Taylor, a veteran of Guadalcanal and former aide to Secretary Forrestal, who will succeed Capt. Charles O. Humphries in late May. The USS Biscayne, built as the AVP-11 and converted into AGC-18, and the ship referred to in Ernie Pyle's "Brave Men," is being converted into barracks for aviation instruction crews at the Academy. The Block Island, one of the first escort carriers built on tanker hulls, will complete duty with the Magic Carpet and move to Annapolis in June for use as a barracks ship.

Newport's training schedule will have the facilities of five cruisers and five destroyers now in Newport Harbor. They are the cruisers Montpelier, Macon, Cleveland, Denver and Columbia, and the destroyers Putnam, Strong, Willard Keefe, James C. Owens, and Massey. The ships are assigned to the Naval Training Station, and will be used in three-months cruises for NROTC and V-12 students.

The USS Terror has made her second return trip to the States in recent weeks, and this time brought with her the staff of Minicraft, Pacific, which is now located in Treasure Island. About 40 minesweepers are reportedly planned for the permanent post-war Navy, but the remainder are beginning to arrive on the west coast for de-commissioning.

A new Medical supply catalog to become effective 1 July 1946 is available for initial issue. All Medical Department activities are to requisition on NavMed Form-4 immediately via airmail to the NMSD, Brooklyn, for "stock number 14 500-100 Catalog of Naval Material, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery Section."

► **NATIONAL GUARD.** Maj. Gen. Butler B. Miltonberger, Chief of the National Guard Bureau, had as his luncheon guest 1 April Maj. Gen. Auguste Brossin de Saint Didier, Military Attaché to the French Embassy. General de Saint Didier revealed that in organizing the French Third Armored Division the organization of troops was an exact duplicate of an American armored division and that the division was completely equipped with tanks and other armored equipment made in the United States. General de Saint Didier displayed great interest in the reorganization of the National Guard, asking many questions about its mission, function and organization.

Governor Lester C. Hunt of Wyoming has announced the acceptance by his state of National Guard Troop Basis Plan.

California last week accepted the task of raising a National Guard of nearly 25,000, including an air arm of 2,385. Governor Earl Warren in a letter to General Miltonberger said "it is not deemed feasible or possible at this time" to raise in excess of 25,000 troops by voluntary enlistment, cutting the original War Department proposal for a California National Guard of over 39,000 troops. The state refused the proposed allotment of a portion of the 50th Armored Division, fixed harbor defense and coast artillery units, aircraft control and warning units, and other miscellaneous troops. At the same time, California asked for organization of the 159th Infantry Regiment, originally a part of the 40th when it was a "square" division, as a separate Infantry combat team. This plan would retain the 160th, 184th and 185th Infantry Regiments as part of the 40th Division. Other units will be the 61st and 62nd Fighter Wings, the 250th and 251st Antiaircraft Brigades, the 115th Cavalry Reconnaissance Group and two bands. Governor Warren's proposal is based on recommendations by Brig. Gen.

Victor R. Hansen, the State Adjutant General, and California National Guard leaders who held conferences recently in Sacramento and Los Angeles.

Location of the 196th Fighter Squadron of the California National Guard Air Arm at San Bernardino instead of at San Diego as originally requested by the National Guard Bureau was asked. The location change was requested because survey of the San Diego area indicated that the Navy and Marine Corps are retaining all fields close enough to San Diego for practical use of a National Guard air squadron and because no Army air facilities are available in that area. General Hansen asked Army cooperation in making available to the 196th Fighter Squadron, and its allied units of a utility flight and a sub-depot detachment, buildings and other facilities in a section of the San Bernardino Army Air Base. Location of the proposed 62nd Wing headquarters and ten of its units at the Van Nuys airfield near Los Angeles was requested.

Assignment of an additional air officer, Col. Ralph E. Koon, to California by the National Guard Bureau to aid in the proposed organization has been announced. Col. Herman A. Schmid, previously assigned to California will assist in organization of the 62nd Wing in Southern California as well as aid in National Guard air organization in Arizona.

Headquarters of the New York State Guard is inviting eligible veterans of the 27th Division to attach themselves to or enlist in the New York Guard with a view to its transition to the new National Guard.

Lt. Col. Gage H. Spies, OD, and Col. Edward J. Geesen, Inf., have been detailed in the National Guard Bureau, Washington, D. C.

► **ARMY SERVICE FORCES.** Ordnance Department News—Maj. Gen. Everett S. Hughes, Acting Chief of Ordnance, accompanied by Maj. Gen. Glendon M. Barnes, Maj. Gen. Henry B. Saylor, Brig. Gen. Alexander B. Gillespie, and Brig. Gen. Harry R. Kutz, attended the annual meeting of the officers and directors of the Army Ordnance Association at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., 4 and 5 April.

The Franklin Institute's 1946 Elliott Cresson Gold Medal has been awarded to Maj. Gen. Barnes, Chief of the Ordnance Department's Research and Development Division. General Barnes will receive the award at the annual dinner 17 April "in consideration of his notable contributions to the design and development of numerous ordnance items, particularly antiaircraft guns, tanks, and sea coast artillery; for his early development of welded gun carriages; and for his masterly organization of ordnance research, closely articulated with development and production."

Brig. Gen. Roswell E. Hardy has been relieved from assignment and duty as Chief, Ammunition Division, Industrial, OCO, and assigned to duty as Chief, Military Plans and Training Service. Brig. Gen. James Kirk, formerly Chief, Small Arms Division, is assigned as Chief of the Budget and Fiscal Division, OCO, effective 1 May.

Col. Raphael S. Chavin, wartime commander of the Stockton Ordnance Depot with rank of brigadier general, has been assigned to Chungking, China, where he will be on the staff of General Marshall. Colonel Chavin already has sailed for his new post.

Lt. Col. George V. Campbell, Ordnance officer with the 22d Chinese Division during the Burma campaign has been transferred from the Stockton Ordnance Depot to be liaison officer between the Surplus Property Disposal Board and the War Assets Corporation with station in the Office, Chief of Ordnance.

Capt. Melvin Johnson now on duty at Arkansas Ordnance Plants, Jacksonville, Ark., has been designated commanding officer with additional duty as commanding officer of Maumelle Ordnance Works, West Marche, Arkansas, vice Maj. Edgar A. Haine, relieved.

Capt. LaVerly M. Wosepke now on duty at the Dixie Ordnance Works, has been transferred to be commanding officer of the Ozark Ordnance Works with station at Sterlington, La.

Maj. Don Farmer has been transferred from the Office of the Field Director of Ammunition Plants, Joliet, Ill., to be commanding officer of the Oklahoma Ordnance Works, Pryor, Okla.

Signal Corps—An administrative reorganization of Signal Corps field installations at or near Fort Monmouth, N. J., has been ordered under which the Fort Monmouth headquarters will be expanded to perform housekeeping and administrative functions for the Eastern Signal Corps Training Center, Signal Corps Engineering Laboratories, and Army Electronics Standards Agency.

The Signal Corps Engineering Laboratories, with headquarters at nearby Bradley Beach, N. J., includes the Evans Signal Laboratory at Belmar, the Coles Signal Laboratory at Red Bank, and the Squier Signal Laboratory at Fort Monmouth.

In addition to the Army Electronics Standards Agency at Red Bank, the reorganization will place the Signal Corps Board, located at Fort Monmouth, and the Ground Signal Patent Agency, located at Red Bank, under the administration of Fort Monmouth.

The Signal Corps Contract Settlement Agency and the Signal Corps Inspection Agency, both located in Philadelphia, also will be discontinued in April and their functions will be taken over by the Philadelphia Signal Corps Procurement District.

Lt. Col. Stanley H. Hankins, a veteran of the Bataan campaign and of Japanese prison camps on Luzon and in Manchuria, began a new tour of duty 29 March, when he took over the duties of Executive Officer at Holabird Signal Depot, Baltimore Md.

Corps of Chaplains—Part of a shipment of 2,500,000 New Testaments, 250,000 Christian hymn books and 100,000 complete Bibles, all printed in Japanese, have arrived in Tokyo for distribution by the Japanese Bible Society to Japanese Christians, according to word from Col. Iven L. Bennett, chief of Chaplains, GHQ. The volumes, gift of the American Bible Society, were turned over to the Japanese to promote a rebirth of Christianity in Japan, Colonel Bennett said.

Chaplain (Maj. Gen.) Luther D. Miller, Chief of Chaplains, USA, was the speaker at a luncheon meeting of Red Cross workers of Metropolitan Washington and Government Offices 28 March. Chaplain Miller was also on the program for the luncheon given in honor of General Omar Bradley, on 1 April.

Chaplain (Col.) Patrick J. Ryan, Deputy Chief of Chaplains, attended the Russell Conwell Breakfast Club of Philadelphia meeting.

Recent visitors to the Office of the Chief of Chaplains were: Chaplain (Capt.) Harry C. Wooding, Hqs. Ninth Service Command; Chaplain (Capt.) Edwin W. Levenenz, 1550 Service Command Unit, Ft. Knox, Ky.; Chaplain (Lt. Col.) Arthur C. Piepkorn, The Chaplain School, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.; Dr. Jesse Bader, Executive Secretary of the Department of Evangelism of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America; and Mr. D. Stewart Patterson, Executive Secretary, Methodist Commission on Chaplains.

Transportation Corps—Maj. Gen. Frank S. Ross, who has served as Chief of Transportation in the European Theater of Operations since April, 1942, has been

assigned to the New York Port of Embarkation effective 5 April, it was announced this week by Maj. Gen. Edmond H. Leavey, Chief of Transportation.

Maj. Gen. Clarence H. Kells, who commanded the Boston and San Francisco Ports of Embarkation for the Transportation Corps before assuming command of the New York port, will retire 4 April after 31 years' service.

The Chief of Transportation for the Central Pacific Area, Col. Werner W. Moore, TC, is under orders to return to the United States, where he will be assigned to the Transportation Corps Board at Ft. Monroe, Va.

Last week saw two important personnel changes within the Office of the Chief of Transportation. Col. John M. Pitzer, JAG, has been transferred to the OCT from the San Francisco Port of Embarkation to head the Legal Division. Col. Harold T. Miller, TC, Chief of the Fiscal Division, has been designated as Director, Staff Services.

Service Command—Lt. Gen. Walton H. Walker, commanding general of the Eighth Service Command, has awarded the Meritorious Service Unit Plaque to the Medical Detachment, 1857th Service Command Unit, Station Medical, Fort Sam Houston. The citation attributed the award "for superior performance of duty, achievement and maintenance of high standard of discipline from 26 October 1945 to 26 January 1946. During this period, while performing many difficult tasks in a superior manner, this organization had no absences without leave, no trials by courts-martial, no cases of sickness not in line of duty and no disciplinary cases under 104th Article of War. The display of military courtesy, the maintenance of equipment, willingness, cooperation and appearance of personnel was superior."

Judge Advocate General's Department—Units of the occupation forces in Japan have been directed by Lt. Gen. Robert L. Elchelberger, Commander of the Eighth Army, to establish occupation provost courts throughout Japan. These courts will have exclusive jurisdiction over all crimes of a comparatively minor nature committed by any civilian of any nationality against the occupation forces.

General Elchelberger's operational directive to organize the courts was announced following a meeting at Eighth Army Headquarters of the judge advocates of all army corps and divisions with Col. John J. O'Brien, Judge Advocate of the Army.

Medical Department—An effort on the part of the Germans to employ malaria as a military weapon by encouraging U. S. Army soldiers to disregard malaria prevention measures was discovered in German laboratory documents captured during the last phases of the war in Europe, according to a report submitted by Maj. Saul Jarcho, Director of the Medical Intelligence and Health Education Division, Preventive Medicine Service, Office of The Surgeon General.

The captured material, consisting of textbooks, reprints, and miscellaneous field notes, chiefly meteorological, also included a single sheet of paper on which was typewritten a short essay entitled "Italy's Malaria Belt."

Based on a theory that a case of malaria, along with subsequent relapses, will keep the soldier safe in the hospital and out of harm's way, the paper warns that anti-malarial drugs will upset the stomach and will "make the strongest man impotent." It also advises that mosquito nets keep out the fresh air and that a "regular guy" is not afraid of a few mosquitoes, anyway.

Finance Department—Col. L. E. Gruber, Chief of the Accounts Division, Office of the Chief of Finance, returned 1 April from a six-day trip to Atlanta, Ga., and Los Angeles, Calif. Colonel Gruber's trip was in conjunction with closing the Army Regional Accounting Offices in these cities.

Maj. K. O. Boyer was recently assigned to the Office of the Chief of Finance, Washington.

Officers recently relieved from the Office of the Chief of Finance, Washington, include: Col. J. H. Rees, Lt. Col. R. G. McKnew, Maj. J. F. Dingee, Major R. B. Brown, Major J. S. Tressler, and 1st Lt. Aaron Grobsteln.

Corps of Engineers—Col. William J. Ely, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Washington, D. C., has been assigned duty as Assistant to Resident Member of the Beach Erosion Board and Shore Protection Board, Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. Bruce W. Douglass, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Washington, D. C., has been assigned, unassigned, to Det. of Patients, Oliver General Hospital, Augusta, Ga.

Col. McDonald D. Wehnert has been transferred from Milwaukee Engineer District, Milwaukee, Wis., to the San Antonio Engineer District, San Antonio, Tex.

Maj. Earl R. Reynolds has been transferred from EORP ASFTC, Ft. Belvoir, Va., to the 2d Service Command, Governor's Island, N. Y.

Col. John H. Trescot has been transferred from EORP ASFTC, Ft. Belvoir, Va., to Ft. Lewis, Wash.

Capt. Joseph W. Lanford, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Washington, D. C., has been attached, unassigned, to Det. of Patients, ASF Reg. Hosp., Ft. Knox, Ky.

Lt. Col. Alexander H. Ellison has been transferred from EORP ASFTC, Ft. Belvoir, Va., to 2nd Service Command, Governor's Island, N. Y.

2nd Lts. John R. English and Donald Rathbun have been transferred from EORP ASFTC, Ft. Belvoir, Va., to the 2nd Service Command, Governor's Island, N. Y.

► **NATIONAL WAR COLLEGE.** Vice Admiral Harry W. Hill, USN, commandant of The National War College, has announced that the course of instruction will be broadened to cover a wider range of civilian subjects pertinent to national planning and national defense, including a study of foreign policy, international law and international relations. To this end a Board of Consultants, consisting of Dr. James P. Baxter, III, President of Williams College; Dr. Calvin B. Hoover, Dean of Graduate School of Duke University; Dr. William L. Langer of Harvard; Professor Arnold Wolfers of Yale University, and Dr. W. L. Wright of Princeton are presently conferring with Admiral Hill, Mr. Donald Russell, Assistant Secretary of State, and the two deputies, Maj. Gen. Alfred M. Gruenther and Brig. Gen. T. H. Landon, in Washington to assist in drawing up the curriculum for the first class which will start 3 Sept. 1946, in the building formerly occupied by the Army War College.

Navy Orders

(Continued from page 957)

Dept., temp duty pending assignment.
Fred E. McMillen, (SC), proceed home; relieved active duty.
Alexander H. Van Keuren, (Ret.), proceed home; relieved active duty.
Thomas Withers, proceed home; relieved active duty.

COMMODORES

Mark L. Hersey, jr., to NTS, Newport, R. I.,

temp duty pending assignment.
Robert C. Johnson, (CEC), to Public Works Office, NAS, Jacksonville, Fla.
Adrian B. Marron, to Commander, Inactive Fleet, Berthing Area, Boston, Mass.—add duty.
Robert G. Tobin, to PD and CO, PortDir Office, New York, with add duty on Staff of Commandant, Naval Base, New York.
Bernard O. Willis, (S), to PD and CO, Port Dir Office, San Francisco, with add duty on Staff of Commandant, Naval Base, San Francisco.

CAPTAINS

Charles S. Alden to PD and CO, PortDir Office, Boston, with add duty on Staff of Commandant, Naval Base, Boston.
Clarence L. C. Atkeson, jr., to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.
Jesse B. Bancroft, (DC), to Nav Hosp, Seattle, Wash.
Harry L. Bixby, to Com-11, San Diego, Calif., for duty in conn with a Gen Court Martial.
Frank E. Bollman, (S), proceed home; relieved active duty.
George F. Chapline, (A3D), Exam by Retiring Bd and orders home.
Edwin T. Day, (SE), to Naval Gun Factory, Wash., D. C.
Edwin A. Eddleborde, (SC), Exam by Retiring Bd and orders home.
Walter M. Foster, to NTS, Newport, R. I., for duty in conn with Line School.
Donald T. Giles, to Office of AsstSecNav, (Mat Div), Navy Dept.
John A. Hayes, (Ret.), proceed home; relieved active duty.
Eugene R. Hering, (MC), to Brigade Surgeon, 1st Special Marine Brigade, Camp Lejeune, N. C.
Warren C. Ives, (MCS), proceed home; relieved active duty.
Llewellyn J. Johns, to District Legal Officer, Com-12, San Francisco, Calif.
Frederick W. Laing, to AdminComd, NTC, Bainbridge, Md.
Clyde C. Laws, to Com-12, San Francisco, Calif., for duty in conn with a Gen Court Martial.
Charles E. Lord, (SC), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C., for separation.
Roy L. Lowman, (S) (proceed home; relieved active duty.
Arthur W. Loy, (MC), BuMed, Navy Dept.
Anton L. Mare, to PD and CO, PortDir Office, San Pedro, with add duty on Staff of Commandant, Naval Base, Terminal Is., San Pedro.
Kenneth C. McIntosh, (Ret.), (SC), to Supply Corps Liaison Officer, Grad School of Bus Admin, Harvard U., Boston, Mass.
Thomas C. Nicholls, Jr., (S), to O-in-C, Intake Station, NavSta, Green Cove Springs, Fla.
Frank W. Parsons, (D), to Com-11, San Diego, Calif., for separation.
Richard O. Patterson, (DM), to CO, USS Montauk, LSV 6.
Howard F. Ransford, (CEC), to Public Works Office, Com-9, Great Lakes, Ill.
Charles E. Reardon, to Commander, Naval Base, Key West, Fla.
Reed T. Roberts, to BuSanda, Navy Dept.
Burnice L. Rutt, to Com-12, San Francisco, Calif., for duty in conn with Gen Ct Martial.
Ardenne A. Stott, (MC), proceed home; relieved active duty.
Walter L. Taylor, to PD and CO, PortDir Office, Norfolk, Va., with add duty on Staff of Commandant, Naval Base, Norfolk.
Walter G. Thompson, (S), to Foreign Liquidation Comm, Manila, P. I.
Roland B. Vanasse, to Asst Operations Officer, 7th Fleet.
Phillip P. Welch to Chief of Staff and Aide, Amphib Tra Command, Atlantic.

COMMANDERS

Milton F. Angle, (SC), to Staff Supply Officer, Alameda Grp, 19th Fleet.
Daniel Bontecou, (DM), to ComCortDiv-2.
Bernard L. Branley, (MC), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C., for separation.
Richard H. Braue, (C), to Staff—Amphib Group 3.
Ovid M. Butler, to CO, USS Redfish, SS 395.
John S. Cowan, (MC), Med Battalion, Camp Lejeune, N. C.
William A. Dean, jr., to Commander, Air Group 17.
Robert G. Dose, (A1), to Commander, Carrier Air Group 51.
Frank A. Ellis, (MC), to Nav Hosp, Corpus Christi, Tex.
Glenn G. English, (MC), to USS Fargo, CL 108.
Noel A. M. Gayler, to Office of Research and Inventions (Special Devices Division), Sands Point, Port Washington, N. Y.
Hugh M. Godsey, (DM), to nearest Nav Dist for separation.
Pliny G. Holt, (AIL), to USS Palau, CVE 122—Air Officer.
Auel B. Kerr, to Shipyard, Mare Is., Calif.
Robert D. King, to Com-9, Great Lakes, Ill., temp duty pending assignment.
Morton L. Lillie, (MC), Nav Hosp, Alca, T. H. William P. Mack, to O-in-C, NAPS, NTC, Bainbridge, Md.
Girard L. McEntee, III, Exam by Nav Retiring Bd and orders home.
Charles F. McGivern, to CO, USS Lizardfish, SS 373.
John D. Miller, jr., (D), to CO, USS Delong, DE 684.
John C. Morgan, to CO, USS Harlan R. Dickson, DD 708.
Andrew E. Morrison, (MC), to Nav Hosp, NTC, Great Lakes, Ill.
Harry M. Murdock, (MC)S, to nearest Separation Act for separation.
Francis C. Nash, (S), to Special assistant to SecNav, Navy Dept.
James H. Newell, to Commander, Carrier Air Group 18.
Robert J. Oliver, to CO, USS Richard B. Kraus, DD 849.
Rodney K. Peterson, (MC), to Nav Aux Air Sta, Rodd Field, Texas.

Joseph E. Rehler, (CEC), to Atlantic Div, BuYds & Docks, New York, N. Y.
Bruce P. Ross, to CO, USS Eversole, DD 739.
Edwin F. Saxman, jr., S(A5), to Office of Research and Inventions (Special Devices Division), Sands Point, Port Washington, N. Y.
Frederick J. Schroeder, to Inspection Officer, NAS, Jacksonville, Fla.—add duty.
William S. Stewart, to NTS, (General Line School), Newport, R. I.
Eugene T. R. Stone, (MC), to Recruiting Sta, New York, with add duty in Office of Recruiting and Induction, Second Joint Serv Induction Area, New York.
Frederic F. Wiperman, (MC), to NAS, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

2 April 1946

Captains

Edward S. Addison, to XO, Naval Ordnance Plant, York, Pa.
Brainerd N. Bock, to proceed home; relieved active duty.
David O. Bowman, to proceed home; relieved active duty.
George M. Bowman, (SE), to Com-12, San Francisco, Calif. temp. duty and assignment by BuPers.
James H. Chadwick, to Shipyard, Philadelphia, Pa.
Chester L. Clement, to Chief Staff Officer, Transport Squadron 1.
Curry E. Eason, (Ret.), to proceed home; relieved active duty.
Charles L. Freeman, to Discipline Officer, Com-11, San Diego, Calif.
Joseph W. Hammond, (SE3), to BuShips, Navy Dept. temp. duty pending assignment.
Patrick Henry, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.
William S. Howard, Jr., to BuShips, Navy Dept.
Charles L. Hutton, to Com-13, Seattle, Wash. for duty in conn. with Gen. Court Martial.
Lewis G. Jordan, (MC), to Chief of Nat. Div., Bureau of Medicine, at Nav. Medical Supply Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.—additional duty.
Berwick B. Lanier, (DE), to JAG's Office, Navy Dept.
Arthur Laverents, (A3), to proceed home; relieved active duty.
Frederick K. Loomis, to CO, Admin. Com., NTC, Great Lakes, Ill.
Ross C. Parker, (D), to proceed home; relieved active duty.
Myron T. Richardson, to O-in-C, Navy Recruiting Bureau, White Plains, N. Y.—add. duty.
Clinton J. Thro, (SC), to Supply Officer, Norfolk Shipyard, Portsmouth, Va.
Stuart D. Truesdell, to Exam. by Retiring Bd. and release from active duty.
Charles K. Weidner, (CEC), to BuYds & Docks, Navy Dept.
Rintoul T. Whitney, to CO, USS Thuban, AKA 19.

Commanders

Oliver W. Bagby, jr., to CO, USS Thornback, SS 418.
George T. Baker, to XO, NAD, Shumaker, Ark.
Dennis S. Crowley, to proceed home; relieved active duty.
John A. Doolan, (SL), to UnderSecNav, Navy Dept.
John S. Glover, to proceed home; relieved active duty.
Julius W. Jockusch, (DL), to CO, Separation Center, Sampson, N. Y.
Alberto Larrain, (EM), to New York Shipyard, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Louis C. Mabley, (DE), to XO, USS Sevier, APA 233.
George Q. Mansfield, (S), to Fire Marshal, Nav. Base, Boston, Mass. add. duty.
Lucien B. McDonald, to nearest Nav. Dist. temp. duty pending assignment.
Brockett Muir, (SL), to Office of the Admin. Officer, Navy Dept.
George L. Neely, (SE), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.
William J. Quinn, (S), to proceed home; relieved active duty.
Robert G. Smith, (A), to Separation Center, Los Angeles, Calif. for separation.
Harold A. Stockenberg, (SC), to Supply Officer, NATTC, Memphis, Tenn.
Harold V. Wardlow, (C), to Com-3, New York, N. Y. for duty under the Senior Navy Liaison Officer, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.
William A. Weeks, (CEC), to Office of Superintending Civil Engineer, Area VII, Seattle, Wash.

3 April 1946

Admiral

Charles P. Snyder, (Ret.), to Office of Sec Nav, Navy Dept.

Rear Admirals

Malcolm F. Schoeffel, to Deputy Chief and AsstChief BuOrd, Navy Dept.
Alexander Sharp, to Proceed home; relieved active duty.

Captains

Rae E. Arison, to Staff—16th Fleet, New York, N. Y.
Theodore C. Ayward, to 16th Fleet.
Miltmore W. Brush, to BuPers, Navy Dept. temp duty pending assignment.
John C. Daniel, to CO, USS Eldorado, AGC 11.
Carl M. Dumbauld, (MC), to XO, NavHosp, Chelsea, Mass.
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Navy Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Jonathan P. Falconer, (CEC), to Public Works Div, New York Shipyard, Brooklyn, N. Y.

George M. Holley, to CO, NTS, Navy Pier, Chicago, Ill.
Miles H. E. Hubbard, to BuOrd, Navy Dept.
Berwick B. Lanier, (DE), to JAG's Office, Navy Dept.

Edward R. McKenzie, (SC), to Exam by Retiring Bd and orders home.

Phillip S. McLennan, (MC), to Sen Med Officer, Repair Case, New Orleans, La.

Charles H. K. Miller, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept. temp duty pending assignment.

Arthur P. Morton, (MC), to Nav Hospital, Parris Island, S. C.

John T. O. O'Connell, (MC), to Repair Base, San Diego, Calif.

William H. Organ, to Electronics Officer, Terminal I Shipyard, San Pedro, Calif.

Granville H. Poets, (AD), to Fleet Voting Officer, ServLant.

Charles Schaaf, (SC), to Com-13, Seattle, Wash., Dist Supply Officer—add duty.

Roger F. Scott, to CO, USS Neches, AO 47.

William Sinton, to Comdr., NATB, Pensacola, Fla.

Robert F. Sledge, (MC), to MO-in-C, Nav Med Supply Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.

William D. Small, (MC), to MO-in-C, Hosp Corps School, Nav Hosp NTC, Bainbridge, Md.

Harry Smith, to U. S. Naval Attache and Naval Attache for Air, Union of South Africa, Pretoria, South Africa.

Errol W. Willett, (DC), to NAS, Alameda, Calif. with add duty on staff, Naval Air Base, Com-12, San Francisco, Calif.

Thomas P. Wilson, to Personnel Officer, NAS, Pensacola, Fla.

Commanders

Carl Ernest Abbey (DC), to NAS, Quonset Point, R. I.

Frederick E. Armstrong, (SAT), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.

Edward A. Bacon, (S), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.

Earl R. Crawford, to CO, USS Blueback, SS 324.

John M. Davidson, Jr., (AL), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.

Joseph F. Deegan, (SC), to O-in-C, Commissary Store, Nav Cen Sampson, N. Y.—add duty.

Bruce G. Dennis, (D), to CO, USS Palisana, AF 39.

Paul Deranian, (MC), to Flight Surgeon, PhilSeaFron.

Healey G. Hansen, (DM), to nearest Nav

Dist temp duty pending assignment.

Arthur C. House, Jr., to O-in-C, Navy Recruiting Sta Macon, Ga.

Robert B. Johnson, (MC), to Nav Hosp, Alea, T. H.

Joseph T. Lawler, (A1), to CO and XO, USS Esperance, CVE 88.

Walter H. MacWilliams, (HC), to Proceed home; relieved active duty.

Macy G. Martin, (DC), to Nav Con, Faragut, Idaho—add duty.

Robert H. Mershon, (MC), to NAS, Miami, Fla.

Ellery C. Midgett, (DM), to nearest Nav Dist temp duty in conn with separation.

Owen B. Murphy, (D), XO, USS Rockingham, APA 229.

John L. Nestor, to Staff—San Diego Underway Tra Unit, San Diego, Calif.

Terrell A. Nisewander, to Office of Dir of PubInfo, Navy Dept.—temp duty.

Arthur E. Pfrommer, SC(S), to Acceptance of Resignation from USNR.

Walter E. Premo, (A3), to NAS, Seattle, Wash.

Frederick M. Prouty, (A1), to Naval Air Base, Orote, Guam, Marianas.

Bertrand D. Quinn, to Navigator, USS Franklin D. Roosevelt, CVB 32.

Oliver F. Ramsey, (S), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.

William K. Shaughnessy, (DL), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.

Francis W. Silk, to USNA, Annapolis, Md.

Frank K. Slason, to Aeronautical Engine Lab, Nav Air Mat Cen, Philadelphia, Pa.

Hugo J. Strieder, (MC), to Acceptance of Resignation from USNR.

Jesse H. Sultor, (MC), to NAS, Memphis, Tenn.

John Thiemeyer, Jr., (MC), to NavHosp, NavBase, Norfolk, Va.

Warren R. Thompson, to CO and XO, USS Ticonderoga, CV 14.

Ignatius N. Tripl, to O-in-C, Navy Purchasing Office, San Francisco, Calif.

Cecil L. Wittson, (MCS), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.

4 April 1946

Vice Admiral

William L. Calhoun, to Proceed home; relieved active duty.

Commodore

Frederick Moosbrugger, to CO, General Line Schl, NTS, Newport, R. I.

Captains

George M. Baum, (Ret.), to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.

Spencer A. Carlson, to Assistant Commander, Naval Facilities, China.

James H. Chadwick, to Naval Shipyard, Philadelphia, Pa.

Benjamin W. Cloud, to Dir of Welfare Com-4, Philadelphia, Pa.

Bailey Connelly, to Com-3, New York, N. Y. temp duty pending assignment.

Thomas V. Cooper, to Assistant Chief of Staff for Personnel, Com-4, Philadelphia, Pa.—add duty.

Clarence E. Cortner, to BuPers, Navy Dept. for temp duty pending assignment.

Shirley Y. Cutler, to Representative of Head of Postgrad School in conn with admin of Curricula of postgrad students at California Institute of Tech, Pasadena, Calif.

Harry H. Deringer, (Ret.), to Exam by Retiring Bd and release from active duty.

Louis Dreiler, to Commander, Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Herbert Dumatre, (CHC), to BuPers, Navy Dept.—temp duty.

Oliver W. Gaines, to Admin Div Naval Shipyard, Mare Island, Calif.

Gustavo N. Johansen, to Commander Mine Division 7.

Roy R. Marken, (CHC), to Chaplain, Fleet

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Marine Force, Pacific.

Charles E. McCombs, to CO, USS Wyandot, AKA 92.

Edward D. McDougal, Jr., (SL), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.

Robert R. McGregor, to Inspector of Navy Recruiting and Induction, 7th Joint Service Induction Area, Omaha, Nebraska.

Solomon F. Oden, to CO, USS Leo, AKA 60.

Harold E. Parker, to Head, Dept of Seamanship and Navigation, USNA, Annapolis, Md.

Charles H. Perdue, (DE), to Staff—Com-11, San Diego, Calif.

Frederick E. Porter, (Ret.), MC, to Proceed home; relieved active duty.

Robert L. Porter, Jr., to Base Operation Officer, Nav Base, Philadelphia, Pa.

(Please turn to Page 969)

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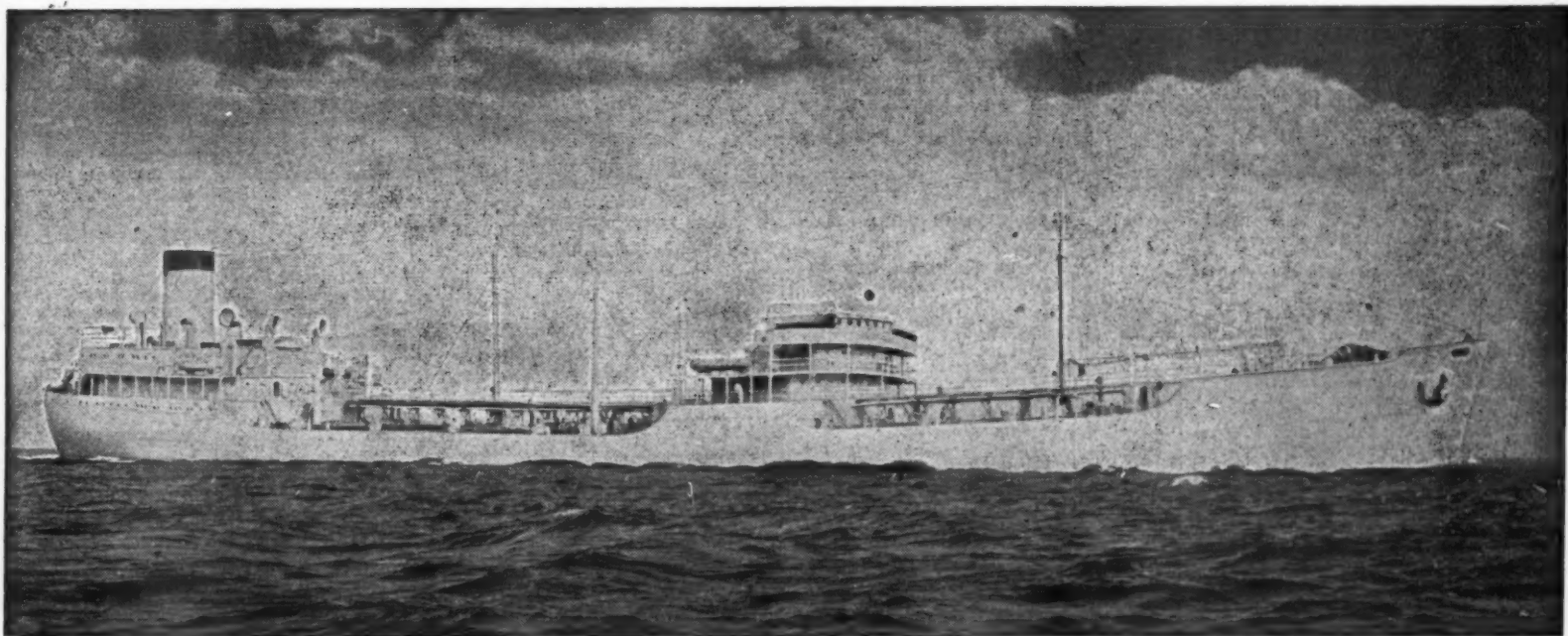
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Awards and Decorations

Medal of Honor

*Corp. Harry R. Harr for saving the lives of four 31st (Dixie) Infantry division comrades by smothering an exploding Japanese hand grenade under his own body in June 1945.

M/Sgt. Charles L. McGaha for gallantry 7 February 1945, near Lupao, Luzon, P. I., where, although wounded himself in a rescue mission through enemy fire, he assumed command of his leaderless platoon and deliberately moved out in front to draw enemy fire until the last American had gained a safer position.

Comdr. Richard H. O'Kane, as Commanding Officer of the USS Tang operating against two Japanese convoys on 23-24 October 1944, during her fifth and last war patrol, maneuvered boldly against three tankers, a freighter and transport, and later, sent torpedoes into two transports and a tanker at 1,000-yard range.

Distinguished Service Cross

Capt. Paul H. Frederick, Inf.; *Capt. James C. Kennett, Inf.

Distinguished Service Medal (OSL)

Lt. Gen. John K. Cannon, AAF (20CL); Maj. Gen. Clements McMullen; Maj. Gen. Howard A. Craig; Maj. Gen. Russell L. Maxwell; Brig. Gen. Frederick L. Hayden; Brig. Gen. John Reed Kilpatrick.

Distinguished Service Medal

Lt. Gen. Robert C. Richardson, Jr.; Maj. Gen. Julian S. Hatcher; Maj. Gen. Glendon M. Barnes; Maj. Gen. Philip E. Brown; Maj. Gen. James A. Code, Jr.; Maj. Gen. Guy V. Henry; Maj. Gen. Archer L. Lerch; Maj. Gen. George F. Dull; Maj. Gen. Shelley U. Marietta; Brig. Gen. Roswell E. Hardy; Brig. Gen. Fremont B. Hodson; Brig. Gen. Burton O. Lewis; Brig. Gen. John Magruder; Brig. Gen. Franklin Babcock; Brig. Gen. William W. Bessell, Jr.; Brig. Gen. Raymond W. Bliss, MC; Brig. Gen. Walter P. Bontwright; Brig. Gen. Joseph S. Bradley; Brig. Gen. William A. Campbell; Brig. Gen. Edwin W. Chamberlin; Brig. Gen. Henry B. Chandle; Brig. Gen. Carter W. Clarke; Brig. Gen. Elliot D. Cooke; Brig. Gen. W. Preston Corderman; Brig. Gen. Rollo C. Ditto; Brig. Gen. Georges F. Doriot; Baker, GSC; Col. Lawrence J. Lincoln, GSC; Col. Frederick S. Matthews, GSC; Col. Walter A. Metcalf, USA; Col. Thomas H. Nixon, Ord; Col. Thomas D. Roberts, GSC; Col. Cyrus Q. Shelton, CAC; Col. Everett Busch, QMC; Col. Marshall S. Carter, GSC; Col. Franklin S. Forsberg, GSC; Col. Charles L. Hall, CE; Col. Paul D. Harkins, GSC; Col. Raymond C. Kramer, GSC.

Legion of Merit

Vice Adm. Lynde D. McCormick (GS); Rear Adm. Walter A. Buck (SC) (GS); Rear Adm. Lawrence B. Richardson; Rear Adm. Frederick G. Crisp (GS); Rear Adm. Harold W. Smith (MC) retired; Commo. John Clausel Adams (MC); Commo. Paulus Prince Powell (GS); Capt. Theodore B. Focke, USNR; Capt. Francis L. Albert (ChC); Capt. Theodore Lonnquest; Capt. Henry E. Eccles; Capt. Calvin M. Bolster; Rear Adm. Theodore D. Rudock, Jr. (3GS); Rear Adm. Albert G. Noble (2GS); Rear Adm. M. B. Garner, USN-Ret. (GS); Rear Adm. A. H. Van Keuren, USN-Ret.; Rear Adm. Harold T. Smith; Commo. Carlos A. Bailey; Commo. Lemuel Phillips Padgett, Jr.; Rear Adm. Thomas C. Anderson (MC); Capt. Theodore Schumacher; Maj. Gen. Patrick J. Hurley; Brig. Gen. Lyman P. Whitten (OCL); Col. Roland E. Stafford, SC; Col. Hew B. McDermid, MC; Col. S. Irvine, AC (OCL); Col. William O. Senter, AC (OCL); Lt. Col. William D. Elster, CE; Col. Herbert J. Lawes, Ord; Col. Delmar S. Lenzner, Ord; Col. Walter H. Soderholm, Lt. Col. Francis C. Crotty, Ord; Lt. Col. Frederick A. Ritchie, Ord; Col. Clarence E. Lovejoy, GSC; Col. Harry C. Fraser, ChC; Col. Roy H. Parker, ChC; Col. Walter B. Zimmerman, ChC; Lt. Col. Melvin W. Embury, SC; Col. Robert M. Blanchard; Col. Bogardus S. Cairns; Col. Hugh Mackintosh; 1st Lt. Leroy R. Peterson; Col. William M. Hutson; Lt. Col. Rudolph Barlow; Lt. Col. Otto H. Hege-mann, FA; M/Sgt. Robert M. George; 1st Sgt. Edwin J. Motika; Col. Herman J. Crig-ger; Lt. Col. Robert L. Macellian, FD; T/Sgt. Arthur W. Bishop, QMC.

Brig. Gen. Donald B. Adams (3OCL); Brig. Gen. Donald B. Adams (2OCL); Brig. Gen. Frederick A. Blasse, MC (OCL); Brig. Gen. Thomas B. Catron, II (OCL); Brig. Gen. William E. Chickering (OCL); Brig. Gen. John F. Davis (OCL); Maj. Gen. Kenneth T. Blood; Maj. Gen. Irving A. Fish; Maj. Gen. Walter S. Grant; Maj. Gen. Julian S. Hatcher; Maj. Gen. Rene DeR. Hoyle; Maj. Gen. Archer L. Lerch; Maj. Gen. J. Garesche, Ord; Brig. Gen. John M. Eager; Brig. Gen. Harvey Edward; Brig. Gen. Nathaniel H. Eggleston; Brig. Gen. Vincent J. Esposito; Brig. Gen. Louis F. Guerre; Brig. Gen. Harold R. Harris; Brig. Gen. Andrew D. Hopping; Brig. Gen. John T. Kennedy; Brig. Gen. John J. Kingman; Brig. Gen. Harry R. Kutz; Brig. Gen. Richard C. Lindsay; Brig. Gen. Frank C. McConnell; Brig. Gen. Wilbur R. McReynolds; Brig. Gen. Edward L. Munson; Brig. Gen. James R. Alfante; Brig. Gen. Donald Armstrong; Brig. Gen. Calvert H. Arnold; Brig. Gen. William Andros Barron, Jr.; Brig. Gen.

Hubert W. Beyette; Brig. Gen. John S. Bragdon; Brig. Gen. Thomas F. Bresnahan; Brig. Gen. Frank S. Clark; Brig. Gen. W. Preston Corderman; Brig. Gen. Richard C. Coupland; Brig. Gen. James B. Crawford; Robert W. Crichtow, Jr.; Brig. Gen. Ralph G. De Voe;

Lt. Col. Tull N. Gearreald, QMC; Col. Richard H. Wilmer, GSC; Col. Luke W. Finley, TC; Col. John R. Lovell, CAC; Col. Johnson McGuire, MC; Col. Robert D. McLeod, CWS; Col. Clarence R. Peck; GSC; Col. Donald A. Poorman, GSC; Col. Kal E. Rasmussen, CAC; Col. Alan Richardson, GSC; Col. Feodor Otto Schmidt, GSC; Col. John S. Seybold, CE; Col. Frank Ward, Inf.; Col. Andrew D. Warwick, TC; Col. Preston B. Waterbury, Inf.; Lt. Col. Alan M. Galletly, AC; Lt. Col. Emil Pasolli, Jr.; USA; Lt. Col. Everett W. Ryan, MC; Lt. Col. Charles S. Solit, FD; Lt. Col. Howard L. Stier, QMC; Lt. Col. John G. Turner, CAC; Lt. Col. Stanley H. Walters, Ord; Lt. Col. Elmer H. Ward, QMC; Maj. Robert E. Benson, Ord; Maj. Patrick T. MacQueen, GSC; Claude R. Minard, GSC; Capt. Virginia L. Williams, WAC;

Col. Hans Christian Adamson, AC (OLC); Col. Earle D. Bottom, Ord; Col. Robert H. Bradshaw, FD; Col. Eugene T. Brenna, Inf.; Col. Robert G. Butler, Jr., Ord; Col. Burr N. Carter, MC; Col. Louis E. Cotulla, GSC; Col. John E. Craig, TC; Col. Richard Z. Crane, Ord; Col. Sydney W. Gould, TC; Col. George W. Hinman, GSC; Col. J. Bryan Hobbs, AGD; Col. Walker W. Holler, Ord; Col. John A. Hunt, IGD; Col. Catesby C. Jones, GSC; Col. Herman O. Lane, IGD; Lt. Col. Samuel T. Adams, GSC; Lt. Col. Raymond O. Crabtree, GSC; Lt. Col. Ralph D. Curtis, TC; Lt. Col. Edwin C. Glantz, GSC; Lt. Col. Edna B. Groope, ANC; Lt. Col. Cyril D. Hill, CAC; Lt. Col. Eugene P. Kavanaugh, TC; Lt. Col. Joe E. Lea, FD; Lt. Col. Henry G. Lester, Jr., GSC; Maj. Herman A. Gumienick, QMC; Col. William B. Leitch, GSC; Col. Alexander B. MacNabb, TC; Col. Thomas K. McElroy, JAGD.

Silver Star

Maj. Gen. John Millikin, FA; Col. Harry C. Larter, Jr.; *Enio John Centofanti, Sic, USCG; *Rollin Arnold Fritch, Sic, USCG; *Charles Joseph Hughes, Sic, USCG; *Sam "W" King, Cox, USCG; *Ralph Eugene Martin, 2nd, USCG; *Thomas Elbert Owens, Sic, USCG; *Donald J. E. Seutter, SC2c, USCG.

Air Medal

Lt. Kenneth D. Smith, USNR (5GS); Col. Clarence S. Irvine, AC; Capt. G. L. Miller; Commo. Paul B. Tuzo, Jr., USN.

Soldier's Medal

Lt. Col. John T. Compton, AAF; Lt. Haskell D. Hatfield, MC; Maj. James A. O'Gorman, ChC; Maj. Curtin L. Reinhardt, AAF; Capt. Salvatore M. Castelluccio, AAF; Capt. Herbert O. Morrison, AAF; Capt. John S. Rogers, MC; Capt. Gerald H. Townsend, AAF; Capt. Robert W. Vincent, AAF; 1st Lt. William H. Kelpien, MC; 1st Lt. John M. Lile, AAF; 1st Lt. Lee A. Milton, AAF; 2nd Lt. William B. Cummings, Jr., AAF; WO (Jg) David C. Keisacker, AAF; M/Sgt. Henry J. Faeth, AAF; S/Sgt. Arnold C. Duquette, AAF; S/Sgt. Arthur M. Fuller, AAF; S/Sgt. Clarence J. Gable, AAF; S/Sgt. James G. Justice, AAF; Sgt. Robert W. Jones, AAF; Sgt. Lawrence V. Kriger AAF; Sgt. Jerry Lieberman, AAF; Sgt. Kenneth G. Miller, AAF; Sgt. Jose A. Prieto, AAF; Sgt. Adelbert A. Roberts, AAF; Sgt. Harry Statman, AAF; Sgt. Herbert Sutton, AAF; Sgt. William S. Van Gilder, AAF; Cpl. Richard J. Grafton, AAF; Cpl. Frederick H. Fletcher, AAF; Cpl. Howard E. Guest, AAF; Cpl. John J. Madsen, AAF; Martin M. Surabian, AAF; Pfc. Robert Everett, Jr., AAF; Pfc. Hale D. Hampton, AAF; Pfc. Robert E. Jones, Jr., AAF; Pfc. Harold Southworth, AAF; Pfc. Percy J. Wells, AAF; Pvt. Hiram L. Wilkins, AAF; 1st Lt. William J. Rowland, CE; 2nd Lt. Clayton B. Frazer, CE; 2nd Lt. Donald S. Smith, AC.

Bronze Star

Rear Adm. George C. Dyer, USN; Capt. Bert F. Brown, USN; Comdr. Harold E. Baker, USN; Capt. Daniel N. Logan, USN; Comdr. Abbot Peterson, Jr. (ChC) USN (GS); Capt. Francis Lee Albert, (ChC) USN; 1st Lt. Henry L. Klim, Inf; M/Sgt. Jonnie J. Key; Cpl. Raymond A. Perrin; Lt. Col. John K. Borneman, ChC (OLC); Maj. John J. Dugan, ChC; 2nd Lt. Edward O. Welles, USA.

Navy Commendation Ribbon

Comdr. Elizabeth M. O'Brien, (NC), USN; Capt. Harry M. Peterson, (ChC), USN; Comdr. Everett P. Wuebbens, (ChC), USN; Comdr. George A. Rosso, (ChC), USN; Comdr. Newell A. Atwood, USNR; Comdr. H. Gordon Dyke, USNR; Comdr. J. T. Burwell, Jr., USNR; Lt. Mary E. Wallace, USNR(W); Lt. Robert R. Close, USNR; Comdr. Henry C. I. Knutson, USNR; Comdr. Richard Whiting, USNR; Lt. Comdr. Arthur E. Hungerford, Jr., USNR; Lt. Comdr. James H. Wakelin, USNR; CSM Daniel D. Weiss, USCG; BMIC William M. Glynn, USCGR; RM2c Thomas Francis Driscoll, USCGR; BM2c Valeriano Justo Rouillet, USCGR; MM2c Earl Melton, USCGR; MoMM3c Earlie Darracott Arnold, USCGR.

Army Commendation Ribbon

Col. George Dobert, QMC; Maj. Ross R. Cole, QMC; Maj. Porter E. Perry, QMC; Capt. Paul C. Scott, QMC; Lt. John Frinak, QMC; Lt. Col. John F. Dingee, FD; Capt. R. T. Krock, FD; Lt. Col. Homer A. Hollingshead, CE; Capt. Paul W. Selter, Jr., QMC.

Navy Unit Commendations

USS LCS(L) 84; USS LCS(L) 122; USS Trepan (SS-412).

Meritorious Service Unit Plaque

The 1864th Service Command Unit, Prisoner of War Camp, Fort Sill, Okla.

Navy and Marine Corps Medal

*Lt. Eugene R. Shannon, (ChC), USNR. Medal of French Recognition

Capt. Frank H. Lash, (ChC), USN.

* Posthumous award.

Navy Promotions

The following temporary promotions and reappointments of officers of the Regular Navy have been made:

| Recapit. Vice Admiral | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| A. S. Carpenter | Comdr. to Capt. |
| A. B. Dorsey, (Ret.) | Recapit. Comdr. |
| L. W. Dufresne | Lt. Comdr. to Comdr. |
| M. P. Domingues | Paul Graf |
| J. J. Davis, Jr., (SC) | J. L. Nestor |
| Recapit. Lt. Comdr. | |
| G. L. Skidmore | B. Hancock |
| C. H. Austin | Lt. to Lt. Comdr. |
| H. R. Glidden | George Bier |
| A. W. Wilson | M. B. Calkins |
| C. A. Murray, (SC) | W. M. Coker |
| J. E. Ardeser | R. E. Butler |
| J. L. Nestor | A. Di Cerchio |
| Recapit. Lt. | |
| B. H. Groundwater | F. C. Caplinger, (SC) |
| J. M. Simpson | Homer Mayo |
| Lt. (Jg) to Lt. | |
| T. B. Armstrong | F. Le Ribens |
| E. W. Drake | W. W. Litchfield |
| M. K. Bowman | G. D. McConnell |
| R. E. Dewey | W. J. Phelps |
| H. L. Jackson | J. H. Renninger |
| C. F. Johnson | J. N. Shamburg |
| J. T. Keenan | J. P. Toth |
| Recapit. Lt. (Jg) | |
| T. L. Enwright | F. McCartt |
| F. L. Foster | Lt. to Lt. (Jg) |
| P. Stangler, Jr. | P. M. McCluskey |
| R. H. Habecker | J. F. Regan |
| D. C. Wooldridge | J. T. Smith |
| H. A. Lundblom, (SC) | To Lt. (Jg) |
| CREER J. Donaldson | CPC F. G. Zirkle, (SC) |
| CSC T. Hofer | Bosn. P. T. Woods |
| CPC C. B. Glaze, (SC) | To Ensign |
| RE E. B. Hood | J. H. Malinowski, |
| S. E. Bailey, APIC | APIC |
| | D. H. Beaman, APIC |
| To GWO | |
| K. H. Otten, to Ch. | L. A. Sobbs, to Ch. |
| Bosn. | Mach. |
| L. C. Johnson, to Ch. | J. H. Rowe, to CPC |
| Mach. | E. R. Morey, to CPC |
| To WO | |
| H. C. Owens, to APC | D. R. Flood, to Pharm. |

Navy Retirements

Retirement of the following officers, effective 1 April 1946, has been announced by the Navy Department: (Officers of the Regular Navy are indicated by an asterisk).

| RETIREMENTS 1 March 1946 | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| *Rear Adm. A. J. Chantry, Jr. | Captains |
| *W. F. Amsden | *G. W. Johnson |
| *C. N. Hinkamp | H. W. Webber |
| Commanders | |
| C. L. Ashley | R. S. Hayes |
| W. A. Drury | W. H. E. Keeler |
| G. F. Forster | Lt. Commanders |
| F. J. Courtney | E. E. Patton |
| R. C. Follett | J. H. Segel |
| H. J. Mold | R. S. Stratton |
| Lieutenants | |
| F. L. Battan | J. L. McWeeny |
| J. A. Booth | L. F. Mahan |
| E. D. Brooks | D. P. Meier, Jr. |
| W. H. Carter | J. C. Morgan |
| C. E. Cessna, Jr. | E. C. Nilan |
| D. C. Chase | H. C. Rakestraw |
| *H. P. Coffin | *G. LeR. Reeves |
| *H. L. DeGivie, Jr. | C. M. Saffer |
| D. B. Chaffee | E. E. Shonberg |
| E. M. Dickson | H. C. Snyder |
| *R. W. Dillard | W. E. Sweet |
| J. V. Ferguson | W. M. Thomas |
| R. L. Gorr | W. L. Vaughan, Jr. |
| R. B. Haven | S. E. Walker |
| B. T. Himes, Jr. | E. E. Wetteter |
| H. W. Himes | S. R. Wiley |
| E. J. Ingram | A. B. Wilson |
| M. R. Karvonen | S. E. Walker |
| F. Katz | T. W. Wood |
| B. L. Kubert | Lieutenants (Jg) |
| Joe Aizpuru | *T. L. Jammes |
| F. A. Birchmore | J. T. Kain |
| A. W. Buck | R. F. Kelley |
| C. E. Cashman | L. A. Kovreg |
| E. McK. Duffey | H. M. Maxwell |
| C. M. Haar | B. J. O'Hearn |
| L. P. Harrison | W. L. Pallot |
| A. E. Harvey | R. K. Pearson |

J. G. Piccinati
N. F. Robertson
D. W. Ryder
H. J. Schorer
P. M. Slano, Jr.

D. W. Froman
Van Dyke Wilson
C. P. Wolfsehr
W. B. Yarbrough

Rear Admiral

R. W. Anderson
R. E. Combs
A. V. Connett
L. W. Francis
B. H. Garlock
F. E. Harrington
F. J. Jirka, Jr.
R. B. W. Johnston
*S. V. Kalafarski
W. E. Koss
J. W. Lindsey
J. F. Moore
M. B. Oliver
M. B. Oliver
G. C. R. Peabody
N. R. Sewell, Jr.
E. A. Stamm
*Ch Bosn B. E. Hart
*Ch Torp A. Deery
*Ch Mach J. H. Jolly
1/2 Ch Photographer
P. F. LeRoy, Jr.
*Ch Bosn J. H. Lang

STAFF CORPS

| Captains | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| *R. R. Doss, MC, USN | A. M. Master, MC |
| *O. W. Leidel, SC | *G. H. Williams, 80 |
| Commanders | |
| J. H. Closson, MC | H. A. Sohm, MC |
| F. McK. Hall, MC | A. C. Webb, DC |
| Lt. Commanders | |
| J. McR. Bethen, MC | H. B. Macey, MC, (8) |
| R. B. Cook, CEC | P. B. Maguire, MC |
| M. A. Dalton, MC | J. C. Riffe, MC |
| D. J. Fitzgibbon, DC | W. D. Owens, MC |
| A. H. Friedrich, MC | J. M. Robinson, MC |
| E. M. Kackley, MC | J. L. Rosasco, MC |
| B. H. Keyserling, MC | J. R. Sory, MC |
| T. A. McInerney, SC | G. P. Thibodeau, CEC |
| Lieutenants | |
| E. J. Blot, SC | L. C. Greenfield, MC |
| J. J. Carpenter, CEC | P. J. Hackett, Jr., SC |
| J. F. Culp, SC | W. G. Hardy, MC |
| *J. H. Davis, MC | J. P. Keeley, Jr. |
| *K. N. Flowers, HC | W. B. Lovejoy, Jr. |
| *E. F. Floyd, HC | SC |
| G. D. Geer, CEC | A. J. Mendenhall, MC |
| E. E. Georgian, DC | R. A. Ruffer, MC |
| Lieutenants (Jg) | |
| L. W. Able, MC | P. R. Lohman, HC |
| J. R. Caldwell, MC-V(S) | N. F. Gregor, Jr., CEC |
| *W. F. Charron, HC | H. J. Blot, SC |
| Ensigns | |
| W. B. Neal, SC | Carp L. M. Tarbet, |
| *J. R. Stafford, HC | CEC |
| *J. E. Thompson, SC | *Carp G. P. Watson, |
| Ch Carp H. A. | CEC |
| Wright, CEC | Carp G. E. Van Hynd- |
| Carp B. M. Eaton, | hoven, CEC |
| CEC | Carp D. A. Yost, CBO |

VOLUNTARY RETIREMENT

Rear Adm. Charles Perry Mason, USN. (39) years.

Calendar of Legislation

ACTION ON LEGISLATION

S. 1907. Authorizing permanent appointments in the Regular Navy and Marine Corps. Passed, amended, by House.
S. 1521. For additional housing for veterans. Signed by President.
S. 1739. To reimburse certain Navy personnel for personal property lost or damaged by fires at various Navy shore activities. Passed by House.
H. R. 3959. To provide for the burial at Arlington Cemetery of the remains of an unknown member of the Armed Forces who lost his life while serving overseas. Passed by House.
H. R. 5044. To provide for absentee voting by members of the Armed Forces who may be outside the United States. Passed, amended, by House.

BILLS INTRODUCED

S. 2010. Sen. Mead, N. Y. To authorize appointment as chaplains in the Regular Army of certain members of the Officers' Reserve Corps over 45 years of age who served on active duty in the AUS for at least 5 years.
H. R. 5074. Rep. McGlinchey, Pa. Relating to the appointment of warrant officers (junior grade) of the Regular Army who served during World War II. Provides for promotion to chief warrant officer.

War Brides Stranded

At least 8,000 "war brides" and children of American servicemen are stranded overseas and cannot be brought to the United States unless husbands and fathers concerned take action, the War Department announced 4 April.

So serious has been the drop in the number of dependents processed and awaiting transportation from overseas theatres that the Army Transportation Corps, which is charged with the responsibility for the mass transfer, may be forced to withdraw some of the 24 "bride ships" from this service.

U. S. COAST GUARD

A SHORTAGE of radio personnel has made necessary the discontinuance of all hourly Coast Guard weather reports on the continent except at Elizabeth City, N. C., and Los Angeles air stations. In place of these hourly reports, the Coast Guard is maintaining approximately 43 lifeboat and light-stations which make either three- or six-hourly weather reports utilizing regular station personnel.

The personnel shortage has also meant strict accounting of radiomen in all Coast Guard activities, and several secondary radio stations have been closed rather than violate long-standing policy of not maintaining weather reporting activities that require special personnel or involve additional cost.

In Alaska there are 11 light-stations and two loran stations making weather reports, and Greenland has one loran station making similar reports.

Aids to Navigation

Aids to Navigation will be exhibited by Coast Guardsmen in St. Louis 15-16 April at the 50th anniversary and convention of the Ohio Valley Improvement Association. Plans call for assembly and exhibition of lighting equipment, reflectors, flood-relief gear, and pictures of cutters engaged in flood relief and navigational aid maintenance.

Concentration of vessels for weather patrol duty has brought about changes in permanent-duty assignments of five cutters to Boston and another to San Francisco. Bound for Boston are the Campbell, Pontchartrain, Mendota, Owasco, and Winnebago. The Taney is en route to San Francisco.

Other assignment changes find the 180-foot cutter Sweetbriar shifted to Honolulu. The new 255-foot cutters Sebago and Chautauqua completed preliminary acceptance trials on 6 and 14 March respectively, and the Wachusett was scheduled for delivery on 21 March.

Loran

The Civil Engineering Division recently

completed a technical inspection of the first group of 50-kilowatt single-phase, diesel generators for high power loran, marking the first occasion on which special power generator equipment had been purchased in tailor-made groups for such a special application. This test inspection was of especial interest because of the high standard of voltage and frequency regulation required.

Spare parts for loran will be handled in the next fiscal year in the same manner as other electronics supplies, discontinuing a policy of issuing loran maintenance parts at no cost. Additional funds are to be made available to Coast Guard districts to effect procurement directly from the Coast Guard Supply Depot, Brooklyn. Major parts will continue to be distributed from Headquarters.

The Civil Engineering Division reports that it is drafting Chapter 32 on "Structures" for Engineering Instructions. It is expected that printed copies will be ready for distribution in about four months.

Effective 1 April, the Coast Guard stopped using the facilities of Navy shipyards for ship repairs, and began executing its own contracts for this work.

Merchant Marine Inspection

The Merchant Marine Council at its last meeting recommended approval of the following:

(1) Publication of a revised edition of "Pilot Rules for the Great Lakes and their Connecting and Tributary Waters, and the St. Mary's River."

(2) An amendment to Subchapter C, Motorboats, to bring the regulations into conformance with a statute concerning records of application for certificate of award of numbers to vessels. The amendment will be published in the Federal Register of 12 April, and will point out the distinction between the district in which vessels are owned and the districts in which owners or managing-owners reside.

such staff duties on the same orderly and well-understood basis long ago achieved by other staff sections.

The purpose of the school then, is to train information-education and public relations personnel to serve on the staffs of commanders. The curriculum has been developed partly out of the information-education course formerly offered at Lexington, Virginia; but has been revised and expanded to include comprehensive instruction in public relations. A considerable portion of the two courses is devoted to subjects common to both information-education and public relations, the remainder being devoted to the techniques and methods of operation in the two fields.

The principal course is the staff officer's course, which extends over eight weeks. Each course provides for the training of 100 I&E and 100 public relations officers. It is planned to start courses for enlisted

specialists at an early date; and also to provide short courses for commanders, senior staff officers, and special groups such as training inspectors and instructors at the service schools. Provision will be made at an appropriate time for student officers of the National Guard and Officers Reserve Corps. Quotas are allotted by the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3, of the War Department.

Emphasis is placed on the professional approach to information problems. A primary objective is that staff officers engaged in the War Department's information program, either as I&E or public relations officers, shall be fully informed about the Army, its organization, mission and functions, and be competent to interpret this information to troops and to the public.

Stress is placed on the importance of keeping the soldier informed on the role he plays in the mission of his unit and of the Army; and on providing him with information which will develop pride in unit, pride in the Army, and pride in the United States. Instruction in background subjects insures that information-education officers will clarify for the soldier the part the United States plays in world affairs and train him in the characteristics, customs, and national policies of other countries. Students are extensively trained in informational techniques, such as the use of printed materials, radio and motion pictures. Practical exercises are held in public speaking, discussion-lead-

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ing, preparation of post and unit newspapers, preparation of visual aids, and other essentials to their work. A special block of instruction is given to information-education officers in the scope and operation of the off-duty education program of the Army. Students from the Army Air Forces get special training in information-education procedures which are peculiar to the Army Air Forces.

Instruction in public relations recognizes the fact that the public has an active and legitimate interest in the military establishment and is entitled to real information on which to base an evaluation of its Army. It is predicated on the fulfillment by the commander of his responsibility to see to it that officers and men conduct themselves in a manner which will win public esteem. Comprehensive instruction, both theoretical and practical, is given in the interpretation of public opinion, the evaluation of information, and the specific techniques employed in informing the public by printed word, radio and public speaking of the real facts about the Army and the profession of arms.

The Army Information School includes an Extension Department, responsible for preparing information materials for students and for officers in the field. The Book Department consists of a book store (Please turn to page 968)

The Monterey Peninsula Country Club in the Del Monte Forest, California

The fulfillment of a dream

General James Harbord suggested the idea. He told the Chairman of the Del Monte Properties Company that it would be a wonderful thing for officers in the service to be able to look forward to a place where they could go and live in a healthful, all-year-round climate, and enjoy the way of life that they appreciate most, at a reasonable cost.

He said that the Monterey Peninsula was known by a very great many Army Officers because of the Army Post there, and that it was loved by everyone who knew it, and he thought the Peninsula was the proper place for such a development. The General pointed out that all officers in the Army and Navy face definite retirement at a certain age and that the wise ones prepare for that period while they are still in active service.

The outgrowth of the General's suggestion was the Monterey Peninsula Country



Club. The property faces the Pacific Ocean, along the Seventeen Mile Drive, and runs back into the Del Monte Forest. The clubhouse, designed by Clarence Tantau, is beautiful and commodious. The golf course is perhaps the most popular of the famous courses on the Peninsula.

There are excellent tennis courts, a beautiful swimming pool, and along the waterfront and the fairways are innumerable homes of members. The project was so successful that there are more civilian members than retired officers. There are approximately four hundred active members today.

There are many beautiful building sites available. The Club is a proprietary club. The average price of a home site and membership is \$1200 and the dues are \$5 a month plus federal tax. Terms as desired, with 5% interest on deferred payments. There are a few attractive homes available.

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MRS. Chester Nimitz, wife of the Chief of Naval Operations, Fleet Admiral Nimitz, was hostess at a tea Monday afternoon for members of the naval unit of the American Relief for France food and package project.

Members of the Officers' Club at the Medical Center at Walter Reed Hospital gave a dance 22 March, to welcome the new commanding officer of the post, Brig. Gen. George C. Beach, and Mrs. Beach.

The party was a post affair and all the command and the nurses attended the gay function with dancing from nine to twelve. Col. Robert M. Appleman was chairman of the committee of the Officers' Club, and in the receiving line besides the guests of honor, General and Mrs. Beach, there were Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Norman T. Kirk, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. George R. Callendar, and Colonel Charles McAllister.

General and Mrs. Kirk left Washington Tuesday morning for Hot Springs, Va., but returned yesterday.

A large group of Service folk met at the home of Admiral and Mrs. W. R. Furlong Monday when they entertained with cocktails for Mr. and Mrs. Philip Spalding and Mr. and Mrs. H. Alexander Walker, from Hawaii whom they and the majority of their guests knew when Admiral Furlong was in command of the Pearl Harbor Base.

Among those present were the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Forrestal, the assistant Secretary and Mrs. Sullivan, the Delegate from Hawaii and Mrs. Farrington, Fleet Admiral and Mrs. Chester Nimitz, Admiral Raymond Spruance, Fleet Admiral William D. Leahy, and General and Mrs. Alexander A. Vandegrift.

Barry Hawkins Custer, second son of Capt. and Mrs. Ben. Scott Custer, was christened the afternoon of 29th March at the Chevy Chase Presbyterian Church Washington, D. C.

Admiral W. N. Thomas, Chief of the Navy Chaplain Corps, preformed the ceremony in the presence of close family friends.

Christening of the two year old boy has been delayed until now because wartime duties of the father and Godparents kept them in widely separated parts of the world. Mrs. R. J. Reynolds came from her home in Winston-Salem, N. C., to



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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS



Left to right: Mrs. Francis Bowne Netherwood, the former Miss Elizabeth Bailey Wilson; Miss Julie Hallie-Jessie Jones, daughter of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Alan Waller Jones, USA-Ret., who is to be married to Lt. Ewald Arnold Vom Orde, jr., USMC, in May; and Mrs. Kenneth Edward Cooper, the former Miss Lowry Davidson. Mr. Netherwood is a Lieutenant in the AAF, and Mr. Cooper is a Lt. (jg) in the Naval Reserve.

act as Godmother. The child's Godfathers are Admiral DeWitt Clinton Ramsey, Vice Chief of Naval Operations, and Capt. J. P. W. Vest.

Immediately after the ceremony a reception was held at the Custer home, 8 Oxford St., Chevy Chase, Md. Mrs. John Howard Hoover presided at the tea table, and among those attending were Admiral and Mrs. E. C. Kalbfus, Admiral and Mrs. W. N. Thomas, Vice Admiral and Mrs. J. H. Hoover, Rear Admiral and Mrs. F. A. Read, Col. and Mrs. William Train, Mrs. S. A. Kimberly, Capt. and Mrs. J. C. Metzel, Capt. and Mrs. Felix Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Sharon Farr, Capt. and Mrs. O. C. Gregg, Representative and Mrs. Augustus A. Bennett, Capt. and Mrs. Dean Vance, Comdr. and Mrs. J. Ingham Cone, Comdr. and Mrs. Mason Harlow, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Russell, Miss Ruth Arrant, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Lee, and Comdr. J. M. Stokes.

Maj. David Henry Edwards, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Edwards are motoring from their home in California to the East Coast where they will be the guests of their son-in-law, and daughter Comdr. and Mrs. Frederic Wilder Brooks jr. in Alexandria, Va.

The regular monthly meeting of the Army and Navy Chapter, D.A.R., will be held at the Chapter House on Monday, 8 April at 2 P.M. The Regent, Mrs. Rex H. Rhoades, will preside.

The guest speaker, Mr. John Clagett Proctor, will speak on "Historic Spots in Washington."

An informal tea will follow the meeting.

Mrs. Charles W. Bunker, wife of Rear Admiral Bunker, was made new unit chief of the American Womens Hospitals Reserve Corps, at a meeting and tea held Monday, Mrs. Bunker holding the office of captain of the corps. She succeeds (Please turn to page 966)

Weddings and Engagements

MR. and Mrs. Garland Harris of Trenton, Ky., announce the engagement of their daughter Myra to Lt. Edwin W. Piburn, jr., son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Piburn, of Boyce, Va., and Washington, D. C.

Miss Harris attended the University of Kentucky. After graduation, she took her dietetic internship at Walter Reed General Hospital in Washington. She is now serving on the Walter Reed staff where she holds the rank of lieutenant.

Lieutenant Piburn attended Cristobal High School in Panama and was graduated from Alabama University. He served a year and a half in the European Theater and is now stationed with the Army of Occupation in Germany.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Ens. Jeanne Lejeune Glennon, USNR, daughter of Capt. James Blair Glennon, USN-Ret., and Mrs. Glennon; granddaughter of the late Lt. Gen. John Archer Lejeune, USMC, and the late Rear Adm. James H. Glennon, USN., was married to Lt. Col. William Frederick Harris, USMC, son of Maj. Gen. Field Harris, USMC and Mrs. Harris on 30 March.

The ceremony took place at St. Albans Church in Washington, D. C. Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore white tulle appliqued with flowers on the bodice, and her veil was of rose point and her bouquet of roses and stephanotis.

Mrs. James Glennon jr., was matron of honor for her sister-in-law, coming from Parris Island for the event; Miss Frances Glennon, a cousin, was maid of honor. Bridesmaids were the Misses Nancy Harris and Dorothy Stamps, the latter an Ensign in the Navy reserve. All wore aqua frocks of marquisette and carried spring flowers.

Lt. Col. Charles Bennett, USMC, of Quantico, was the best man and the ushers were Lt. Col. James Glennon, jr., USMC of Parris Island, S. C.; Lt. Col. Clarence Barninger, USMC, and Lt. Col.

Frank Gallagher, USMC, both of Quantico; Comdr. George Bullard, USN, Lt. Comdr. Frank Perry, USN and Lt. Brooke Armat, USNI, all of Washington.

Col. Harris is a graduate of the United States Naval Academy, class of '39, and served with the 4th marine division on Corregidor. He returned from a prisoner of war camp in Tokyo last September. He is the grandson of Mrs. Naomi Chinn, Washington, D. C., and the late Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Walter Harris, of Lexington, Ky.

Maj. Gen. Alan Walter Jones, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Jones, of 3532 Quebec Street NW, Washington, D. C. announce the engagement of their daughter, Julie Hallie-Jessie, to Lt. Ewald Arnold vom Orde, jr., USMC son of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. vom Orde, of New Brunswick, N. J.

Miss Jones was graduated from Punahou Academy, Honolulu, T. H., in the Centennial Class of 1941, the Postgraduate Class of National Cathedral School, Washington, D. C., of 1942, and in June, 1945, from Middlebury College, Middlebury, Vt. Since that time she has been a research assistant at the National Bureau of Standards.

Lieutenant vom Orde attended Middlebury College and was graduated from Dartmouth University. He is a member of Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity. At present he is attending the Marine Officers' School at Parris Island, S. C.

The wedding will take place in May.

Miss Elizabeth Strother Yeats, daughter of Lt. Col. Joseph Jones Yeats, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Yeats, of El Pomar, Templeton, Calif., became the bride of Mr. Miller George Stepanovich, USA, 28 Jan. 1946, at Charlottesville, Va.

Mrs. Stepanovich, known to many lifelong Army friends as "Betsey," was a student at St. Mary's School in Raleigh, N. C., and is a graduate of the Columbia, Ga., High School. She also attended Macalester College at St. Paul, Minn., and graduated from the University of Virginia School of Nursing at Charlottesville. She is a member of the Army and Navy chapter of the D.A.R., the Nicholas Martiau Memorial Association, and successor to the National Society Daughters of the Barons of Runnemede. She is the sister of Cadet Joseph J. Yeats, jr., USMA, and Christopher Scott and Philip Lansdale Yeats, of El Pomar, Templeton. Her grandmother, Mrs. Bleecker Luce, resides at 729 North Dinwiddie Street, Arlington.

Mr. Stepanovich is the son of Mrs. Mark Donsello and the late Mr. Michael Stepanovich, both of Greensburg, Pa. He attended Ouachita College, Arkadelphia, Ark., and served overseas in the 275th Infantry Regiment. After being wounded in the Battle of the Bulge, he was sent to Ashford General Hospital, White Sulphur Springs W. Va. where he is a patient.

Mr. and Mrs. Stepanovich expect to make their home in Greensburg, Pa.

The marriage of Miss Jessie Wallace Halstead, daughter of Col. William (Please turn to page 966)

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Posts and Stations

ANNAPOLIS, MD.
2 April 1946

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Thomas R. Cooley have been guests recently of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Stuart H. Ingersoll at their quarters at the Naval Academy, and of Comdr. and Mrs. Leslie Davis.

Capt. and Mrs. Hilyer Gearing are visiting Mrs. Gearing's parents, Rear Adm. and Mrs. Sinclair Gannon at their home on Thompson St.

Mrs. Randolph Meade and Miss Harriet James of Washington, spent the week-end with their sister-in-law, Mrs. Jules James, wife of Rear Admiral James, at her home in Wardour. Mrs. James also has as her guest her brother, Maj. Charles Gamble, USA, of Virginia Beach.

Capt. and Mrs. Archer Allen have returned to Carvel Hall after spending several weeks visiting in Rochester, N. Y., and Connecticut. Mrs. Lincoln Karmony, who has been spending a short time in New York City has returned, and is staying with her daughter and son-in-law, Captain and Mrs. Hoyt at the Naval Hospital.

Mrs. John Urquhart, wife of Commander Urquhart, USN, entertained at a small cocktail party last Sunday in honor of her father, Capt. Robert Heiner, USN (MC), and Mrs. Heiner, of Washington.

Comdr. and Mrs. Donald Todd have returned from Charleston, S. C., and are occupying their apartment on Prince George St., for a short time.

Col. and Mrs. James H. Keller have left for West Point, N. Y., after visiting Colonel Keller's father, Mr. Daniel E. Keller, and his brother-in-law and sister, Col. and Mrs. Paul E. Sutherland. Colonel Keller will be on duty as an instructor at the U. S. Military Academy. Mrs. St. Clair Smith left last week to visit Capt. and Mrs. Barron P. DuBois at their home in Washington.

Commo. Edward Lloyd has as his guests for the week-end, his son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lloyd of New York City.

KELLY FIELD, TEX.

1 April 1946

A number of new officers have been assigned to Kelly Field in the last month: Maj. Gen. Earle E. Partridge, as Asst. Chief of Air Staff for plans, operations and training; Col. Lewis A. Dayton, as Acting Deputy Commander and Deputy for Base Services (T-6); Maj. E. B. Feathers, as Fire Inspection Officer in Maintenance Division; Capt. Roger W. Grundish, as Base Veterinary Officer and Asst. Medical Inspector; and Lt. Floyd M. Hodges, as Chief of the Accessory Branch, Supply Division.

Lt. Charles C. Fisher, Chief of Employee Relations Branch, is laid up with a broken foot at the PDC Regional Hospital. He had an accidental fall . . . Lt. W. R. Robeson was top winner, with a score of 198, in the three-day Kelly Field Officers' Golf Tournament, 15, 16 and 17 March . . . Capt. John Roti was seen on the Kelly golf course on Sunday morning, recently, executing one of the most difficult golf shots seen on the course in many a day. With his ball dead against a tree, he took a vicious swing, and not only broke the club, but hit himself in the head. The ball wasn't even bruised . . . Capt. Malcolm Simmons, the amiable looking flying officer now in charge of the North Kelly Gym, is quite a baseball player. Reports have it that he was a whiz in an Arizona semi-pro league.

Members of the Pan-American Council, an organization dedicated to better relations between the American republics, were the guests of Kelly Field on Friday, 22 March, at a formal dinner-dance in the Officers' Club. Officers and their ladies attended.

Funeral services for 1st Lt. Carlton P. Smith, Jr., 24, of Kirtland Field, Albuquerque, New Mexico, were held at the Porter Loring Chapel in San Antonio, on Tuesday, 12 March. Lieutenant Smith, son of Col. Carlton P. Smith, Deputy for Engineering at Kelly Field, lost his life in the crash of a B-29 at Albuquerque, 7 March.

NORFOLK, VA.

4 April 1946

Ens. Helen Ester, USNR, whose marriage to Elmore Hitchings of Portsmouth, will take place on 6 April in Baltimore, was guest of honor Friday at a miscellaneous shower given by Mrs. William T. Hitchings and Mrs. Richard Commander.

The party was given at the home of Mrs. Commander on Newport Avenue.

The guests, in addition to the bride-elect, were: Mrs. William T. Hitchings, Jr., Mrs. Alvin L. Hitchings, Mrs. Franklin L. Myers, Mrs. William E. Hackney, Mrs. Raymond C. Estes, Mrs. James K. Bagnell, Mrs. John C. Law, and Misses Gwen Hitchings, Betty Ruth Hackney, Marjorie and Gloria Estes.

Miss Mildred Louise Robbins, whose marriage to Lt. Glen Ellsworth Whitaker, USNR, was an interesting event of last Saturday, was hostess on Saturday afternoon at a luncheon in honor of members of her bridal party.

Miss Robbins' guests were Misses Sally Handeside of Bedford, Ohio, Dorothy Howard of Shaker Heights, Ohio, Virginia Whitaker of Unadilla, New York, JoAnne Kurts of Wilmington, Delaware, Doris and Lois Robbins, Mary Anne Bunting, Nancy Dodson and Jane Foster.

Miss Ann Shield Everett, of Virginia Beach, whose marriage to Capt. John Blair Pitts will take place on 22 April, was entertained Tuesday at a luncheon given at the Princess Anne Country Club, Virginia Beach, by Mrs. Frank A. Dusch and her daughter, Mrs. John M. Grow.

Mr. and Mrs. Nimmo Old, Jr., of Richmond, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Ratcliffe Old, to Lt. Charles Wesley Moss, Jr., AAF, son of Mrs. Emily Johnson Moss and Charles W. Moss of Richmond. Miss Old is the granddaughter of Mrs. Nimmo Old of Norfolk. She is a graduate of St. Catherine's School, a member of the Junior League and a debutante of this season. The wedding will take place 5 April at Kessler Field, Biloxi, Miss., where Lieutenant Moss is now stationed.

Announcement has just been made of the engagement of Miss Iris Virginia Foshy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Perry Winner of Norfolk, to Lt. Robert Byron Carter, Jr., USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Byron Carter of Lynnhaven. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mrs. James Allan Blair of West Norfolk, announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Ann Blair, to Capt. Milton Henry Brown, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Arneke Brown of Honesdale, Pa.

FORT BENNING, GA.

1 April 1946

With contributions already passing the \$10,000 mark, major commands at Fort Benning are pushing their 1946 American Red Cross campaign for a goal of 100 per cent participation in the final week of the drive, Lt. Col. William C. Coulbourn, executive chairman of the drive, declared last week.

Appointment of Lt. William C. Fannin as post athletic officer was revealed this week by Maj. John H. Lohr, chief of the post athletic and recreation branch. Lieutenant Fannin, who left the post athletic office as an enlisted man in 1942 and now returns as an officer to head the set-up, succeeds Capt. Dan C. Herlong who moved up to become assistant chief of A & R under Major Lohr.

Master Sergeant Charles L. McGaha, duty NCO of the 2nd Infantry Training Company, School Troops, The Infantry School, was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor in impressive ceremonies in Washington, D. C., last Saturday. M/Sgt. McGaha who received the award in recognition of his extraordinary heroism in action on Luzon, was given a field commission as a second lieutenant which he subsequently relinquished upon being discharged, and reenlisted. Proudly witnessing the impressive ceremony of the 32-year-old sergeant were his mother, Mrs. Laura McGaha, his aunt, Mrs. Bertha McGaha, his grandmother, Mrs. Jane McGaha, and fiancée, Miss Vanalida Wilson, all of whom were flown up by the Army from their home in Cosby, Tenn. Also present was a friend, T5 John M. Keene, Jr., of School Troops, from New York City.

Lt. Col. Warren C. Chapman, ETO veteran who saw combat with the 133rd Infantry Regiment, 34th Division in Italy, has assumed command of the 1st Battalion, Third Student Training Regiment. He succeeds Maj. Kenneth L. Fry, who is now serving as Executive Officer.

Col. Glenn C. Salisbury, a veteran pilot of World War I days and former Commanding Officer of Lawson Field, IX Troop Carrier Command Base at Benning, has left the service to retire, it was announced by Lawson Field Headquarters last week.

The entire 12th Company of officer candidates, 3rd STR, has been commended by Maj. Gen. John W. (Iron Mike) O'Daniel, commandant of The Infantry School, for skill displayed in training maneuvers during a recent inspection by staff officers of the Replacement and School Command.

Col. Ben Harrel, veteran of the African, Italian, Southern France and Austrian campaigns, has been selected by Maj. Gen. John W. (Iron Mike) O'Daniel, Infantry School Commandant, to head a new office known as the Combat Requirements Section.

Weekly tournaments will be resumed for the first time in several years under a complete reorganization of women's golfing activities at Fort Benning. Mrs. Wayne Archer, chairman of the women's group, announced last week that a tournament will be held each Friday, starting this week, while a continuous ringer tournament which began last Friday, will continue for two months.

For its vitally important work of testing and designing various types of equipment for GI Joe, the Army Ground Forces Board No. 3 recently added a combat veteran of two theatres in the person of Lt. Col. Ernest C. Peters, West Point graduate of the class of 1931.

FT. BLISS, TEX.

30 March 1946

Col. and Mrs. Archibald D. Fiske and their daughter, Harriet, are new arrivals at Fort Bliss. Colonel Fiske, Executive Officer of the AAA School, has just returned from Shanghai where he was assigned to the Shanghai Base Command. For more than two years he was the Anti-Aircraft Officer with General Chennault's 14th Air Force.

Col. Robert H. Van Volkenburgh has just returned from a 3-day artillery conference at Fort Bragg, N. C. Also present at the confer-

ence was Lt. Col. Robert H. Van Volkenburgh, Jr., and father and son had a pleasant reunion.

Lt. Col. Godfrey Rampling and Maj. Arthur Heskett of the Royal Artillery, currently on duty with the British Army Staff in Washington, visited the Anti-Aircraft School 22 and 23 March.

Mrs. Lucius K. Patterson and Mrs. William C. Chase entertained at a luncheon 26 March for 100 guests at El Ranchito, near El Paso. Friends of Maj. and Mrs. Earl D. Massey are sorry to learn that they will be leaving soon. Major Massey has just received orders for San Antonio, Texas.

Maj. and Mrs. James P. Hamill entertained an old friend during the week of 11 March when they had as their house guest Col. H. N. Toftoy, Chief of the Rocket Development Division, Office of the Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.

Recent arrivals at Fort Bliss are Lt. Col. and Mrs. Joseph H. Twyman, Jr., Colonel Twyman has just returned from the ETO where he was on duty with Headquarters 3rd Army. While her husband was overseas, Mrs. Twyman lived in their home at San Pedro, Calif.

Col. and Mrs. William B. Caldwell entertained at a cocktail party Sunday, 10 March, in honor of their daughter, Mrs. Warfield Clay Bennett, Colonel Bennett and Col. and Mrs. Philip Shotwell. A spring motif was used in the decorations and the dining room table was bright with yellow jonquills in a silver bowl and matching yellow candles in silver holders. One hundred and fifty guests were present, representing Army, Navy and civilian groups.

The weekly bridge-luncheon was held on Thursday, 21 March, by the members of the Fort Bliss Officers' Wives Club. Hostesses for the afternoon were Mrs. R. H. Routh, Mrs. J. B. Maynard and Mrs. J. E. Bowman.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Lynn Chamberlain entertained with a buffet supper 23 March at their home. Following the supper, the guests attended the weekly Saturday dance at the Officers Club. Those present were: Col. and Mrs. R. H. Van Volkenburgh, Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. J. Lane, Lt. Col. and Mrs. C. E. Durgin, Lt. Col. and Mrs. M. M. Kallman, Maj. and Mrs. J. P. Hamill, Maj. and Mrs. J. G. Redmon, Maj. and Mrs. L. P. Ward, Mrs. P. M. Stevens, Miss Louise Lynch, Miss Margaret Hunkele, Maj. Walter Singler, Maj. Wiley Shaver, Capt. Robert Rutherford.

KEESLER FIELD, MISS.

30 March 1946

A re-organization in the higher echelons of Keesler Field occurred this week as two full colonels—John R. Morgan, deputy commander, and Charles E. Jost, director of supply and maintenance—left for assignments in China.

Lt. Col. Norman T. Klaproth, former assistant director of supply and maintenance, created another vacancy last weekend, when he was transferred to Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. Harry G. Douglass will again be Keesler's executive officer. General Rush has three full colonels as his directors—Col. Theodore B. Anderson for training and operations; Col. Burton K. Armstrong for administration and services and Col. Edwin G. Simenson for supply and maintenance.

Assisting Colonel Armstrong in A & S are Maj. Lawrence A. Petersen and Maj. E. L. Ried. Working under Colonel Anderson in training and operations are Col. John W. Mitchell and Capt. Frank J. Ronan.

Lt. Col. James B. Pelletieri is still director of basic training while Maj. Edwin C. Scott remains as director of this field's technical school.

Brig. Gen. Winslow C. Morse, C. G. of Boca Raton Army Air Base, Florida, was at Keesler Field this week in conference with General Rush, C. G. of Keesler Field.

General Morse wears the Distinguished Flying Cross and the Legion of Merit. He is a Command Pilot and also wears the wings of the Chinese Air Force.

GREENVILLE AA BASE, S. C.

1 April 1946

Maj. Gen. E. R. Quesada, who heads the Tactical Air Command under the recent re-

NAVAL UNIFORM DIRECTORY

The following store, officially designated by the Navy Department, carries blue overcoats; service blue uniforms; raincoats (with removable lining); aviation (winter working) uniforms for purchase by Naval Commissioned, Warrant and Petty Officers. The garments are in accordance with Naval Specifications and are marked with a label stating "This label identifies a garment made and sold under authority of the U. S. Navy."

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NEW YORK

Army and Navy Journal

965

April 6, 1946

organization of the AAF by General Spaatz, last week flew a P-51 fighter plane into the Greenville Army Air Base, new Third Air Force headquarters (Troop Carrier), for a brief conference with Maj. Gen. Paul L. Williams. After the conference, General Quesada left immediately for Washington, D. C., in the P-51.

General Quesada is a veteran fighter pilot and headed the Ninth Fighter Command in England until after D-Day. He was then made commanding general of the Ninth Tactical Air Command on the continent.

Plans have been completed for a complete Army Day program by Third Air Force (Troop Carrier) and include "open house" at Troop Carrier bases. Featured in the Army Day program will be equipment and planes of the Troop Carrier forces.

The new Fairchild C-82 Packet, the "flying boxcar" of transport planes will also go on display for the public. Information and recruiting booths will be set up to guide the public and explain advantages to be obtained in the AAF.

Eleven C-46 and four C-47 transport planes of the Third Air Force (Troop Carrier) from headquarters at Greenville Army Air Base, South Carolina, last week participated in the demonstrations held at the Fort Sill, Okla., (Please turn to Next Page)

HOTEL DIRECTORY

CALIFORNIA

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Down town on Geary St., above Powell. With bath \$2.50 to \$3.50 one person; \$3.50 to \$5.00 two persons. Advise advance reservations.

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Easily accessible to new War and Navy

Buildings.
10% Room discount to officers on Active Duty
Every Room with Bath. Write for Detailed
information.
L. R. Hawkins, Manager

Society

(Continued from page 964)

Maj. Jane Dixon Wells, who is soon leaving for Shanghai to join Col. W. H. Wells, her husband.

Mrs. Charles Bromwell widow of Col. Bromwell, one-time presidential Military Aide, is living this season at the Plaza in New York, and early this month she expects her daughter, Lady Bailey to arrive from England.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Arthur Trudeau have returned to their home in Arlington, Va., from a brief holiday at White Sulphur Springs following his arrival from overseas.

Before leaving on their jaunt they were entertained at dinner by Dr. and Mrs. William D. Tewksbury at the Chevy Chase Club, who gave the party for their son-in-law and daughter, Col. and Mrs. John H. King of Bolling Field. In the company were also Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Burton W. Hovey, Col. Russell Sharp of San Francisco and Dr. Calhoun Stirling. Gen. and Mrs. Trudeau's daughter, Mrs. Frank Kane Jr., is planning to join her husband, Lt. Kane, USA, now stationed in Germany. He is the son of Col. Frank Kane, Military Attache in Lisbon.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. David L. Blake-lock are leaving within the month, he to go on from the West Coast to Honolulu and from there to Bikini for the atomic bomb tests. Mrs. Blake-lock will visit friends in California, later going on to Hawaii.

They entertained recently at a farewell party for Service folk, among the guests being Fleet Admiral and Mrs. Chester Nimitz, Admiral and Mrs. W. H. P. Blandy, Rear Admiral and Mrs. F. W. Lowery, Rear Admiral T. A. Solberg, Commodore and Mrs. J. A. Snacken-berg, Lt. Gen. and Mrs. LeRoy Lutes, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Edward Leavy, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. W. E. Kempner, Representative and Mrs. Frank Boykin, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Sawyer and Maj. C. F. Qulicel, USMC.

Brig. Gen. William H. Hobson, USA, was presented with a certificate of Honorary membership in the Chamber of Commerce of Columbus, Ga., in "recognition of distinguished public service," at a meeting of the Board of Directors on 15 March.

At the presentation ceremony, following a meeting of the Board of Directors, Mr. Ralph I. King, the Chamber President, stated in part: "... The Board voted to make you an Honorary Member of this organization in recognition of your splendid record as Post Commander at Fort Benning and to welcome you into our civilian community as a neighbor. ... We hope that you will lend us your gifted talents to assist our organization in its work and especially to maintain the splendid solidarity and unity of purpose which exists between Fort Benning and Columbus."

General Hobson, now on leave in anticipation of his retirement on 30 June 1946, has established his home at 1700 Stark Avenue, Columbus, Ga.

The officers at Coast Guard Headquarters on 2 April honored five retiring officers with a noonday luncheon at the Willard Hotel.

Soon to retire from service, those receiving the honors were as follows: Rear Adm. Charles A. Park, USCG, Chief, Office of Operations; Commo. Frederick P. Dillon, USCG, Chief, Aids to Navigation Division; Capt. Chester H. Jones, USCG, former Chief, Auxiliary Division; Capt. Ralph R. Tinkham, USCG, Chief, Civil Engineering Division; Capt. Irving L. Gill, USCG, Chief, Communications Engineering Division.

The speakers were Rear Adm. Leroy Reinburg, USCG, (Ret.), former Commandant of the Coast Guard Yard at Curtis Bay, Md.; and Capt. Norman C. Manyon, USCG, Aids to Navigation Officer of the Fifth Coast Guard District. Admiral Joseph F. Farley, Commandant of the Coast Guard, praised each of the five officers on their long and meritorious performance of duty. Commo. Ellis Reed-Hill, Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, was the toastmaster.

Weddings and Engagements
(Continued from page 964)

Henry Halstead, USA-Ret. and Mrs. Halstead, 9 Duncan Ave., Jersey City, N. J., to Mr. Howard Franklin Kirk, son of Mrs. H. F. Kirk, 23 Berwyn St., E. Orange, N. J. took place 29 March at the Jersey City Woman's Club.

The bride, given in marriage by her father, wore a white princess gown of crepe with sweetheart neck line. Her finger tip length veil fell from a heart shaped tiara of pearls, and she wore her great-grandmother's cameo pin.

Mrs. Leroy H. Buckingham, sister of the bridegroom was matron of honor.

Dr. Armin A. Darmstaetter, Jr., was best man and the ushers were Dr. James H. Brothers, 3rd, Dr. William E. Wakeley, Jr., Mr. Robert T. Forrest, and Dr. Leroy H. Buckingham.

The former Miss Halstead is a graduate of the University of Maryland where she was a member of Kappa Kappa Gamma and Omicron Nu sororities. Mr. Kirk attended Hamilton College, and graduated from the University of Michigan, where he was a member of Delta Kappa Epsilon. He served in the U. S. Naval Reserve and is now on terminal leave. The young couple left for a month's trip through the south.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Edmund H. Stillman announced the engagement of their daughter, Elise Stillman Morehouse, to Capt. Walter P. Anderson at a reception 24 March at Fort Sheridan, Ill.

Mrs. Morehouse is the sister of Mrs. Charles E. Dutton of South Haven, Mich. and of Howard Stillman, seaman 1st class, who is stationed on Guam. She is the niece of Lt. Commander Elinor H. Stillman, USNR.

Captain Anderson is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Anderson of New Orleans and is a graduate of the University of Louisiana. He served in Africa and Italy for two and a half years before being stationed at Ft. Sheridan.

Col. and Mrs. James A. Tobey of 840 Forest Avenue, Rye, N. Y. announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Sylvia Lincoln Tobey, to Mr. Richard Ellis Holington, son of the late Ellis Bishop Holington and Mrs. Joseph B. Swift of Mt. Dora, Florida. Miss Tobey attended Rye Country Day School, graduated from Stuart Hall in Staunton, Va., and is now a senior at Wheaton College, Norton, Mass. She is a sister of Lt. James W. Tobey, USNR.

Mr. Holington was recently separated from the U. S. Coast Guard as Signalman First Class. He received the Navy Commendation Medal for services in the South Pacific. He attended Kimball Union, graduated at Holderness School in New Hampshire, and was a student at Middlebury College. After the wedding, which will take place late in the summer, he will attend the University of Florida.

Posts and Stations

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Artillery Conference at the Field Artillery School. Also being furnished by the Third Air Force (Troop Carrier) were two CG-4A gliders which were used in a "snatch pickup" demonstrated in the maneuver.

Parachutists, numbering 250, made a jump to highlight the exercise. Officials attending the conference highly praised the exercise.

MACDILL FIELD, FLA.

1 April 1946

The MacDill Field Bowling team, which consists of Lt. Col. D. G. Alford, Maj. S. D. Lanzoni, Maj. S. M. Nanney, Maj. J. H. McPartlin, Capt. W. J. Whalen, Capt. C. W. Cleveland, and Capt. Harold A. Wickland, recently won a trophy as winning team of the Tampa area in the national USO Army-Navy "telegraphic" bowling tournament. Additional honors went to the team's captain, Captain Whalen, who won third highest individual bowling score for three games over the nation with a score of 506.

Col. George P. Tourtelot has sent out personal invitations to the presidents and members of all the prominent civic organizations in the Tampa area to attend the colorful ceremonies which have been scheduled for Army Day at MacDill Field.

On Tuesday, 26 March, Mrs. Mengel, wife of the Third Air Force Headquarters Chaplain, gave a tea party at her home. Many Officers' wives of MacDill Field and the Third Air Force Headquarters were in attendance.

Admiral Jonas H. Ingram arrived at MacDill Field Thursday afternoon, 21 March, accompanied by his wife in a Navy transport plane, his special twin-engine Lodestar. Admiral and Mrs. Ingram were greeted on the runway by their son, Comdr. William T. Ingram and Col. C. H. W. Reuter, MacDill Executive Officer, who welcomed the Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic Fleet in the absence of Col. George P. Tourtelot, Commanding Officer of MacDill Field.

The Admiral and his family will spend a short vacation at nearby Redington Beach. However, in the words of Admiral Ingram, "It won't be all vacation, but resting a little and working a little." The Admiral's flagship, the Vixen, arrived at Bayboro Harbor on Friday afternoon, 22 March, making St. Petersburg temporary headquarters for the fleet. Aboard is Commo. Oscar Smith and 15 staff officers and 250 men.

On the Vixen, a converted yacht built in Kiel, Germany, special communication cables have been set up so the Admiral can keep in touch with units of his fleet.

HQ ALASKAN DEPT., FT. RICHARDSON
1 Apr. 1946

Miss Rosalind Gossage Lollar, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lollar, of Livingston, Tenn., was married in the Post Chapel, Fort Richardson, Alaska, to Capt. Jonathan Waverly Anderson, Jr., son of Maj. Gen. Jonathan Waverly Anderson, on Saturday afternoon, 9 March 1946.

Captain Anderson, a graduate of the U. S. Military Academy, class of 1943, served in the ETO before coming to Alaska, where he is now on duty with the G-3 Section, Alaskan Department Headquarters. Mrs. Anderson is a graduate of the Nashville Hospital General School of Nursing.

Maj. John H. Crowe, GSC, was best man, and Mrs. Crowe, the matron of honor. The bride was given away by Lt. Col. Charles A. Gross, GSC. The marriage was solemnized by Chaplain Ray Firth.

Following the ceremony a reception was held in the lounge of the Alaskan Department Officers' Mess. The couple is now living in Anchorage.

Lt. Gen. Dejos C. Emmons, commanding the Alaskan Department, had as luncheon and dinner guests at the department officers' mess on 27 March 1946, Maj. Gen. B. F. Hoffmeister, Canadian Army Reserve, and Maj. Gen. Frederick F. Worthington, active general officer commanding in chief, Western Command of the Canadian Army Reserve. Also guests at dinner were members of the Alaskan Department General Staff.

Generals Hoffmeister and Worthington visited the Alaskan Department as guests of General Emmons, for the purpose of inspecting military installations.

In the spring of 1945 General Hoffmeister was designated as the officer to command the Canadian Division which was to have participated in action against the Japs.

The Officers' Wives' Club will hold a luncheon on Friday, 5 April, at the Party House in Anchorage.

Among recent arrivals at Fort Richardson are Mrs. William W. Young, wife of Lt. Col. Young, CE, and three children—William W., III, 13; James R., 8, and Marie, 5; Mrs. Harry W. Stephenson, wife of Lt. Col. Stephenson, GSC, and daughter, Mary Lynne, 12; Mrs. Lloyd C. Crawford, wife of Maj. Crawford; Mrs. Tony C. Frank, wife of Lt. Col. Frank, TC; Mrs. Robert L. Harris, wife of 2nd Lt. Harris, TC.

The Wives' Club is perfecting plans for the establishment of a "tiny tots" nursery, the services of which will be available to all mothers on the post. The opening is tentatively scheduled for 14 Apr.

Army Information School

(Continued from page 963)

and a mail order service. Reading Lists of pertinent books are available to anyone interested, and an advisory reading service is offered to information-education and public relations officers.

The "Army Information Digest," published monthly by the War Department, is prepared and edited at the school, under the editorial direction of Lt. Col. John R. Ulmer, Inf. The Extension Department also supervises the operation of a field printing plant, which, in addition to its normal operations, provides laboratory instruction for the student body.

Carlisle Barracks, home of the Army Information School, was for many years the home of the Medical Field Service School. On 15 February, the post was turned over to the Commandant of the Army Information School and the Medical School was transferred to Ft. Sam Houston, Texas. It is contemplated that other War Department schools will be established at Carlisle Barracks, under the command of General Palmer. The post has adequate and suitable facilities for additional schools.

The staff of the Army Information School includes the following officers: Col. Frank Dorn, FA, Deputy Commandant; Lt. Col. Fred P. Campbell, FA, Executive; Lt. Col. Frederick I. Godshalk, Inf., Assis-

tant Commandant; Lt. Col. Fred Hensberg, DC, Director of the Academic Department; and Lt. Col. John D. Kenderline, AGD, Director of the Extension Department.

Army of Occupation Medal

The Army of Occupation Medal has been authorized by the War Department for award to members of the active military service of the United States for service with the Army of Occupation in Germany, Austria or portions of Italy subsequent to 8 May 1945 and in Japan or Korea after 2 Sept. 1945.

The design of the medal, which will be made of bronze, has not been selected. The ribbon from which it is suspended and the service ribbon is one and three-eighths inches wide. The design of the ribbon is as follows: white, three-sixteenths of an inch; black, one-half inch; red, one-half inch; and white, three-sixteenths of an inch. The service ribbon will be worn immediately after the World War II Victory Medal service ribbon.

Thirty consecutive days of service is required for eligibility to wear the medal or corresponding service ribbon. Credit will be given for service in Italy only in the compartment of Venezia Giulia E Zara and the province of Udine, compartment of Veneto. Service in the following islands of Japan will be considered in awarding the medal: Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu and surrounding small islands of the Japanese homeland, the Ryukyu Islands, and the Bonin Islands.

Service performed between 9 May 1945 and 8 Nov. 1945, both dates inclusive, with the Army of Occupation of Germany, Austria and/or Italy will be counted only if the European-African-Middle Eastern Campaign Medal has been awarded for service prior to 9 May 1945.

Service performed between 3 Sept. 1945 and 2 March 1946, both dates inclusive, with the Army of Occupation of Japan and/or Korea will be counted only if the Asiatic-Pacific Campaign Medal has been awarded for service prior to 3 Sept. 1945.

Individuals must serve at a normal post of duty within the zones of occupation in order to be eligible for the medal. Temporary duty in a passenger status, or as an observer, visitor, courier, escort or inspector will not be counted in determining eligibility.

The new medal and ribbon is not to be confused with the Army of Occupation of Germany Medal which was awarded for service in Germany between 12 Nov. 1918 and 11 July 1923. This medal was suspended by a ribbon the colors of which included blue, red, white, black, white, red and blue.

Appropriate clasps marked "Germany" and "Japan" have been authorized to be attached to the ribbon of the medal to denote service in Europe and the Far East. No distinctive device to denote possession of the above clasps is authorized for wear on the service ribbon. Not more than one medal will be awarded to any individual regardless of whether service has been performed with more than one Army of Occupation.

Issue by the War Department of the service ribbon for the new medal to authorized persons will be announced at a later date.

Navy Courts-Martial

The Judge Advocate General of the Navy was to receive for review this week the cases of three Navy officers tried on charges arising out of the collision 8 Jan. of the USS Honolulu (CL-48) and the USS Argonaut (SS-475), 100 miles off the Delaware capes.

A General Court Martial convened at the Naval Base, Philadelphia, convicted Comdr. William J. Lederer, USN, commanding officer of the 10,000-ton cruiser, of "hazarding his ship on the high seas by inattention to conning." Lt. Joseph J. Willenbring, USNR, was convicted on similar charges on 16 March, and Lt. William M. Simpson, USNR, was acquitted in a trial completed 21 March. The submarine commander was not cited for blame.

Nearly 39,000 officers and men were redeployed from AFWESPAC ports to the States during February.

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Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service announcements. Please notify promptly.)

Born

ALDRICH — Born at the Station Hospital, MacDill Field, Tampa, Fla., 22 March 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Stanley Bower Aldrich, a daughter, Sandra Rae Aldrich.

BACA — Born at Brooke General Hospital, Brooke Army Medical Center, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 19 March 1946, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Leo Cayetana Baca, a daughter, Marsha K. Baca.

BARKEY — Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 30 March 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Howard E. Barkey, CAC, a daughter.

BARNES — Born at Coronado Hospital, Coronado, Calif., 21 March 1946, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert C. Barnes, a daughter.

BROKASKI — Born at the Station Hospital, MacDill Field, Tampa, Fla., 22 March 1946, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Edward George Brokaski, a daughter, Linda Lee Brokaski.

CHILDS — Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 29 March 1946, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. George W. Childs, Inf., a daughter.

CLEMENTON — Born at Patterson Field, Ohio, 21 March 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Gerhardt C. Clementon, AC, USA, a daughter, Barbara Lynn Clementon.

COE — Born at Memorial Hospital, East Orange, N. J., 31 March 1946, to Mr. and Mrs. Grover K. Coe, a son, Richard Eric Coe, grandson of Col. and Mrs. George L. Kraft.

COMPTON — Born at Brooke General Hospital, Brooke Army Medical Center, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 19 March 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Roy LaVerne Compton, a daughter, Wanda Lee Compton.

CORNWALL — Born at San Francisco, Calif., 26 March 1946, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. John S. Cornwall, a daughter.

CROWLEY — Born at Pinehurst, N. C., 24 March 1946, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. John D. Crowley (USMA '42), a second son, Christopher Crowley.

DAVIES — Born at Naval Hospital, Bethesda, Md., 27 March 1946, to Comdr. and Mrs. Thomas D. Davies, USN (USNA '37), a son, Thomas Daniel Davies, Jr., grandson of Mrs. Robert H. English, and the late Rear Adm. Robert H. English, and Mr. and Mrs. David A. Davies of Cleveland.

DIENNA — Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 29 March 1946, to T/Sgt. and Mrs. John P. Dienna, SC, a son.

DORLAND — Born at Oak Ridge Hospital, Oak Ridge, Tenn., 17 March 1946, to Col. and Mrs. Gilbert M. Dorland, CE, a son, Peter Grant Dorland.

HELMER — Born at New Orleans, La., 22 Feb. 1946, to Lt. and Mrs. Charles Francis Helmer, USN (USNA '43), a daughter, Anne Douglas Helmer, granddaughter of Rear Admiral and Mrs. Andrew C. Bennett, USN (USNA '12), and Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Helmer of Kingsport, Pa.

HOFFMAN — Born at the Station Hospital, MacDill Field, Tampa, Fla., 21 March 1946, to F/O and Mrs. Allen Lewis Hoffman, a son, Bruce Edward Hoffman.

HUGHES — Born at St. Mary's Hospital, Philadelphia, 21 March 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. John N. Hughes, Ord., a daughter, Kathleen Ruth Hughes.

LaRoche — Born at the Station Hospital, MacDill Field, Tampa, Fla., 27 March 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Harold D. LaRoche, a daughter, Diana Lee LaRoche.

McBROYER — Born at the Family Hospital, Quantico, Va., 21 March 1946, to T/Sgt. and Mrs. H. McBroyer, USMC, a daughter.

McEachern — Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 30 March 1946, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Joe A. McEachern, CE, a daughter.

MONTGOMERY — Born at Brooke General Hospital, Brooke Army Medical Center, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 21 March 1946, to Ens. and Mrs. Lynn Edwards Montgomery, USN, a son, Thomas Martell Montgomery.

MULVEHILL — Born at the Station Hospital, MacDill Field, Tampa, Fla., 27 March 1946, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Robert S. J. Mulvehill, Jr., a son, Robert Stanton Mulvehill, 3rd.

NORDSTROM — Born at the Family Hospital, Quantico, Va., 17 March 1946, to Sgt/Maj. and Mrs. H. A. Nordstrom, USMC, a son.

PARTRIDGE — Born at Brooke General Hospital, Brooke Army Medical Center, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 17 March 1946, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Don Walter Partridge, a daughter, Susan Mary Partridge.

PETRIE — Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 31 March 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Harold J. Petrie, a daughter.

PINAGLIA — Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 28 March 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Frank A. Pinaglia, SC, a son, Frank Armand Pinaglia, Jr., grandson of Mrs. Stella M. Pinaglia of San Francisco.

SANTEL — Born at Brooke General Hospital, Brooke Army Medical Center, Fort Sam Houston, 15 March 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Walter Phillip Santel, a daughter, Barbara Lee Santel.

SOBESKY — Born at the Family Hospital, Quantico, Va., 19 March 1946, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. J. V. Sobesky, a son.

WHITING — Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 28 March 1946, to T/Sgt. and Mrs. Earl E. Whiting, AAF, a daughter.

WICKLAND — Born at the Station Hospital, MacDill Field, Tampa, Fla., 27 March 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Harold A. Wickland, a son, David William Wickland.

WOODRUM — Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 31 March 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Olin C. Woodrum, MC, a daughter.

ZELLNER — Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 29 March 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Richard Zellner, CE, a son.

Married

ADAMS-NAYLOR — Married in St. David's Protestant Episcopal Church, Baltimore, Md., 30 March 1946, Miss Mary Ragan Naylor to Lt. (jg) Tinsley Adams, USCGR.

AMITY-HILL — Married in Union Presbyterian Church, Balboa, C. Z., 20 February 1946, Miss Nancy Waters Hill to Lt. Richard F. Amity, AUS.

APPERSON-McNAIR — Married at Great Falls, Mont., 25 March 1946, Miss Marianna McNaair to 1st Lt. Harvey Black Apperson, Jr., AC, AUS.

ARNOLD-BERNELE — Married at the Methodist Church, Larchmont, 22 March 1946, Miss Alyce Maud Bernelle to Capt. George Moore Arnold, AAF.

BASSETT-HOLMES — Married in the bride's home in Washington, D. C., 28 March 1946, Miss Mary Catherine Holmes to Lt. Comdr. Cochem Bassett, USNR.

BERENZWEIG-HAMMEL — Married in the Base Chapel, Yokohama, Japan, 9 February 1946, Miss Priscilla Anne Hammel to Capt. Marvin Jay Berenzweig, USA USMA'43).

BRENNEMAN-SONN — Married in the chapel of the Naval Air Station, Vero Beach, Fla., 24 March 1946, Miss Jean Helen Sonn to Capt. John W. Breneman, USMCR.

BRIGGS-MILYKO — Married in St. John's of Lattintown, Locust Valley, L. I., N. Y., 31 March 1946, Miss Florence Elizabeth Milyko to Lt. (jg) Royall Ashmore Briggs, Jr., USNR.

BURKE-DEGNAN — Married at St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York City, 17 March 1946, Miss Mary Ellen Degnan to Lt. Donald T. Burke, USNR.

CAIN-BROWNING — Married in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York City, 30 March 1946, Mrs. Gloria French Browning to Lt. Comdr. William C. Cain, USCGR.

CLARK-McREE — Married in St. George's Church, Rumson, N. J., 30 March 1946, Miss Virginia McRee to Lt. Comdr. Francis E. Clark, USN.

DEAKINS-DeCLARA — Married at Stafford, Va., 3 March 1946, Mrs. Bessie DeClara to CWO H. F. Deakins, USMC.

DOLAN-RICHARDS — Married in the Post Chapel, Quantico, Va., 16 March 1946, Cpl. Elaine Richards, USMCR(W), to Cpl. John E. Dolan, USMC.

FARRELL-PRICE — Married in the chapel of St. Theresa's Church, Washington, D. C., 16 March 1946, Miss Annabelle Lee Price to Ens. John Joseph Farrell, USNR.

FELTUS-BUCKLEY — Married in Miami, Fla., 9 March 1946, Miss Elizabeth Buckley to Lt. (jg) John Carrigan Feltus, USN.

FOWLE-FLETCHER — Married in the David Adams Memorial Chapel, Naval Station, Norfolk, Va., 30 March 1946, Mrs. Martha Burgess Fletcher to Maj. Gerald Donlon Fowle, USA.

GARLAND-SHAPIRO — Married at the Wardman Park Hotel, Washington, D. C., 19 March 1946, Miss Ann Shapiro to Capt. Abe J. Garland, AUS.

HAMMOND-WILLIAMS — Married in St. Alban's Church, Washington, D. C., 30 March 1946, Miss Florence Elizabeth Williams, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. David Williams, USNR, to G. Denman Hammond.

HARRIS-GLENNON — Married in St. Alban's Church, Washington, D. C., 30 March 1946, Ens. Jeanne Lejeune Glennon, USNR, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. James Blair Glennon, USN-Ret., to Lt. Col. William Frederick Harris, USMC (USNA '39), son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Field Harris, USMC.

HENDERSON-JOSLIN — Married in the chapel at the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., 23 March 1946, Miss Light Leavenworth Joslin to Ens. Jerome Edward Henderson, USN.

HOLDEN-PARHAM — Married in the Church of the Assumption, Bad Wiessee, Germany, 15 March 1946, Lt. Mary Jane Par-

ham, ANC, to Capt. Harold Henry Holden, Jr., AUS.

HOLT-ROBIDOVE — Married in Providence, R. I., 7 March 1946, Miss Virginia Louise Robidove to Lt. Lewis Claudis Holt, Jr.

HOPKINS-IVES — Married in St. Augustine's Church, Larchmont, N. Y., Miss Nancy Ives to Lt. (jg) Samuel Hopkins, Jr., USN.

JACOBS-BANKS — Married in the bride's home in Norfolk, Va., 21 March 1946, Miss Irene Rhea Banks to Maj. Joseph Jacobs, AAF.

JORGENSEN-PEARSON — Married in the Church of St. James, Scarsdale, N. Y., 30 March 1946, Lt. (jg) Alice Armaby Pearson, USNR(W) to Lt. Comdr. John Bernhardt Jorgensen, USNR.

KIRBY-BIDDLES — Married in the bridegroom's home in Portsmouth, Va., 30 March 1946, Miss Lucy Joan Biddles to Capt. Frank Langley Kirby.

KIRK-HALSTEAD — Married at the Woman's Club, Jersey City, N. J., 29 March 1946, Miss Jessie Wallace Halstead, daughter of Col. and Mrs. William Henry Halstead, USA-Ret., to Howard Franklin Kirk.

McAULIFFE-O'BRIEN — Married in Mount Carmel Church, Ridgewood, N. Y., 30 March 1946, Miss Jeanne O'Brien to Capt. Vincent J. McAuliffe, MC, AUS.

McGEE-LENIHAN — Married at St. Ignatius Loyola Church, New York City, 30 March 1946, Miss Beverly Leihan to Lt. John J. McGee, AUS.

MILLER-BULL — Married in the chapel of St. Luke's Church, Montclair, N. J., 30 March 1946, Miss Edith Bull to Capt. Thomas Julian Miller, AUS.

MILLER-REHAK — Married in the bride's home in East St. Louis, Ill., 14 February 1946, Miss Helen Louise Rehak to Maj. Crosby P. Miller.

MYER-WHITMAN — Married at Bedford Village, N. Y., 18 March 1946, Pfc. Marie Joseph Claire Whitman to Lt. Samuel C. Myer, AUS.

NAEF-COLE — Married in the chapel of Saint Cornelius the Centurion, Governors Island, N. Y., 30 March 1946, Mrs. Dorothy Cole, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Harold W. James, IGD, to Mr. Paul G. Naeff.

NEES-SMITH — Married in the Post Chapel, Quantico, Va., 23 March 1946, Miss Helen Smith to Lt. Col. Charles Nees, USMC.

PERRY-STELMASZEK — Married in the Post Chapel, Quantico, Va., 23 March 1946, Cpl. Laura Stelmasek, USMCR(W) to Pfc. Alfred Perry, USMC.

SEMMER-COBURN — Married in Congress Methodist Church, Washington, D. C., 28 February 1946, Miss Georgia Coburn to Lt. Edgar H. Semmer, USNR.

SIEGEL-OKUN — Married at the Pierre in New York City, 25 March 1946, Miss Doris Okun to Lt. (jg) Robert E. Siegel, USNR.

SMALLING-CROMPTON — Married in the Post Chapel, Quantico, Va., 24 March 1946, Miss June Crompton to Cpl. Clayton Smalling, USMC.

STEPANOVICH-YEATS — Married at Charlottesville, Va., 28 January 1946, Miss Elizabeth Strother Yeats, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Joseph Jones Yeats, USA-Ret., to Lt. Miller George Stepanovich, Inf, AUS.

SULLIVAN-BROWN — Married in the Post Chapel, Quantico, Va., 23 March 1946, Miss Leslie Brown to 1st Lt. Richard J. Sullivan, USMC.

TURNER-ODOR — Married in Columbia, Mo., 3 March 1946, Miss Helen Agnes Odor, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Raymond Wainright Odor, to Lt. Comdr. Charles Wesley Turner, III.

URNER-HARD — Married at her home in Cedarhurst, L. I., N. Y., 30 March 1946, Miss Barbara Hard to Capt. John Milton Urner, AAF.

WELDEN-FORD — Married in the Riverside Baptist Church, Jacksonville, Fla., 29 March 1946, Miss Ann Ford to Ens. Bailey Martin Welden, USNR.

WHITAKER-ROBBINS — Married in Royster Memorial Presbyterian Church, Norfolk, Va., 30 March 1946, Miss Mildred Louise Robbins to Lt. Glen Ellsworth Whitaker, (SC), USNR.

WOOLHANDER-HOFHEIMER — Married in Toledo, Ohio, 24 March 1946, Miss Cathryn Hofheimer to Lt. Comdr. George Julian Woolhandler, MC, USNR.

Died

ALLARD — Died from hanging at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Washington, D. C., 28 March 1946 Lt. (jg) Florence G. Allard, NC.

BENSON — Died from accidental drowning near Biloxi, Miss., about 3 Apr. 1946, 1st Lt.

Mildred R. Benson, ANC.

CASSEDY — Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 29 March 1946, Lt. Col. Harvey I. Cassedy, USA-Ret., husband of Mrs. Elynn L. Cassedy and brother of Miller A. Cassedy, Capt. William P. Cassedy, USA, and Lt. Jane Cassedy, USNR.

CUSTER — Died at the Washington, D. C., Sanatorium, 31 March 1946, Mrs. Bertha V. Custer, wife of A. Boyd Custer, special assistant in the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, and mother of Lt. Comdr. J. Douglas Custer (SC) USN, and Mrs. Evelyn V. Bryant.

JENSEN — Died as a result of self-inflicted gunshot wounds, 3 Apr. 1946, Col. Walter S. Jensen, MAC.

LOHMILLER — Died from accidental drowning near Biloxi, Miss., about 3 Apr. 1946, Capt. Byron D. Lohmiller, MC.

MALLORY — Died at the home of his daughter in Hampton, Va., 27 March 1946, Capt. Charles K. Mallory, USN-Ret. (USNA '95), father of Mrs. L. M. von Shilling, Jr.

ROGERS — Died in Milwaukee, Wisc., 20 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Elizabeth Hailock Rogers, mother of Mr. John D. Rogers of Skaneateles, N. Y., Mr. William N. Rogers of Milwaukee, Mr. Edward Rogers of Syracuse, Maj. Jason Rogers, AUS, and Mrs. Alonzo L. Wood of South Kent, Conn.

Obituaries

Funeral services were held in Manila, 26 March, for the late Maj. Gen. James E. Parker who died as a result of the crash of a B-17 airplane in a remote area of Northern Formosa, 19 March, while en route from Shanghai to his headquarters at Guam.

General Parker was graduated from the United States Military Academy in the class of 1918. During his career he held such important assignments as Commanding General of the Third Bomber Command and of the Fourth Air Force. At the time of his death General Parker was Commanding General of the Twentieth Air Force.

He was awarded the Legion of Merit for outstanding performance of duty as Commanding General of the Third Bomber Command; the Distinguished Service Medal for his work as Commanding General of the Fourth Air Force; the second Legion of Merit and the Bronze Star for duty performed with the Far East Air Force and while Commanding General of the Twentieth Air Force. General Parker held the ratings of Command Pilot, Technical Observer and Combat Observer.

General Parker was a native of Alabama. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Florence O. Parker, a daughter, Shirley, and a son, James, who reside at 107 Oak View Place, Sylvan Hills, San Antonio 2, Texas.

World War II Victory Medal

The Office of The Quartermaster General has ordered procurement of the World War II Victory Medal. The medal may be awarded to all members of the Armed Forces of the United States or of the Government of the Philippine Islands who served honorably on active duty at any time between 7 Dec. 1941, and the date of the termination of the hostilities of the present war.

The World War II Victory Medal is made of bronze, 36 millimeters in diameter. On the obverse is a figure of Liberation standing full length with head turned to dexter looking to the dawn of a new day, right foot resting on a war god's helmet with the hilt of a broken sword in the right hand and the broken blade in the left hand, the inscription "World War II" horizontally placed immediately below center. The reverse has the inscriptions "Freedom from Fear and Want" and "Freedom of Speech and Religion" separated by a palm branch, all within a circle composed of the words, "United States of America—1941-1945."

Extend RR&R Leave

Hq. U. S. Forces, European Theater has announced that the War Department had authorized extension for temporary duty in the United States for recuperation, rehabilitation, and recovery until 1 July 1946.

USS Iowa Brings General Home

Maj. Gen. William C. Chase, USA, Commanding General of the First Cavalry Division, is on board the USS Iowa, flag ship of Fifth Fleet Commander Vice Admiral Frederick C. Sherman, USN, which left Yokosuka, Japan, 24 March and is due to dock at San Pedro, Calif., 7 April.

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Dependents to Europe

Plans for transportation of dependents coming to the European Theater are virtually complete. It was announced at headquarters, USFET. The program, briefly, shapes up in this manner:

When the dependents receive authorization and notice to report to the New York Port of Embarkation, they may travel at their own expense, later to be reimbursed by the transportation official at the port—or they may present their orders to the local transportation official who will issue a transportation request. This request will be honored by bus lines or railroads.

Upon arrival at the port of debarkation, Bremen, Germany, the Transportation Corps will furnish the necessary transportation. In general, the dependents will transfer directly from ship-side to waiting transportation and proceed to their respective destinations. Staging areas have been established at the receiving ports to accommodate dependents if transportation is delayed. This will be very infrequent. It was said. To destinations within the immediate area of debarkation busses and sedans will be used.

A minimum of five weeks will be required to transport household goods from the U. S. to Europe. Where possible personal effects will accompany the families on the voyage. It is unlikely, however, that personal effects will arrive at the ultimate destination with them.

Transportation Corps will handle the movement of baggage, furniture and other personal belongings from the port of debarkation to the community destination.

Following are names of additional dependents to participate in the first mass movement of military dependents to Europe in April. Like the list published in last week's issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, the names of the officer requesting the transportation appears first followed by the names of his dependents scheduled to go in April:

Captains

Carl Olsen—Edna F. Olsen.
Frederick D. Standish, 11—Jean Taylor Standish.
Warren M. Cannegax—Esther Ione Cannegax, Robert Warren, 11; Sandra Ann, 1.
John J. Hennessey—Mary G. Hennessey.
Robert L. Jones—Martha P. Jones, Robert L., Jr., 1.
Raymond E. Garvey, Jr.—Netty T. Garvey.
George Clark—Mrs. George Clark.
George H. Watson—Jean G. Watson.
John L. Hood—Maude E. Hood, Joan B., 13.
Robert M. Wood—Cynthia R. Wood.
Charles Sachsenmaier—Elaine Sachsenmaier, Charlotte, 3.
Ernest G. Stolper—Edith H. Stolper, Frank E., 1.
Robert A. Salvador—Flora W. Salvador.
Linford E. Hill—Floy M. Hill.
William G. Wentz—Blanche J. Wentz, William G., 8; Jacqueline C., 1.
Milton Hollander—Blanche R. Hollander.
Henry A. Grace—Patricia C. Grace.
William N. Martasin—Susan R. Martasin.
John A. Hine, Jr.—Caroline C. Hine, John A., III, 1.
Ulrich E. Biell—Kadidya W. Biell.
William A. Knowlton—Marjorie D. Knowlton.
Kenneth Slegman—Helen E. Slegman, Karen, 1.

William J. Hillard—Dorothy S. Hillard.
Stewart Meyer—Jane Meyer.
Milton Cutler—Dorothy C. Cutler.
Andrew B. C. Nicholls—Catherine Dymus Nicholls.
Fred B. Proctor—Mary Barbara Proctor, Barbara Ann, 2.
Helms Norden—Claire H. Hermeline Norden.
Benjamin Bradin—Anna Margaret Bradin.
Imogen Anne, 18; James Watson, 11.
William G. Waidlich—Pearlie H. Waidlich.
Marvia W. Miller—Ethel L. Miller.
James F. Morey—Wanda Jean Morey.
Louis E. Williams—Betty J. Williams, Patricia J., 1.
William P. Hughes—Helen Walsh Hughes, Judith Monica, 2.
Thomas M. Johnston—Esther E. Johnston, Thomas Garrett, 1.
Emory H. Adkison—Arrah L. Adkison, Barbara Kaye, 3.
William H. Bates—Betty J. Bates.
William T. Ryan—Matilda S. Ryan.
Alva W. Swartz—Mary A. Swartz, Alice A., 2.
Charles K. Buckwalter—Mildred A. Buckwalter, Sandra Lee, 4; Susan L., 4; David C., 1.
Clifford J. Gallagher—Ruby L. Gallagher, Jerold G., 19.
Robert E. DeFord—Dorothy L. DeFord.
John E. Roberts—Kathryn Roberts, John E., 2.
Forrest I. Rettgers—Virginia May Rettgers, Robin Elaine, 1.
Robert V. Lewis—Dorothy A. Lewis, Barry M., 1.
Linwood F. Jordan—Edythe L. Jordan.
Allen Douglas—LaMond B. Douglas.
Charles H. Burr—Julia T. Burr.
John C. Renard—Beatrice M. Renard.
Scott C. Strohecker—Permelia Jennings Strohecker.
E. Debenport—Marie I. Debenport, Albert B., 3; Roger G., 2.
Arnold Sipes—Martha Karline Sipes, Judy Karline, 2.
Milton E. Steinbring—Elizabeth Steinbring, Joyce Anne, 9 mos.
Charles M. Matthews—Angeline S. Matthews.
Dell S. Perkins—Jean S. Perkins, Mary S., 8 mos.
James Lyle—Sunshine Lyle.
Corbie Truman—Mary F. Truman.
Willard C. Merriam—Mrs. Willard C. Merriam.
Frank W. Rutledge—Maxine M. Rutledge.
Samuel M. Bays—Erma Lea Bays.
Robert W. Gibson—Mary Jane Gibson.
Nancy Ann, 2; Mary Betsy, 5 mos.
Arthur E. K. Brenner—Gertrude B. Brenner.
Charles S. Reed, Jr.—Rachel Reed, Carol Anita, 7 mos.
Hamilton Colt—Alice M. Colt, Susan T., 7.
Karl W. Dittich—Constance M. Dittich, John Karl, 1.
George B. Morgan—Kathleen R. Morgan, Jolli Brian, 8; Brianna Lee, 2.
Norman Stewart—Dorris E. Stewart.
Arthur O. Swisher—Rachel H. Swisher, Arthur H., 5.
Lawrence P. Bischoff, Jr.—Jessie A. Bischoff.
Paul Bayorgreen—Helen Bayorgreen.
Charles Ross—Mrs. C. W. Ross.
William J. Weaver—Mari H. Weaver.
Bleacher L. Williams—Marjorie S. Williams, Dale B., 11; Delma Jo, 8; Wayne H., 5.
Albert V. Bruni—Catherine M. Bruni, Barbara Joyce, 2.
Roger Conarty—Romona M. Conarty, Sharon L., 1.
George W. Moore—Ginger Henderson.
Clelia O. Cypret—Opal C. Cypret.
George A. Criser—Alberta S. Criser.
Joe L. Fernandes—Ruth E. Fernandes.
Ben Narvid—Ethel Narvid.
Clifford Stoville—Pauline L. Stoville, Barbara L., 1.
Walter F. Noyes—Marjorie Kister Noyes.
Norma B. Arvidson—Mrs. Norma B. Arvidson.

vidson.

Myron E. Pierce—Norma Isabel Pierce.
Fred W. Scott—Lorain J.
Charles J. Pregaldin—Jean P. Pregaldin.
Lem P. Henslee—Eloise J. Henslee.
Forest E. Thorpe—Effe M. Thorpe.
Chet D. Hirsch—Eva Mary Hirsch.
James F. Fears—Eva M. Fears, James W., 4.
Charles W. Stipeck—Nelda A. Stipeck.
Elmer G. Baldwin—Jean Baldwin.
Duane P. Tenney—Harriet L. F. Tenney.
Joseph F. H. Cutrona—Mary Grace Cutrona.
Ralph W. Lowe—Elinor A. Lowe.
John M. Ewen—Mary Elizabeth Tyree Ewen.
John M. Devereaux—Elsie T. Devereaux.
Charles Campbell—Edna Earle Campbell.
Robert Cranston—Joan E. Cranston, Christine, 2.
Brooks L. Sheppard—Jane E. Sheppard.
Woodward Wilkerson—Mildred Wilkerson.
Ray C. Barbee—Marion Caroline Barbee, Ray Clinton, 4 mos.
Donald H. Gehrl—Althea E. Gehrl, Patricia A., 1.
John A. Marshall—Erna O. Marshall.
Grover D. Icenogle—Mary Adeline Icenogle, Mary Elizabeth, 2.
George Hensberger—Angeline Hensberger.
Albert Bartlow—Martha Luella Bartlow.
Graydon A. Terbush—Mabel E. Terbush.
Samuel Beem—Marjorie Beem.
George E. Richardson—Mrs. G. E. Richardson, George Lee, 12.
Gerald V. Reberry—Mary Lyon, Martha K., 1; David Lyon, 5 mos.
James J. Callahan—Cornelia M. Callahan.
Donald W. Wyatt—Dorothy L. Wyatt, Robert L., 5.
Jonathan O. Nottingham—Elma G. Nottingham, David J., 11; Sara E., 9; Bruce A., 5.
Stanley I. Meadows—Sybil F. Meadows, Roy J., 6; David M., 2.
William A. Werber—Araline N. Werber.
Joseph C. Boudin—Betty V. Boudin.
George M. Strawn—Vannette Strawn.
C. E. Pickering—Phyllis Pickering, M. Hazel.
Paul H. Dell—Frances I. Dell, Linda Ann, 1.
Adrian St. John—P. E. St. John, Adrian, 2.
Frank M. Hunt—Angelina C. Hunt.
Stephen E. Gordy—Edith S. Gordy.
Roy B. Card—Evelyn G. Card, Linda A., 2; Bruce P., 1.
Freeman D. Rice—Lorraine Helen Rice.
Robert J. Davenport—Mary Davenport, David M., 1.
William F. Wright—Grace Pullen Wright, Jo Anne, 11.
Henry Schardt—Mary K. Schardt, Paul F., 3; Karen M., 2; Kathleen, 8 mos.

The Atomic Bomb

Destruction of a guinea pig fleet was criticized on Capitol Hill a week ago because of the world situation, but resolutions introduced to halt the atom bomb tests appeared bound for defeat under the support of leading Congressmen who insist that Operations Crossroads must be carried out.

Senator Hatch of New Mexico, member of President Truman's Evaluation board, was joined by Senators Walsh, Mead and Millikin in reaffirming their desire to achieve the object of the test—to determine the effect of atom bombs dropped on naval vessels. They thereby indicated that considerable opposition could be expected to the Huffman-Lucas resolution that proposes to halt the operation.

With the date for the first test remaining at 1 July, the Navy preparations for the Bikini operation became heaviest in Pearl Harbor, where the guinea pig fleet is being assembled. The Navy also made the timely announcement that waves such as recently hit Hawaii, Alaska and California will not be caused by atomic bomb drops at Bikini.

Eight submarines—the Sea Raven, Pilotfish, Parch, Tuna, Skate, Skipjack, Apogon, and Dentada—were assembled in the Submarine Base in Pearl Harbor to be fitted out with instruments required for the acquisition of scientific data. They will leave soon for Bikini Atoll as Submarine Squadron 21, and will be consigned to the target array for placement where the greatest scientific and technical knowledge will be obtained.

A total of about 60 guinea pig ships have been assembled in Pearl Harbor already, and ground units of the 58th Air Wing, Army Air Forces, which will drop the first bomb, are en route to Kwajalein and neighboring Eniwetok. Rear Admiral Frank G. Ehrion, USN, a Navy ordnance engineer who is directing the force being assembled at Pearl, shifted his flag on 28 March from Pacific Fleet headquarters to the USS Fall River, one of the Navy's newest heavy cruisers which will serve as flagship for the operation.

The former Jap battleship Nagate and light cruiser Sakawa, targets in the ex-

periment, have left Japan manned by skeleton Navy crews, bound for Eniwetok.

Family Housing in Japan

Yokohama—Col. James Trullitt, chief of the dependent housing division of Eighth Army's engineer section, has announced that houses in the Yokohama area will be allocated on the basis of family requirements with little, if any, differences between those for officers and enlisted men. Plans call for an equal number of enlisted men's and officers' homes, separated by a park.

Under orders from Lt. Gen. Robert L. Elcheberger, Eighth Army commander, construction will begin first on units for enlisted men's families.

Col. Trullitt said that the houses will be of wood frame construction, with some walls plastered and others finished in wallboard. Exteriors will be finished in stucco. Roofs may be finished in different colors. They will be two-story homes attached together in strings of two, three, and four units. One design calls for a living room, dinette and kitchen on the ground floor and two bedrooms and a bath on the second floor, while another design will have a living room, bedroom, small bathroom and kitchen-dinette downstairs and two bedrooms and a bathroom upstairs. Houses will be apportioned on the basis of the requirements of individual families.

Interiors of the houses will be painted, and specially designed furniture, now being contracted for, will be ready when the first projects are completed.

Bathroom walls and floors will be tiled, and plumbing will be modern. Tub-and-shower combinations will be installed in all bathrooms. Toilets will be flush-type.

Heat will be provided by electric heating units now being designed. Electricity will also be used for stoves and for the hot water heaters. Attempts are being made to contract for electric refrigerators as well.

Roomy cabinets are being built around the sinks in the kitchens. An added refinement is an electric fan built into the kitchen wall to dissipate cooking odors and aid in ventilation.

Buildings will be provided in the area to house Japanese servants employed in the community. No quarters for servants will be built into the units themselves.

Ship's Service Stores

In line with the Navy's policy of confining the handling of financial accounts to trained Supply Officers, the Navy department has ordered the transfer of all ship's service stores to the control of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

This will return to the Supply Corps exclusive control over purchases of ship's service supplies as well as commissary stores and clothing, in accordance with a recommendation made by Secretary Forrestal in October 1945. In some cases, ship's service and small stores clothing will be combined in one store.

The transfer is to become effective in the First, Third and Fourth Naval Districts—Boston, New York, and Philadelphia—on or before 30 June, and transfer in other Naval Districts will be effected in successive stages.

Retired Officers' Association

The following retired officers joined the Retired Officers' Association during March:

Lt. Col. R. C. Akins, USA; Comdr. D. J. Sinnott, USN; Comdr. J. S. Chitwood, USN; Capt. L. H. C. Johnson, USN; Capt. Edwin G. Middleton, USMC; WO Roy Herbert Thompson, USN; Capt. Roscoe House, USCG; Col. Henry L. P. King, USA; Col. Charles A. Esterbrook, USA; Col. Robert Sterrett, USA; Maj. Gen. Andrew Moses, USA; Col. F. A. Pope, USA; Col. Stanley M. Prouty, USA; Capt. C. G. Moore, USN; Lt. Frederick A. Mack, USN; Maj. Gen. James H. Burns, USA; Col. John P. Hains, USA; Lt. William E. Malm, USMC; Lt. Gordon T. Rogers, USN; Capt. Frans O. Willenbacher, USN; Comdr. Raymond Asserson, USN; Comdr. L. K. Scott, USN; Col. Eugene Santschi, Jr., USA; Comdr. Ernest F. Slater, MC, USN; Capt. Eric F. Zemke, USN; Lt. Col. L. A. Haslip, USMC; WO Peter F. LeRoy, Jr., USN; Col. W. B. Croka, USMC; Col. Robert C. Humber, USA; Col. Owen M. Marshburn, USA; Maj. Gen. James A. Ulio, USA; Comdr. Charles E. Tinsley, USCG; Comdr. Warwick M. Tinsley, USN; Col. F. Granville Munson, USA; Col. Henry P. Carter, MC, USA; Col. C. W. LeGette, USMC; Lt. Col. Abner J. McGee, Jr., USA; Maj. Gen. James C. Magee, USA.

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Demotion of Army Officers

(Continued from first page)

continuous in that or a higher grade. An officer having been demoted one grade will not be demoted a second grade until all officers holding the temporary grade to which he was first demoted have received a one grade demotion. For example, a Colonel demoted to a Lieutenant Colonel will not be demoted to Major until all officers who were temporary Lieutenant Colonels at the time he was demoted to Lieutenant Colonel have been demoted to Majors. Reserve and National Guard Officers will not be demoted to a grade which is lower than the permanent grade which they held on 7 Dec. 1941. Regular Army officers will not be demoted below their permanent grade. Selection for demotion of AAF officers world wide regardless of assignment will be made by the Commanding General, Army Air Forces. All other officers will be selected for demotion by the War Department.

Monthly Increments

"3. Procedure. Officers will be demoted in monthly increments. At least 30 days prior to the effective date of demotion of any particular increment the War Department will notify Commanders of the names of the officers contained in that particular increment. In addition to this list of names the cable will contain a statement that the particular increment includes all officers of the temporary grade concerned with a date of rank on or after a specified date. Should the name of an officer with an appropriate date of rank be inadvertently overlooked and omitted from the increment his name will be reported to the War Department, 15 days prior to the effective date of demotion of any particular increment, the War Department will dispatch cable orders listing the names of the officers whose current temporary AUS appointment is terminated without prejudice and who are tendered a temporary AUS appointment in the next lower grade subject to acceptance of the new appointment. A formal acceptance of reappointment in the lower grade will be executed in the following form:

"I accept temporary appointment effective _____ in the grade of _____
Army of the United States.

"This acceptance will be forwarded to the Adjutant General, (Attention: Officers Branch) and, in addition, a cable will be initiated to the Adjutant General without delay stating that the officer has accepted the reappointment. A Regular Army officer declining to accept the new appointment in the lower grade will revert to his permanent grade except that Regular Army active list officers with 25 years or more service have the additional option of requesting retirement. The Adjutant General will be notified without delay by cable if the officer accepts either of these 2 options. If the officer has over 25 years' service and requests retirement he will not be demoted pending final action on his request. Regular Army active list officers with 15 to 25 years' service who request retirement will not be excepted from demotion. A non-Regular Army officer declining to accept the new appointment in the lower grade will be relieved from active duty as surplus without demotion and the Adjutant General will be notified by cable without delay of the officers election of this option. Unless excepted, officers are required to elect in writing an option described above on or before the effective date contained in the cable orders.

Exceptions

"4. Exception. "A. General. Combat wounded officers awarded the Purple Heart who are hospitalized or who have Army Retiring Board proceedings pending wherein the Board found the officer permanently incapacitated incident to service are not to be demoted until their final disposition is known. An officer in this category will not be required to accept the reappointment in lower grade but will be reported to the Adjutant General by cable. If the officer is discharged from the hospital, and not ordered to appear before an Army Retiring Board, the Commander of the hospital will report the officer's discharge from hospitalization to the Adjutant General by cable.

"B. Individual. Individual demotion exceptions may be considered only in the most extreme cases based upon the personal comments furnished by Commanders. Final approval or disapproval of an individual exception rests with the CG, AAF for AAF officers world wide regardless of assignment and with the War Department for all others. Should an exception be approved the officer's demotion will be deferred for 1 month and the officer will be included in the next monthly demotion increment. In the meantime maximum effort will be made to replace the officer. The Officers will not again be excepted unless such action is again justified.

"5. It is desired that you give this policy and procedure complete expeditious distribution so as to reach all Army officers as soon as possible. In addition it is desired that upon receipt of the advance list of names contained in each monthly increment special efforts be made to inform each of the individual officers that he is subject to demotion under this policy at an early date. Implementation of this plan will require persistent alert attention by all concerned.

"Effective immediately no additional temporary promotions to the grade of Colonel will be effected. All recommendations for promotions to Colonel AUS being processed will be returned without action except that recommendation for the promotion of combat injured officers to the grade of Colonel under the provisions of paragraph 3 C AR 605-12 may be processed to completion.

"7. Cables to TAG will be addressed attention SPXPO-P.

"8. WD Circular 10/46 will be amended in separate actions to compensate for loss of rank under this policy."

World Police Forces

It is reasonable to expect that the first substantial element of that world police force which one day will come into being at the United Nations' behest will be an international air force. It could hardly be otherwise. If the United Nations should be called upon to exercise discipline in the form of force, it is obvious that a greater amount of force, at the earliest possible moment, can be supplied by air power than by any other means of land or sea. From bases which now exist all over the globe the modern long range bomber can make a demonstration at any spot in a minimum time and with minimum effort. What more dazzling demonstration than the one which General George Kenney's forces made in New Guinea on two occasions? One was the Gusap valley job, into which air power moved some 30,000 men, over terrain which no ground forces could have crossed in weeks, supplied them, housed them, and then, when their mission was over, moved them out. The other was the Brisbane-to-Hollandia move, which took a whole headquarters about as far as from Washington to Fairbanks, had it operating in the one place one day and in the other the next. A cargo service which can fly thousands of tons of metal strips for making an airfield, fuel and ammunition, jeeps, dismantled trucks, bulldozers, small tanks, and great numbers of troops is an impressive adjunct either to a single military force or to a world police force. It is certain that air will be more powerful and more flexible in the next few years; it certainly can be doubted that this is unknown to the members of the Military Staff of the United Nations Security Council, who in New York just now are slowly working out their plans.

They are doing their work slowly and uncertainly of necessity. The Staff is an instrument of the Council, rather than vice versa, and hence it is unlikely to progress in its own deliberations a great deal more rapidly than the Council progresses in its diplomatic struggles. Yet some progress it will make, simply because military men are more direct in their dealings than are statesmen, and more instinctively cooperative because of their common calling—who can forget the excellent relations which existed between General Eisenhower and Marshal Zhukov, and which continue between their successors? Even so, the confusion of tongues which the most skillful interpreter cannot eliminate is one cause of delay. A greater one is the genuine and continuing uncertainty of what the "world police force" is expected to cope with—what is the probable mission for which it should be created and which, accordingly, must determine its size, its composition, and its command.

In the absence of substantial information there can be only a tentative approach to each problem. Military men understand military techniques better than do statesmen. They realize better the peculiar difficulties of command, the certainty that if a given task is a small one which can be readily handled by a small force, the efficient thing would be to assign it to one nation, and one commander from that nation. If, however, there is a desire for a display of numerous nations' interests, including numerous groups of nationals (for understandable political effect rather than for military efficiency) there would have to be some such command, with multiple deputies and coordinations, as General Eisenhower developed in like situation, with the largest force probably determining the supreme commander, and the largest force itself determined by the geographical location of the task to be performed.

As to the total forces which America, for example, will tender to the United Nations as its share of the whole world police force, there can be nothing but conjecture at present, as was noted in these

columns some weeks ago. Some speculative estimates of the actual size of our contribution and of all contributions combined have been made, but none of them appears to receive the support of any recognized authority. The mission itself, as remarked, is not determined, and the Security Council's own progress toward unity of view is not so rapid as to encourage any strong commitments by its Military Staff members.

However, a few things can be conjectured as reasonable. It is unlikely that if and when the United States makes its tender, the troops thus "offered" will be more than earmarked. There would be objection to physically removing any considerable number of our troops from an establishment which already is having conspicuous difficulty in getting the enlistments needed for existing commitments. On the other hand there should be no great difficulty in earmarking several of its units for emergency world police purposes and keeping them, meantime, at their regular training duty. One reason is that concentration in any one place would be inefficient in more respects than one. Presumably such troops as we earmark for possible duty in the Orient would be stationed in the far Pacific—not only because they would thus be fairly near the potential trouble spot, but because they would there be acclimated and equipped and inoculated and trained for just that sort of work. Troops earmarked for cold weather areas would presumably be retained in northern or mountain areas for corresponding reasons. Troops earmarked for the South could profitably be stationed in the Canal Zone or in Puerto Rico until needed. The occasional unit changes of station could be scheduled in such a way that the Military Staff, having earmarked Unit A for such a purpose to the United Nations, could at will substitute Unit B.

It may also be conjectured that the command of American forces for any world enterprise would be largely determined by the American members of UN's Military Staff, rather than that any member of that Staff (they now are General George Kenney, Admiral Richmond Kelly Turner, and Lt. Gen. Matthew Ridgway) would go to the field; rather, in case of need they would presumably function as Joint Chiefs of Staff, on the World War II model for over-all control, and would designate the field commander.

Whatever suggestions the Military Staff makes are likely to be extremely flexible, with tenders perhaps on a six months' basis of renewal, for the sake of experiment. There is no reason why not, for the Military Staff, like the Security Council, remains in continuous session, precisely as does any nation's war-plans section. What situations will arise nobody can forecast. Perhaps one which can be met by a naval blockade, perhaps one which will call for a demonstration by aerial fleets, perhaps one which will call for a landing and partial occupation. In any case, the desire would be for quick results, and for that reason the need really exists for an earmarking of forces sufficiently large and sufficiently representative of all nations to make an impressive demonstration at the outset.

Now all this, while reasonable enough, is conjecture. The Military Staff members themselves most wisely are saying nothing whatever. The nearest approach to a statement by any responsible authority is the remark of one of our general officers the other day, that this is a poor time to show impatience.

"It would be," he said, "very much like an indignant citizen walking up to a vacant lot and shouting 'What's holding things up? They said yesterday they were going to build a skyscraper on this lot, and it's not here yet.' I'm not sure how much of a skyscraper the United Nations is going to build, or when it will start, but I know we mustn't expect it right away."

—M. S. W.

Army Promotion Hold-up

Promotion of 345 lieutenant colonels to full colonel in the Regular Army provided for by recent legislation, is being held up, so it is stated, by the delay of the War Department in resolving the status of Lt. Col. James A. Killan, nominated on a list afterward recalled by the Senate Military Committee because of his connection with the camp involved in mistreatment of American prisoners in England. It is

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reported that the Chief of Staff has instructed General Joseph T. McNarney, in command in the European Theater, to give personal attention to the trial going on at Litchfield, England.

Navy Orders

(Continued from page 961)

Elmer D. Snare, to BuPers, Navy Dept. temp duty pending assignment.
Daniel J. Weintraub, to Com-4, Philadelphia, Pa., for temp duty pending assignment.

Commanders

Frank H. Bond, to District Planning Officer, Com-3, New York, N. Y.
Douglas B. Brokenshire, to Personnel Officer, Fleet Air West Pacific.
Charles W. Collins, Jr., (MC), to NAS, St. Louis, Mo.
Vernor N. Cook, S(C), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.
Harold F. Dearth, (Ret.), to Proceed home; relieved active duty.
William A. Dunn, to Staff — Naval Base, Norfolk, Va.
Francis D. Foley, to Air Officer, USS Franklin D. Roosevelt, CVB 42.
William P. Gruner, Jr., to Naval Shipyard, San Francisco, Calif.
Kenneth P. Hance, to Fleet Air, Quonset Point, R. I., temp duty.
Gilbert S. Hardie, (MC), to Marine Air West Coast, Marine Corps Air Depot, Miramar, San Diego, Calif.
Carson Hawkins, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.

Charles M. Howe, III, to Tulane U., New Orleans, La. for duty in conn with NROTC.
Richard G. Jack, to NOB, Newport, R. I. for duty in conn with establishment of General Line Schl.
Robert E. C. Jones, to XO, USS Franklin D. Roosevelt, CVB 42.
Jerome Kotleroff, (MC), to Nav Hosp, St. Albans, New York.

Keith M. Krieger, (A3), to nearest Fleet Air Command temp duty pending assignment.
William J. Lederer, Jr., to Office of Dir of PubInfo, Navy Dept.
Harry F. Lenhardt, (MC), to NAS, Corpus Christi, Texas.

Marguerite Maher, (W), to Separation Unit (WR), Wash., D. C. for separation.
Oscar T. McDonough, (MC), to Naval Med Supply Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Charles M. Mead, (DM), to nearest Naval Dist temp duty pending assignment.
Clarence A. Melvin, to CO, Patrol Bombing Squadron 136.
Kenneth E. Meneke, (DE), to Pacific Fleet Camera Officer, ServPac.
Ivan Monk, (DE), to Boiler and Turbine Lab Naval Shipyard, Philadelphia, Pa.
James M. Payne, (DM), to CO, USS Gage, APA 168.

Walter E. Reed, (DM), to CO, USS Hydrographer, AGS 2.
Robert F. Rely, S(C), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.
Judson B. Robinson, (S1), to nearest Nav Dist temp duty in conn with separation.
Robert Rynd, to Air Officer, USS Point Cruz, CVE 119.
Blair E. Simons, (DC), to NavHosp, NTC, Bainbridge, Md.
Howard C. Smith, (DC), to Repair Base, San Diego, Calif.
George E. Taylor, (S), to NavBase, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Floyd T. Thompson, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept. for temp duty in conn with Aerological Duty, Weather Central, Shanghai, China.
Jack W. Thornbury, (A5), to Exam by Retiring Bd and orders home.
Henry R. Wiver, to Staff—16th Fleet, in connection with gunnery.
William H. Winsfield, S(C), to Separation Center, Wash., D. C. for separation.

NAVY NURSE CORPS

Lt. Comdr.

Jessie D. Hodge from NavHosp, Alca Heights, T. H., to NavHosp, Norman, Okla., as Chief Nurse.
Dorothy P. Monahan from NavHosp, Norman, Okla., to NavHosp, Alca Heights, T. H.
Laura S. DeWitt from NavHosp, San Diego, to NavHosp, Guam.
Rita V. O'Neill from USS Haven (AH-12) to Nav Hosp, Marine Station, Quantico, Va.
Jean E. Dunbar to Fleet Hospital #114, Philippine I.
Rose A. Flanagan to Fleet Hospital #114, Philippine I.
Marie J. Rotondo to the USS Benevolence (AH-13).

Col. Gard I. & E. Officer

Col. Robert G. Gard, former Division Artillery Commander of the 96th Division, has been appointed Chief of Information and Education Services, Army Forces Pacific, relieving Col. John F. Davis, who has returned to the United States to take up an assignment at Ft. Knox, Ky.

Inf. Combat Requirements

Col. Ben Harrel, veteran of the African, Italian, Southern France, and Austrian campaigns, has been selected by Maj. Gen. John W. O'Daniel, Commandant Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., to head a new office known as the Combat Requirements Section. The mission of this section will be to examine present Infantry doctrines, organization, and techniques in the light of combat experience, and to recommend to the Commandant where they can be improved.

Said General O'Daniel, "It is my desire that expression of new ideas on any matter affecting Infantry and its development be encouraged among all officers and men in the School. Nothing is so good that it cannot be improved."

All personnel of the school are urged to submit to the Combat Requirements Section any development ideas that may be made a project for study and recommendations. Colonel Harrel recommends that proposals be submitted in writing.

PX's in Europe

U. S. Forces, European Theater—The Army Exchange Service has ceased to operate as a separate army unit. Its functions, responsibilities, and personnel have been transferred to the Special Services Division, it was announced by Headquarters, USFET. The combined services will be under the command of Maj. Gen. A. R. Bolling, Theater Chief of Special Services.

Every effort will be made, officials said, to augment the present exchange program whenever possible. The gift procurement program, will be accelerated as quickly as possible. When supply conditions permit, it was said, soldiers will get the kind of brands of candies and cigarettes they ask for.

Navy Officers Promotions

Promotions of junior officers of the Navy may be effected under Alnav 150, effective 1 April. Those eligible are: Lieutenants USN and USNR, line and staff corps, whose dates of rank are within the period 2 February 1944 to 1 March 1944 inclusive; and Lieutenants (junior grade), Ensigns . . . and non-commissioned warrant officers USN and USNR, line and staff corps, whose dates of rank are within the period 2 August 1944 to 1 September 1944 inclusive.

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FINANCE

Financial Digest

President Truman declared this week that the nation stands at the doorway of prosperity and is following a course of full employment, full production and market economy but that inflationary forces must be defeated.

Read at the annual meeting of the American Retail Federation, the President's statement served as the keynote of members of the economic staff of the Administration. Government speakers, including Chester Bowles, Director of Economic Stabilization, cited in detail their ideas as to what should be done by the Government, by labor and by industry to reach the goal set by the President. Senator Joseph H. Ball (R. Minn.) assailed the labor policy of the Administration and said that he would propose amendments to the Case bill to increase labor's responsibility in labor disputes.

It was announced by the Office of Price Administration this week that effective immediately an increase of ten cents per barrel in producers' ceiling prices for crude oil was granted. According to the OPA this action, the first industry-wide rise in crude oil prices since price control was established, was taken following an interim determination that under existing ceilings the earnings of the industry would not average over the coming year the 1936-39 rate of return. On the basis of a prospective production this year of 1,500,000,000 barrels of crude oil, officials estimated that the ten cent increase would mean an additional \$150,000,000 annually to producers.

Indebtedness of the United States, public and private, exceeded \$350 billion in 1945, double the pre-war peak which was reached in 1930, a study in the April issue of The Monthly Review published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York says. The article notes the vast changes in the pattern of the debt and observes that the substantial increase was accompanied by an equally marked decline in interest rates. Average interest rates fell about one-half between 1930 and 1945. It is estimated that as of 31 Dec. the Federal net debt excluding inter-agency debt, government securities held by trust accounts and government loans to private individuals and enterprises has comprised over 65 per cent of the aggregate national debt as compared with 22 per cent at the end of 1940.

Advertisers in the Army and Navy Journal support the Armed Forces and are familiar with their requirements.

31 Favored STOCKS

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MERCHANT MARINE

Merchant Marine

The Interstate Commerce Commission received on 21 March a request from the U. S. Maritime Commission and War Shipping Administration for an investigation of the legality and reasonableness of existing railroad freight rates and practices which they consider competitive with domestic water carriers and which are asserted to be in violation of the Interstate Commerce Act.

The petition was signed by Edward McCauley, acting chairman of the Maritime Commission, and Capt. Granville Conway, acting War Shipping Administrator, and was forwarded with letters from three Cabinet officers supporting the action of the two agencies in urging an early inquiry. Secretary of War Patterson and Secretary of the Navy Forrestal pointed out the importance of a strong domestic merchant marine to national defense, and Secretary of Commerce Wallace said "it is highly desirable that the Interstate Commerce Commission conduct an expeditious investigation of the competitive rail and water rates which appear to deter the prompt resumption of domestic water trades."

The petitioners assert that with the national interest the primary object of their demands, the American merchant marine cannot continue to operate under present competitive conditions with the railroads. They say that "unless remedial measures are found immediately, existing conditions will end in complete destruction of common carrier water services with costly government operation as the only alternative."

The War Shipping Administration announces that the U. S. merchant marine has sufficient tonnage and ships to meet all current and anticipated requirements of military service, relief agencies, foreign national import programs and other demands. In order to fill shipping needs as expeditiously as possible, the WSA administrator has requested 60-day advance notice of shipping needs.

At the same time, the WSA has asked interstate coastal and intercoastal ship operators to cooperate in resuming normal peacetime traffic, by making surveys of ship requirements and studies of operating costs and revenues.

Two merchant mariners were cited during the week for services rendered their ships. Earl Henry Robinson, radio operator aboard the SS Hilary A. Herbert, was presented a Merchant Marine Meritorious Service Medal for standing by his radio almost continuously for eight days, keeping it in repair, and receiving valuable messages which aided in defense of his ship during the initial invasion at Anzio. Fireman Joseph M. Tatarewicz, of the SS Henry W. Longfellow, won the same award for courage and disregard of personal danger while fighting a fire on board his ship that menaced a load of high-octane gasoline.

U. S. Constabulary Forming

The U. S. Army's answer to the need for a mobile striking force in Germany is now rapidly forming under the Headquarters of the U. S. Constabulary at Bamberg, Germany.

With the inactivation of the Seventh Army, the only remaining major field command in Europe today is the Third Army of which the streamlined Constabulary is an integral part.

Maj. Gen. Ernest N. Harmon, veteran combat commander of the 1st and 2nd Armored Divisions and the XXII Corps, will lead the specially trained and equipped team of 38,000 officers and men in its tough task of maintaining general military and civil security.

To develop into the most mobile outfit in the U. S. Army, the Constabulary will employ light tanks, armored cars and jeeps, motorcycles, horses and liaison-type aircraft. Manning these vehicles and performing the other varied missions will be volunteers who desire clearly defined occupational duties, bolstered by carefully screened reinforcements.

Demanding definite standards of physique, education and background, the Constabulary will catch the finest caliber of soldier available.

Armor, Cavalry and Artillery

The nucleus of the new command is based around famous combat units such as Headquarters VI Corps, elements of the 1st and 4th Armored Divisions, the 2nd, 4th, 6th, 11th, 14th Cavalry Groups and Tank Destroyer and Anti-Aircraft Artillery organizations.

Until 1 July when the "Lightning Bolt"—as the Constabulary is becoming known throughout the Zone—swings into action, its activity will consist of training and organization. Because the unit's task will be the most delicately difficult any command has had since the war's end, troopers will be trained in a way that surpasses any previous military conditioning program. The nature of assignments makes it necessary that each trooper can function both individually and in a team in the dual role of soldier and special policeman.

Currently, classes of officers and men and being graduated from the Constabulary Instructors' School in Sontheofen, Germany.

Already operating under special tables of organization are the Constabulary Headquarters in Bamberg and the three brigades, and nine regiments, plus one separate squadron employed as school troops.

When the specialized outfit is slated to start functioning, it will tackle the problem of border patrolling, "search and seizure" operations, and zonal security patrols. Augmenting local agencies and the military police, it will work hand-in-hand with Counter Intelligence Corps, Criminal Investigation Division, and the German civil police.

Distinctive Uniform

Men now assigned have expressed a high degree of confidence in the plans and future of their soon to be high, fast moving unit. They will be distinctively

(Please turn to Next Page)

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U. S. Constabulary Forming

(Continued from Preceding Page)

dressed, on and off duty, in colorful but practical uniforms.

Smooth-surfaced combat boots; the Sam Browne leather belt—worn by enlisted men in a new fashion; a serge, olive drab blouse with matching trousers; helmet liners with insignia and colors for duty and service cap with visor off-duty, and a golden scarf are expected to make the Constabulary man the "sharpest dressed" GI in the Army today.

Except for medics and bandmen, every man who wears the Constabulary shoulder patch—a bright circular design of a blue "C" pierced by a lightning streak on a golden background—will be armed with a pistol as well as heavier weapons.

The motto of the crack corps, on which the War Department is evidently relying so heavily, is "Mobility, Vigilance, Justice."

The units which will comprise the U. S. Zone Constabulary, were announced by G-3, USFET. These units are as follows:

| Old Designation | New Designation |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| Hq. VI Corps | Hq. US Constab. |
| Hq. 4th Arm'd Div. | 1st Constab. Bgde. |
| Hq. and Hq. Co. CCA | |
| 4th Arm'd Div. | 2nd Constab. Bgde. |
| Hq. and Hq. Co. CCB | |
| 4th Arm'd Div. | |
| 11th Arm'd Group | 3rd Constab. Bgde. |
| 11th Arm'd Inf. Bn. | 1st Constab. Regt. |
| 6th Arm'd Inf. Bn. | 12 Constab. Sq. |
| 91st Arm'd FA Bn. | 91st Constab. Sq. |
| 2nd Cav. Gp. | 2nd Constab. Regt. |
| 2nd Cav. Sq. | 2nd Constab. Sq. |
| 42nd Cav. Sq. | 42 Constab. Sq. |
| 68th Arm'd FA Bn. | 68th Constab. Sq. |
| Hq. and Hq. Co. CCA | |
| 1st Arm'd Div. | 2nd Constab. Regt. |
| 37th Tank Bn. | 37th Constab. Sq. |
| 68th Arm'd FA Bn. | 68th Constab. Sq. |
| 81st Cav. Sq. | 81st Constab. Sq. |
| 4th Cav. Sq. | 4th Constab. Sq. |
| 24th Cav. Sq. | 24th Constab. Sq. |
| 6th TD Gp. | 5th Constab. Regt. |
| 8th Tank Bn. | 8th Constab. Sq. |
| 35th Tank Bn. | 35th Constab. Sq. |
| 474th AAA Bn. (Sp) | 74th Constab. Sq. |
| 6th Cav. Gp. | 6th Constab. Regt. |
| 6th Cav. Sq. | 6th Constab. Sq. |
| 28th Cav. Sq. | 28th Constab. Sq. |
| 33rd Arm'd Inf. Bn. | 53rd Constab. Sq. |
| 10th Arm'd Gp. | 10th Constab. Regt. |
| 13th Tank Bn. | 13 Constab. Sq. |
| 4th Tank Bn. | 72nd Constab. Sq. |
| 771st Tank Bn. | 71st Constab. Sq. |
| 11th Cav. Gp. | 11th Constab. Regt. |
| 25th Cav. Sq. | 25th Constab. Sq. |
| 4th Arm'd FA Bn. | 94th Constab. Sq. |
| 51st Arm'd Inf. Bn. | 51st Constab. Sq. |
| 14th Cav. Gp. | 14th Constab. Regt. |
| 10th Arm'd Inf. Bn. | 10th Constab. Sq. |
| 22nd Arm'd FA Bn. | 22nd Constab. Sq. |
| 27th Arm'd FA Bn. | 27th Constab. Sq. |
| 15th Cav. Gp. | 15th Constab. Regt. |
| 15th Cav. Sq. | 15th Constab. Sq. |
| 1st Tank Bn. | 1st Constab. Sq. |
| 14th Arm'd Inf. Bn. | 14th Constab. Sq. |
| 97th Sig. Bn. | 97th Constab. Sig. Sq. |
| 469th AAA Bn (Sp) | Constab. School Sq. |

In addition, the 16th Cavalry Group Headquarters, redesignated as the 16th Constabulary Squadron, will be stationed in Berlin and the 4th Cavalry Group, renamed the 4th Constabulary Regiment, will be in Austria.

Army Industrial College Course

The next course at the Army Industrial College begins 3 Sept. and will last for approximately 10 months.

Students selected for the course will be Regular Army officers of temporary rank of major or above. General efficiency rating of superior is required. Colonels or above must not have attained their 45th birthday, 40th in the case of majors and lieutenant colonels. Physical qualifications are general service and they must not become eligible for overseas service under the 2½-year rotation policy prior to graduation.

Army To Leave China

The Army's force in China will be returned to the United States, and their duties will be assumed by the Marine Corps under Navy control on 1 May, Lt. Gen. Albert C. Wedemeyer announced from Shanghai.

U. S. Army stay will end simultaneously with that of the Russians, who have announced that they intend to leave China by 30 April. Some Army personnel are expected to remain in China, but largely in an advisory capacity to the Chinese military leaders. The U. S. force will probably be the new Third Marine Brigade, soon to be returned to Navy control.

BUY U. S. SAVINGS BONDS

"Caste" Board Hears Witnesses

Lt. Gen. James H. Doolittle, chairman of the Secretary of War's six-member board which is examining officer-enlisted man relationships in the Army, announced 4 April that the board has completed the first phase of its duties—examination of witnesses. It is possible, however, that additional witnesses will be heard if it is deemed necessary.

General Doolittle declined to comment on the findings and probable conclusions of the board, whose final report will probably not reach the Secretary of War before 15 May.

"I feel," General Doolittle said, "that a great deal of good can come of the findings of the board, and sincerely hope that it does."

Forty witnesses have been examined, ranging from five-star general to private. Witnesses included 22 officers, 14 enlisted men, two correspondents, a Red Cross worker and a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. General Doolittle said that testimony ranged from "everything is all right" to "everything is all wrong." An officer, a chief petty officer and an enlisted man of the Navy have also testified at their own request.

Many letters are being received by the board and being given consideration.

The basis for discontinuing with the hearing of witnesses is, General Doolittle said, that it is felt all viewpoints have been expressed adequately and a mass of written and printed materials have been assembled and studied.

Should the board not arrive at unanimity of opinion a minority report will also be submitted, General Doolittle said.

Witnesses this week expressed the belief that enlisted service should be a prerequisite for officers, West Pointers, especially.

Rep. Plumley

Representative Plumley (R., Vt.), speaking in the House 3 April, said:

"During the period December 1941 through August 1945 approximately 10,400,000 served in the Army. Of this number some 970,000 served as officers. Let's examine this latter figure.

"To repeat, during the period December 1941 through August 1945, some 970,000 individuals served as officers in our Army out of a total of 10,400,000 who served in that Army.

"Of these, 18,000 were officers of the Regular Army—less than one in 50.

"Of these Regular Army officers, half were West Pointers—less than one in 100. Nine thousand West Pointers and 18,000 Regular Army officers altogether in an Army of more than 10 million men!

"What about the other 952,000 officers? If there's an 'Army caste' it must have included them, since there aren't enough regulars to count when totals are considered.

"It's a sad story. The 'caste' about which a minority of the GI's complain has been discovered after all. Over 62 per cent of the 'brass'! All in one big lump. All from a single source. Who are they? Ex-enlisted men! Every one of them!

"More privates became officers than in all of the previous wars of our whole history, and there was more opportunity for enlisted men to become officers than ever before in any Army—and to rise to higher grades.

"So this is the 'brass,' and this is the 'officer caste,' and this is the 'officer caste system' against which a very few inveigh, some of them inspired by insidious influences working under cover to stir distrust of the best Army that ever fought a war. Do not forget that! 'Had it not been for these enlisted men who became officers, and for the other men who left their homes and business or professions to enter the Army, we could not have fought a war.

"Generals Kreuger, Kenny, Hodges, McLain, Lear, Doolittle and others whose names stand high in the Army record of performance all started their Army careers as enlisted men. It is self-evident on the basis of these facts that the American Army is the most democratic in the world."

Gen. Stilwell

General Joseph W. Stilwell, commanding general of the Sixth Army, speaking before the San Francisco, Calif., Chamber of Commerce, said:

"You can't have discipline with undue fraternization between the men and the officers who have to give the orders."

"Don't let anybody tell you," General Stilwell continued, "the Army and Navy are not democratic. They are."

Army Mutual Aid

The Annual Meeting of the Army Mutual Aid Association will be held in Room 2067, Munitions Building, Constitution Avenue and 20th Street, Tuesday, 9 April

1946, at 11 A. M. All members are invited to attend.

AAF Training Devices

Through the use of synthetic training devices at least 524 lives, \$129,613,105 and 30,692,263 man-hours were saved in one year, according to a now de-classified report of a survey conducted by the AAF and independent research analysts.

The report recommended continuance and expansion of the synthetic trainer program to supplement use of operational equipment.

Rocket Development

A Joint Army-Navy research program is planned to continue the development of improved types of rocket propellants and their application for military purposes.

This is announced in a survey of U. S. rocket ordnance development and use in the war, released by the Joint Board on Scientific Information Policy. The weapons developed during the war were designed to meet operational needs arising from tactical and strategic situations, and both services expect them to be outmoded in time.

The Russians pioneered in the firing of antitank rockets from planes and in the use of massed banks of rockets for preassault barrages. These uses were diverted to new weapons, and rockets were put to use in such weapons as hedgehogs for anti-submarine warfare, the bazooka and tank warfare weapons, and in aircraft, both as armament and for take-offs.

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Merger Bill in Congress

The Senate Military Affairs Committee will begin discussions 9 April of a bill embodying President Truman's request for unification of the armed forces.

A three-man Senate subcommittee, aided by a representative from the Army and the Navy, has completed drafts of a bill considered "even broader in scope" than the President's request of December 1945, according to Chairman Elbert D. Thomas. Other members of the subcommittee were Senators Warren Austin and Lister Hill. Maj. Gen. Lauris Norstad and Rear Admiral Arthur Radford assisted this group. At a White House conference on 4 April, the Senators explained their bill to President Truman, who made no comment.

Queenstown Association

The first post-war dinner meeting of the Queenstown Association since 1941 will be held 17 May at the Harvard Club in New York.

Mr. Junius S. Morgan, secretary-treasurer, from offices at 23 Wall Street, New York City, is making arrangements for the dinner, but as a result of the war has lost contact with many members. Queenstown Association members are asked to communicate with him.

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Service Pay Raise

(Continued from Page 947)

Asked why the expenses of officers for food are larger when at sea and in the field, Kenney called attention to the fact that these officers have to pay for food there as well as for their families at home.

Representative Elson stated that in his opinion flight pay should be continued—(1) that the pay of civilians is often as high as \$1,500 a month, and that that amount of compensation would draw Army and Navy pilots into civilian service. (2) That the life expectancy of pilots is 12 years less than that of other officers. (3) When through flying they are not prepared to go into other types of civilian service.

Defends Flight Pay

Discussing extra pay for the hazard of flying, Secretary Patterson said:

"This study has approached the problem of extra pay for the hazards of flying from the statistical and analytical—not the emotional—viewpoint. It was determined that flying adversely affects the career of the flyer in various ways—physical and nervous strain, which results in frequent early retirements for physical disability; exposure to serious and often crippling accidents; a largely increased chance of accidental death, and a resulting shorter life expectancy; and a lesser expectancy of lifetime pay as a direct result of such a shorter life.

"It is not possible to measure, or to repay in money, the effect of most of these factors, though they are very real and serious. It is not on nervous strain, physical deterioration, or even on the loss of a large measure of life expectancy, that we base our belief that flying pay is justified and necessary. Such things cannot be assessed in terms of money, nor repaid to the career flyer by money payments. What can be measured in money is the fact that the average man's pay over the span of his career will be less if he chooses a flying career than if he chooses a non-flying career—due solely to the hazard of meeting death in an aircraft accident, which results in a shorter life expectancy.

"This actual out-of-pocket loss has been measured by normal and approved insurance methods, and has been determined to amount to 62.8% of the base pay (including longevity) of the average flyer. This figure compares directly with the 50% scale of flying pay in force at present. Now, if we assume, at least for purposes of legislation, that any one young officer looking forward to a career in the armed services is just as valuable to the country as any other, and therefore has a right to expect a career income and security for his family equal to any other's, then it is no more than just that the average flying officer's pay expectancy be sufficiently increased to bring it up into the same range as the non-flying officer's. Flying pay of 50% is no more than adequate to accomplish this, and I, therefore, believe it to be justified.

"In addition to being justified, I believe it is necessary—necessary to the maintenance of military and naval air services with high morale, high technical proficiency and high intelligence. The best of the young veterans who have helped to bring us such a magnificent air victory must be encouraged to stay in the service, if our air strength is to be maintained at workable efficiency. Yet these men are particularly exposed, at present, to tempting offers from business and industry. The mere discussions about reducing flying pay have already seriously unsettled some of these men, and caused them to re-appraise their outlook for a career in the Army or Navy, in comparison with their chances in private employment. I do not believe that the Army or Navy can afford to reduce the attractiveness and security of the career it offers them, at a time of such keen competition for high-quality men as the present.

Generals and Admirals

"If flying pay on the present scale is justified and necessary, there remains the question of its fair distribution over the span of an officer's career. Does the present scale pay the generals and admirals too much, and the lieutenants too little? I do not think so, and I favor retention of the present scale.

"I firmly believe that a large part of the brilliant effectiveness of our aviation in the war was due to the constant active participation of commanders in flying training, flying maneuvers and flying combat. I also believe it was a considerable liability to our enemies that they had no compulsion on their senior commanders to keep them flying. Much of the misapprehension and misapplication of air power from which Germany suffered was traceable to the fact that their air generals did not fly, and were not familiar with the real potentialities and proper use of their weapon. Senior American air officers have always flown actively, and will, I hope, continue. But they may not continue, knowing that they risk their equity in retirement and carrying heavier family responsibilities

as time goes on, if their present remuneration for it is impaired."

Col. Akers Testimony

Most of the details of the pay study were explained to the committee by Colonel Akers, an Infantry officer of the Regular Army who graduated from West Point in 1933 and who served with the Air Corps in 1933 and 1934.

Colonel Akers went thoroughly over the reasons which prompted the joint pay board to make its various recommendations. At each stage of his argument he displayed well prepared charts illustrating his points. In his testimony, Colonel Akers said:

Enlisted Pay

"Although the average percentage increase in base pay of enlisted men has risen 144%, a private or apprentice seaman with the maximum increase (233% over 1908) today receives only \$50.00 per month. This man is the hard core of our nation's defense. He is the man with the fighting heart who will man and operate not only the complicated machines of war as we know it today, but also the future weapons of an atomic age which are still on the drawing boards of science. As he advances in grade, his average pay, including food, hospitalization, clothing, and in fact everything we can possibly charge against him as pay except lodging (which was statistically impracticable to determine), amounts to only \$158.00 per month—the actual average take-home pay is but \$70.00 per month.

"Using the higher figure of \$158.00, however, we can compare the financial aspects of a career in the Army to that of industrial workers.

"In making our comparison between the pay of the average soldier and the average industrial worker, we wanted to pick out the type of industry most likely to draw a trained soldier from the services or interest a young man of the type the Army and Navy must have.

"We selected the three most likely to attract the skill and brawn of the type of man we need as the automotive industry, the oil industry, and the durable goods industry. From the Bureau of Labor and the Standard Oil Corporation, we found the average worker during 1945 was paid \$200.00 per month in durable goods manufacture, and \$286.00 per month if a refinery worker for Standard Oil. From the Ford Motor Company we learned that the average hourly rate worker today is being paid \$233.00 per month take-home pay for a 40-hour week, after weekly deductions of \$1.60 for old age pension and \$0.23 for union dues have been made. If we added in these deductions his pay becomes \$241.00 per month.

Volunteer Force

"A great deal has been said about the desirability of an all-volunteer defense force. This is certainly the American way, but the fact remains that under the present rates of pay we are experiencing difficulty in obtaining sufficient volunteers to take care of all our needs now, or as far as we can reasonably see into the future. Furthermore, of the volunteers we are getting many are not suitable to do all the tasks that are required of them. If the efficiency of our wartime Air Force, for example, is to be restored, mechanics must be trained from volunteers of the highest type. If we fail to recruit these men our rate of accidents will increase. In order to obtain more volunteers the services have been forced to lower standards rather than raise them.

"The services would like a purely volunteer defense force, but point out that if we are to recruit such a force purely from volunteers of the type and in the quantity required, enlisted pay must be raised sufficiently to permit us to more nearly compete with industry.

Officers' Pay

"To revert to officers for a moment, the committee noted that since 1908 officers' base pay has not changed except for the second lieutenant or ensign whose base pay of \$141.00 per month in 1908 has now risen to \$150.00 per month. If we take the married officers who are entitled to the maximum allowances for rent and rations, the average increase of combined pay and allowances since 1908 has been but 20 per cent against a rise in cost of living of 100 per cent. For bachelor officers and married officers provided government quarters the increase has been much less. For example, a major general living on an Army post in 1908 received \$667.00 per month. Today a major general under the same conditions receives the same \$667.00 per month plus two ration allowances or \$42.00—in other words, his gross income has increased 6 per cent while the cost of living has risen 100 per cent in the same period.

"The result has been to lower the living standards and thereby the prestige of our officer corps. During this period of transition from war to peace many of our ablest officers—both regular and reserve—are seriously considering the economic advantages of a civilian career. These are the men we need now, and they represent the type of officer we shall need in our post war services—whether they rise from the enlisted ranks or enter the services from our honor schools and service academies.

"We made a comparison between the maximum increase of pay and allowances of officers and those of comparable government executives since 1908. During this period Civil Service Commissioners have had a 150 per cent increase, Assistant Secretaries 118 per cent, Under Secretaries 100 per cent, the Secretary of State 88 per cent, Circuit Judges 79 per cent, District Judges 67 per cent, Associate Judges 60 per cent, and the Chief Justice 58 per cent. Officers' pay and allowances have increased but 20 per cent.

"We also compared the officers' increases with those of Civil Service employees. We had to start with 1923 because until Congress in that year fixed the salaries of the different grades, the head of each department was authorized to determine pay rates for his own department. While officers' pay and allowances during this period have risen but nine per cent, increases for Civil Service employees have amounted to 33 per cent. This does not, of course, include the additional 20 per cent increase recommended by the President and now under consideration by the Congress.

"With these comparisons in mind, what then is an officer's income today in dollar purchasing values compared to our starting point in 1908? As we go up the scale, each grade is progressively worse off with the senior officer able to buy only about 50 per cent of what he could in 1908.

Rental and Subsistence

"In considering allowances for rental and rations separately, the committee noted that increases have fallen far behind the actual cost of the services which these allowances were designed to provide. For example, a lieutenant general or vice admiral receives the same rental allowance today that he did in 1908—\$120.00 per month. Although a married second lieutenant or ensign has had his rental allowances increased from \$24.00 per month to \$80.00 per month, it is impossible for these officers today to provide adequate and appropriate living quarters for their families within their allowances.

"Since 1922 rental allowances for married officers from the grade of major or lieutenant commander and above have remained static except for a \$5.00 per month increase for majors. In the same period married captains were given a \$10.00 per month increase, first lieutenants \$15.00, and second lieutenants \$10.00. Rents have risen at a much more rapid pace.

"Likewise, food has increased to the point that a ration—a day's allowance for food set at a 70-cent value—is hardly sufficient for one meal a day.

"After careful consideration of the present pay and allowances of enlisted men and officers, the committee agreed unanimously to recommend an increase for all grades. For enlisted men such an increase is essential if we are to compete with industry for the quantity and caliber of men required to man our defense forces. For officers an increase is urgently needed to provide relief against a cost of living which has risen out of all proportion to officer pay increases. Such an increase is also urgently needed if we are to retain the best officers we now have, and continue to attract suitable officer material to the services.

"In arriving at its decision of the amount of increase to recommend, the committee felt that only a percentage increase will provide the same relative degree of relief for everyone. The American way has always been to reward greater work and responsibility by higher pay. Men who earn promotion should also earn a higher standard of living. If we are to maintain a proper difference in the purchasing power of the different grades—as recognized in the pay act of 1908—we cannot continue to increase the pay and allowances of junior grades and fail to provide relief for the upper grades.

"Therefore, the committee took cognizance of the increase of 20 per cent recommended for Civil Service employees, and the nationwide increases for industry which approximate this amount, and decided that although a greater increase is indicated, recommendations for the services should fall in line with national practice.

Pay For Hazards

"I have saved the question of additional pay for hazards until the last.

"Each type of hazard was studied separately by separate subcommittees. A Navy group went into submarine pay; the Army studied parachute and glider pay, and the Army Air Forces reinforced by the Navy's air representatives completed a most exhaustive study of flying pay which was endorsed by all the services operating military-type airplanes.

Submarine Pay

"Briefly, the different findings were as follows: Submarine duty produces extreme hardships and hazards. Casualties suffered in voluntary service of this type, together with the almost incomparable discomfort, require the extra compensation now authorized if we are to continue to expect officers and men to voluntarily serve in this most effective arm of our Navy's defense forces.

Parachute and Glider Pay

"As to parachute and glider pay, the additional monthly pay of \$50.00 for enlisted men and \$100.00 for officers is the minimum we feel should be offered if we are to continue to maintain this peace-time dangerous train-

ing. No matter how often he has jumped before, when a man moves up to take his jump position at the open door of a transport, he thinks of the hundred pounds of equipment hung about him, and—even if everything goes right—the terrific bump he is going to get on impact. Unless this man can feel that his additional hazard is recognized, and he is paid accordingly, he is very apt to feel that maybe he should be in some other service. I might add that only officers and men participating regularly in jump or glider operations are entitled to the extra pay.

Flight Pay

"For flying personnel, the Air Force is now able to produce conclusive statistics to show that during peacetime operation of military-type aircraft casualties resulting in death are so high that the actual life expectancy of pilot and crew is 12 years less than that of other personnel. We can expect this high rate of casualties to continue since the United States must maintain her present lead in military aviation. It is an interesting fact that although accidents in commercial aviation become a rarer occurrence as time goes on, the rate in military aviation remains about constant. This, of course, is due to the fact that a military airplane is built for maximum combat efficiency rather than maximum safety. Likewise in striving to develop newer and better planes, danger and achievement walk hand in hand. A pilot taking up an experimental aircraft, and a P-38 pilot laboring his take-off with extra belly tanks and a full load of bombs, are from the point of hazard not to be compared with the commercial airline pilot operating a plane which has proven its safety.

"In order to permit the average flyer who lives 12 years less than the average ground man to earn the same compensation for his career, or to provide the same security for his family after his death, as the ground force officer or enlisted man, it would be necessary to pay him 60 per cent more. The committee therefore recommends that the present 50 per cent scale be maintained, as being fully justified—particularly when it considered the importance of retaining the many keen and essential officers who have already been approached by commercial agencies and would undoubtedly leave the Air Forces if any cut were made in their present flying pay.

"The committee took stock of the effect on flying personnel caused by the recent agitation to lower flying pay. There is already evidence of a slight—but nevertheless dangerous and highly undesirable—lowering of morale. If the outstanding efficiency of our Air Forces is to be maintained there must be no question of a breakdown in morale, and if new men qualified to handle our future air strength are to continue to flow into the Air Forces, we must offer these men additional compensation for a hazardous career. We feel 50 per cent additional pay for all grades is entirely justified.

High Standards

"I can tell you, however, that the Air Forces are maintaining and will continue to maintain high proficiency standards by which a flyer earns the right to draw or continue to draw flying pay. These standards are necessarily high and all officers and men will be required to meet them.

"The study of flying pay brought forth one new consideration. Until the recent war it was held inadvisable to order military personnel not connected with the Air Corps to fly unless they volunteered for such duty. The war made that conception as outdated as the horse and buggy. Today it is necessary to order any man, whenever circumstances require it, to fly wherever and however our nation's business demands. When these men travel by commercial airlines they can buy trip insurance as any ordinary travelers, but when their orders read 'by military aircraft' only the government can protect them for the additional hazard of this type of travel—a hazard for which flying personnel are compensated.

Reserve and Nat. Gd.

"Likewise, our future Air Forces must depend for part of their strength on the maintenance of flying proficiency by Reserve and National Guard pilots. These men who will fly often, but receive little or no flying pay, should in simple justice have protection in case of fatal accidents.

"The committee therefore recommended that for both these groups provision be made to pay to their estates a \$10,000.00 gratuity in the event they die as a result of an accident while riding in a military airplane. This provision is also incorporated in the draft of the bill submitted to the Congress.

"To summarize briefly, after careful consideration of the tremendous rise in living costs, the very small increase in officers' pay and allowances since 1908, and the need for a further increase in enlisted pay if we are to compete with industry to obtain the quantity and quality of recruits needed for our postwar defense forces, the committee recommends a 20 per cent increase in pay and allowances for all grades. This recommended increase will in some measure compensate for the increased costs in living and is in line with similar increases now being granted throughout the country."